

H DE BALZAC

THE JEALOUSIES OF A COUNTRY. TOWN

(Les Revalités)

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Drawn and Field by IV Bucher

PREFACE

The two stones of Les Revalites are more closely con nected than it was always Balzac's habit to connect the tales which he united under a common heading. Not only are both devoted to the society of Alencon-a town and neighbourhood to which he had evidently strong, though it is not clearly known what, attractions-not only is the Chevalier de Valois a notable figure in each but the community, imparted by the elaborate study of the old neblesse in each case, is even greater than either of these ties could give. Indeed, if instead of Les Revalitis the author had chosen some label indicating the study of the noblesse que sen va. It might almost have been preferable. He did not, however; and though in a man who so constantly changed his titles and his arrangements the actual ones are not excessively authoritative, they have authority

La Vieille Fille, despite a certain tone of levity—which, to do Babae justice, is not common with him, and which is rather hard upon the poor heroine—is one of the best and liveliest things he ever did. The open ing picture of the Chevalier, though, like other things of its author's, especially in his overtures, liable to the charge of being elaborated a little too much, is one of

the very best things of its kind, and is a sort of locus classicus for its subject. The whole picture of country town society is about as good as it can be, and the only blot that I know is to be found in the sentimental Athanase, who was not quite within Balzac's province, extensive as that province is. If we compare Mr. Augustus Moddle, we shall see one of the not too numerous instances in which Dickens has a clear advantage over Balzac, and if it be retorted that Balzac's object was not to present a merely ridiculous object, the rejoinder is not very far to seek. Such a character, with such a fate as Balzac has assigned to him, must be either humorously grotesque or unfeignedly pathetic, and Balzac has not quite made Athanase either

He is, however, if he is a failure, about the only failure in the book, and he is atoned for by a whole bundle of successes Of the Chevalier, little more need be said Balzac, it must be remembered, was the oldest novelist of distinct genius who had the opportunity of delineating the survivors of the ancien régime from the life, and directly. It is certain even if we hesitate at believing him quite so familiar with all the classes of higher society from the Faubourg downwards, as he would have us believe him that he saw something of most of them, and his genius was unquestionably of the kind to which a mere thumbnail study, a mere passing view, suffices for the acquisition of a thorough working knowledge of the object. In this case the Chevalier has served, and not improperly served, as the original of a thousand after-studies His rival, less carefully projected, is also perhaps a little less alive. Again, Balzac was old enough to have forgathered with many men of

the Revolution But the most characteristic of them were not long lived, the 'little window' and other things having had a bad effect on them; and most of those who survived had, by the time he was old enough to take much notice, gone through metamorphoses of Bonapartium, Constitutional Liberalium, and what not. But still du Bousquier is alive, as well as all the minor assistants and spectators in the battle for the old maids hand. Suranne, that tactful and graceless Siwanne to whom we are introduced first of all, is very much alive, and for all her gracelessness, not at all disagreeable. I am only sorry that she sold the counterfeit presentment of the Princess Gontza after all.

Le Cabinet des Antiques, in its Alençon scenes, is 2 worthy pendant to La Fielle Fills The old-world honour of the Marquis d'Esgrignon, the thankless sacrifices of Armande, the price fides of Maître Chesnel, p escut pictures for which, out of Balzac, we can look only in Jules Sandeau, and which in Sandeau, though they are presented with a more poetical touch, have less masterly outline than here. One takes—or, at least, I take-less interest in the ignoble intrigues of the other side, except in so far as they menace the fortunes of a worthy house unworthily represented Victurnien d'Esgrignon, like his companion, Savinlen de Portendnère (who, however, is, in every expect, a very much better fellow), does not argue in Balzac any high opinion of the fils de famille. He is, in fact, an extremely feeble youth, who does not seem to have got much real satisfac tion out of the exception, for which he risked not merely his family's fortune, but his own honour, and who would scene to have been a rake, not from natural taste and

ce Prefa

t seemed to him to be the spirit and relish, but because 1 beginnings of the fortune proper thing to be. But the Camusots are admirably of the aspiring and intriguin (Laufrigneuse, that rather painted, and Madame de I, so frequently in Balzac, doubtful divinity, who appear with considerable effect. here acts the dea ex machinanerally do when Blondet, And we end well (as we ge_{an} once to adopt as mask, whom Balzac seems more thylimpse of Mile. Armande is the narrator), in the last lif her beauty, the ruins of left alone with the remains God.

everything dear to her and Citten at no long interval, These two stories were wr, Balzac did not at once yet, for some reason or otherst appeared in November unite them. La Vieille Fille f Presse, and was inserted and December 1836 in the Vie de Province It had next year in the Scenes de line second part did not three chapter divisions Tst instalment, under the appear all at once Its fire Chronique de Paris even general title, came out in thired in March 1836, the before the Vieille Fille appead (under the title of Les completion was not publisheautumn of 1838, when the Rivalités en Province) till the shicle There were eight Constitutionnel served as its vi The whole of the Cabinet chapter divisions in this latter (with Gambara to follow was published in book form ne changes here, and the it) in 1839 There were son the whole book in 1841 divisions were abolished when of the greatest mistakes entered the Comédie One ent, the organisers of the which, in my humble judgm their adoption of Balzac's édition définitive have made, is he pair and deletion of the never executed separation of trees excellent joint-title Les Rivali G'S

THE JEALOUSIES OF A COUNTRY TOWN

THE OLD MAID

To M Engine Auguste Georges Louis Midy de la Grenerage Surville, Civil Engineer of the Corps Royal, a token of affection from his brailer in law De Balzac

PLENTY of people must have come across at least one Chevalier de Valois in the provinces; there was one in Normandy, another was extant at Bourges, a third flourished at Alencon in the year 1816, and the South very likely possessed one of its own. But we are not here concerned with the numbering of the Valois tribe. Some of them, no doubt, were about as much of Valois as Louis xiv was a Bourbon; and every Chevalier was so slightly acquainted with the rest, that It was anything but politic to mention one of them when speaking to another , All of them, however, agreed to leave the Bourbons in perfect tranquillity on the throne of France, for it is a little too well proven that Henri IV succeeded to the crown in default of heirs male in the Orléans, otherwise the Valois branch; so that if any Valois exist at all, they must be descendants of Charles of Valois, Duke of Angoulême, and Marie Touchet; and even there the direct line was extinct (unless proof to the contrary is forthcoming) in the person of the Ahbé de Rothelin As for the Valois Saint-Remy, descended from Henri II, they likewise came to an end with the too famous Lamothe-Valois of the Diamond Necklace affair.

Every one of the Chevaliers, if information is correct, was, like the Chevalier of Alençon, an elderly noble, tall, lean, and without fortune. The Bourges Chevalier had emigrated, the Touraine Valois went into hiding during the Revolution, and the Alençon Chevalier was mixed up in the Vendean war, and implicated to some extent in Chouannerie. The last-named gentleman spent the most part of his youth in Paris, where, at the age of thirty, the Revolution broke in upon his career of conquests. Accepted as a true Valois by persons of the highest quality in his province, the Chevalier de Valois d'Alençon (like his namesakes) was remarkable for his fine manners, and had evidently been accustomed to move in the best society

He dined out every day, and played cards of an evening, and, thanks to one of his weaknesses, was regarded as a great wit, he had a habit of relating a host of anecdotes of the times of Louis Quinze, and those who heard his stories for the first time thought them passably well narrated. The Chevalier de Valois, moreover, had one virtue he refrained from repeating his own good sayings, and never alluded to his conquests, albeit his smiles and airs were delightfully indiscreet. The old gentleman took full advantage of the old-fashioned Voltairean noble's privilege of staying away from Mass, but his irreligion was very tenderly dealt with out of regard for his devotion to the Royalist cause.

One of his most remarked graces (Molé must have learned it of him) was his way of taking snuff from an old-fashioned snuff-box with a portrait of a lady on the lid. The Princess Goritza, a lovely Hungarian, had been famous for her beauty towards the end of the reign of Louis xv, and the Chevalier could never speak

without emotion of the foreign great lady whom he loved in his youth, for whom he had fought a duel with M. de Lauzun

But by this time the Chevaller had lived fifty-eight years, and if he owned to hut fifty of them, he might safely indulge himself in that harmless deceit. Thin, fair-complexioned men, among other privileges, retain that youthfulness of shape which in men, as in women, contributes as much as anything to stave off any appear ance of age. And, indeed, it is a fact that all the life, or rather, all the grace, which is the expression of life, lies in the figure Among the Chevalier's personal traits, mention must be made of the portentous nose with which Nature had endowed him It cut a pallid countenance sharply into two sections which seemed to have nothing to do with each other so much so, indeed, that only one-half of his face would flush with the exertion of digestion after dinner; all the glow being confined to the left side, a phenomenon worthy of note in times when physiology is so much occupied with the human heart M de Valois s health was not apparently rohust, judging hy his long thin legs, lean frame, and sallow complexion but he ate like an ogre, alleging, doubtless by way of excuse for his voracity, that he suffered from a complaint known in the provinces as a 'hot liver The flush on his left cheek confirmed the story; hut In a land where meals are developed on the lines of thirty or forty dishes, and last for four hours at a stretch, the Chevalier's abnormal appetite might well seem to be a special mark of the favour of Providence vouchsafed to the good town That flush on the left cheek, according to diverse medical authorities, is a sign of prodigality of heart; and, indeed, the Chevalier s past record of gallantry might seem to confirm a professional dictum for which the present chronicler (most for-tunately) is in nowise responsible. But in spite of these symptoms, M de Valois was of nervous temperament,

and in consequence long-lived, and if his liver was hot, to use the old-fashioned phrase, his heart was not a whit less inflammable. If there was a line worn here and there in his face, and a silver thread or so in his hair, an experienced eye would have discerned in these signs and tokens the stigmata of desire, the furrows traced by past pleasure. And, in fact, in his face, the unmistakable marks of the crow's foot and the serpent's tooth took the shape of the delicate wrinkles so prized at the court of Cytherea

Everything about the gallant Chevalier revealed the 'ladies' man' So minutely careful was he over his ablutions, that it was a pleasure to see his cheeks, they might have been brushed over with some miraculous water. That portion of his head which the hair refused to hide from view shone like ivory His eyebrows, like his hair, had a youthful look, so carefully was their growth trained and regulated by the comb. A naturally fair skin seemed to be yet further whitened by some mysterious preparation, and while the Chevalier never used scent, there was about him, as it were, a perfume of youth which enhanced the freshness of his looks His hands, that told of race, were as carefully kept as if they belonged to some coxcomb of the gentler sex, you could not help noticing those rose-pink neatly-trimmed finger-nails Indeed, but for his lordly superlative nose, the Chevalier would have looked like a doll

It takes some resolution to spoil this portrait with the admission of a foible, the Chevalier put cotton wool in his ears, and still continued to wear ear-rings two tiny negroes' heads set with brilliants. They were of admirable workmanship, it is true, and their owner was so far attached to the singular appendages, that he used to justify his fancy by saying 'that his sick headaches had left him since his ears were pierced'. He used to suffer from sick headaches. The Chevalier is not held up as a

flawless character; but even if an old bachelor's heart sends too much blood to his face, is he never therefore to be forgiven for his adorable absurdities? Perhaps (who knows?) there are sublime secrets bidden away beneath them And besides, the Chevalier de Valois made amends for his negroes' beads with such a variety of other and different charms, that society ought to have felt itself sufficiently compensated He really was at great pains to conceal his age and to make himself

agrecable.

First and foremost, witness the catterne care which he gave to his linen, the one distinction in dress which a gentleman may permit himself in modern days. The Chevaliers linen was invariably fine and white, as befitted a noble. His coat, though remarkably neat, was always somewhat worn, but spotless and uncreased The preservation of this garment bordered on the miraculous in the opinion of those who noticed the Chevalier's elegant indifference on this head not that he went so far as to scrape his clothes with broken glass (a refinement invented by the Prince of Wales), but he set himself to carry out the first principles of dress as laid down by Englishmen of the very highest and finest fashion, and this with a personal element of coxcombry which Alencon was scarcely capable of appreciating Does the world owe no esteem to those that take such pains for it? And what was all this labour but the fulfilment of that very hardest of sayings in the Gospel, which bids us return good for evil? The freshness of the toilet, the care for dress, suited well with the Chevalier's blue eyes, ivory teeth, and bland personality; still, the superannuated Adons had nothing masculine in bis appearance, and it would seem that be employed the illusion of the toilet to bide the ravages of other than military campaigns.

To tell the whole truth, the Chevalier had a voice singularly at variance with his delicate fairness. So full was it and sonorous, that you would have been startled by the sound of it unless, with certain observers of human nature, you held the theory that the voice was only what might be expected of such a none. With something less of volume than a giant double-bass, it was a full, pleasant baritone, reminding you of the hautboy among musical instruments, sweet and resistant, deep and rich

M. de Valois had discarded the absurd costume still worn by a few antiquated Royalists, and frankly modernised his dress. He always appeared in a marnon coat with gilt buttons, loosely-fitting breeches with gold buckles at the knees, a white sprigged waistcost, a tight stock, and a collarless shirt, this being a last vestige of eighteenth century costume, which its we irer was the less willing to relinquish because it enabled him to display a throat not unworthy of a lay abbé. Square gold buckles of a kind unknown to the present generation shone conspicuous upon his patent leather shoes Two watch chains hung in view in parallel lines from a couple of fobs, another survival of an eighteenth century mode which the incresable did not disdain to copy in the time of the Directory. This costume of a transition period, reuniting two centuries, was worn by the Chevalier with the grace of an old-world marquis, a grace lost to the French stage since Mold's last pupil, Fleury, retired from the boards and took his secret with hım

The old bachelor's private life, seemingly open to all eyes, was in reality inscrutable. He lived in a modest lodging (to say the least of it) up two pair of stairs in a house in the Rue du Cours, his landlady being the laundress most in request in Alençon-which fact explains the extreme elegance of the Chevalier's linen Ill luck was so to order it that Alençon one day could actually believe that he had not always conducted himself as befitted a man of his quality, and that in his old

age he privately married one Cesarine, the mother of an infant which had the impertinence to come without being called

'He gave his hand to her who for so long had lent her hand to iron his linen,' said a certain M du

Bousquier

The sensitive noble's last days were the more vexed hy this unpleasant scandal, because, as shall be shown in the course of this present Scene, he had already lost a long-cherished hope for which he had made many a sacrifice.

Mme Lardot s two rooms were let to M le Chevalier de Valois at the moderate rent of a hundred francs per annum The worthy gentleman dined out every night, and only came home to sleep; he was therefore at charges for nothing but his breakfast, which always consisted of a cup of chocolate with butter and fruit, according to the season. A fire was never lighted in his rooms except in the very coldest winters, and then only while he was dressing. Between the hours of eleven and four M. de Valois took his walks abroad, read the newspapers, and paid calls

When the Chevalier first settled in Alencon, he magnanimously owned that he had nothing but an annulty of six hundred livres paid in quarterly instal ments hy his old man of business, with whom the certi ficates were deposited. This was all that remained of his former wealth And every three months, in fact, a bariker in the town paid him a hundred and fifty francs remitted by one M. Bordin of Paris, the last of the procureurs du Chatelet These particulars everybody knew, for the Chevalier had taken care to ask his confidant to keep the matter a profound secret. He reaped the fruits of his misfortunes. A cover was laid for him in all the best houses in Alençon; he was asked to every evening party. His talents as a card player, a teller of anecdotes, a pleasant and well bred man of the world, were so thoroughly appreciated that an evening was spoiled if the connoisseur of the town was not present. The host and hostess and all the ladies present missed his little approving grimace. 'You are adorably well dressed,' from the old bachelor's lips, was sweeter to a young woman in a ballroom than the

sight of her rival's despair

There were certain old-world expressions which no one could pronounce so well. 'My heart,' 'my jewel,' 'my little love,' 'my queen,' and all the dear diminutives of the year 1770 took an irresistible charm from M de Valois's lips, in short, the privilege of superlatives was his His compliments, of which, moreover, he was chary, won him the goodwill of the elderly ladies, he flattered every one down to the officials of whom he had no need

He was so fine a gentleman at the card-table, that his behaviour would have marked him out anywhere. He never complained, when his opponents lost he praised their play, he never undertook the education of his partners by showing them what they ought to have done. If a nauseating discussion of this kind began while the cards were making, the Chevalier brought out his snuff-box with a gesture worthy of Molé, looked at the Princess Goritza's portrait, took off the lid in a stately manner, heaped up a pinch, rubbed it to a fine powder between finger and thumb, blew off the light particles, shaped a little cone in his hand, and by the time the cards were dealt he had replenished the cavities in his nostrils and replaced the Princess in his waistcoat pocket always to the left-hand side

None but a noble of the Gracious as distinguished from the Great Century could have invented such a compromise between a disdainful silence and an epigram which would have passed over the heads of his company. The Chevalier took dull minds as he found them, and knew how to turn them to account His irresistible

evenness of temper caused many a one to say, 'I admire the Chevalier de Valois!' Everything about him, his conversation and his manner, seemed in keeping with his mild appearance. He was careful to come into collision with no one, man or woman Indulgent with deformity as with defects of intellect, he listened patiently (with the help of the Prancess Gontza) to tales of the little woes of life in a country town; to anecdotes of the undercooked egg at breakfast, or the sour cream in the coffee; to small grotesque details of physical ailments; to tales of dreams and visitations and wakings with a start. The Chevalier was an exquisite hstener He had a languishing glance, a stock attitude to denote compassion; he put in his Ohs and Poohs and 'What-did you-dos? with charming appropriate ness. Till his dying day no one ever suspected that while these avalanches of nonsense lasted, the Chevalier in his own mind was rehearsing the warmest passages of an old romance, of which the Princess Goritza was the heroine. Has any one ever given a thought to the social uses of extinct sentiment?—or guessed in how many indirect ways love benefits humanity?

Possibly this listener's faculty sufficiently explains the Chevalier's popularity; he was always the spoiled child of the town, although he never quitted a drawing room without carrying off about five livres in his pocket Sometimes he lost; and he made the most of his losses, but it very seddom happened. All those who knew him say with one accord that never in any place have they met with sof agreeable a minimy, not even in the Egyptian miseum at Turin. Surely in no known country of the globe did parasite appear in such a benignant shape. Never did selfishness in its most conceutrated form show itself so inoffensive, so full of good offices as in this gentleman, the Chevalier's egoism was as good as another man's devoted friendship If any person went to ask M de Valos to do some

trifling service which the worthy Chevalier could not perform without inconvenience, that person never went away without conceiving a great liking for him, and departed fully convinced that the Chevalier could do nothing in the matter, or might do harm if he meddled with it

To explain this problematical existence the chronicler is bound to admit, while Truth that ruthless debauchee has caught him by the throat, that latterly after the three sad, glorious Days of July, Alençon discovered that M. de Valois's winnings at cards amounted to something like a hundred and fifty crowns every quarter, which amount the ingenious Chevalier intrepidly remitted to himself as an annuity, so that he might not appear to be without resources in a country with a great turn for practical details Plenty of his friends he was dead by that time, please to remark plenty of his friends denied this in toto, they maintained that the stories were fables and slanders set in circulation by the Liberal party, and that M de Valois was an honourable and worthy gentleman Luckily for clever gamblers, there will always be champions of this sort for them among the onlookers. Feeling ashamed to excuse wrongdoing, they stoutly deny that wrong has been done Do not accuse them of wrongheadedness, they have their own sense of self-respect, and the Government sets them an example of the virtue which consists in burying its dead by night without chanting a Te Deum over a defeat. And suppose that 'Mo de Valois permitted himself a neat stratagem that would have won Gramont's esteem, a smile from Baron de Fæneste, and a shake of the hand from the Marquis de Moncade, was he any the less the pleasant dinner guest, the wit, the

unvarying card-player, the charming retailer of anecdotes, the delight of Alençon? In what, moreover, does the action, lying, as it does, outside the laws of right and wrong, offend against the elegant code of a man of birth and hreeding? When so many people are obliged to give pensions to others, what more natural than of ones own accord to allow an annuity to ones own best friend? But Lauss is dead.

After some fifteen years of this kind of life, the Chevalier had amassed ten thousand and some odd hundred francs When the Bourboils returned, he said that an old friend of his, M le Marquis de Pomhreton, late a lieutenant in the Black Muskefeers, had returned a loan of twelve hundred pistoles with which he emi grated. The incident made a sensition. It was quoted afterwards as a set-off against droll stories in the Constitutionnel of the ways in which some emigres paid their debts. The poor Chevalier used to blush all over the right side of his face whenever this noble trait in the Marquis de Pombreton came up in conversation. At the time every one rejoiced with M de Valois; he used to consult capitalists as to the best way of investing this wreck of his former fortune; and, putting faith in the Restoration, invested it all in Government stock when the funds had fallen to fifty-six francs twenty five centimes MM de Lenoncourt, de Navarreins, de Verneuil, de Fontaine, and La Billardière, to whom he was known, had ohmined a pension of a hundred crowns for him from the privy purse, he said, and the Cross of St Louis. By what means the old Chevalier obtained the two solemn confirmations of his title and quality, no one ever knew, but this much is certain, the Cross of St. Louis gave him brevet rank as a colonel on a retiring pension by reason of his services with the Catholic army in the West.

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Besides the fiction of the annulty, to which no one gave a thought, the Chevalier was now actually possexed of a genuine locome of a thousand francs. But with this improvement in his circumstances he made no change in his life or manners; only—the red ribbon looked wondrous well on his maroon ceat; it was a

finishing touch, as it were, to this portrait of a gentleman. Ever since the year 1802 the Chevalier had sealed his letters with an ancient gold seal, engraved roughly enough, but not so badly but that the Castérans, d'Esgrignons, and Troisvilles might see that he bore the arms of France impaled with his own, to wit, France per pale, gules two bars gemelles, a cross of five mascles conjoined or, on a chief sable a cross pattee argent over all, with a knight's casquet for crest and the motto VALEO With these noble arms the so-called bastard Valois was entitled to ride in all the royal coaches in the world

Plenty of people envied the old bachelor his easy life, made up of boston, trictrac, reversis, whist, and piquet, of good play, dinners well digested, pinches of snuff gracefully taken, and quiet walks abroad Almost all Alençon thought that his existence was empty alike of ambitions and cares, but where is the man whose life is quite as

simple as they suppose who envy him?

In the remotest country village you shall find human molluscs, rotifers inanimate to all appearance, which cherish a passion for lepidoptera or conchology, and are at infinite pains to acquire some new butterfly, or a specimen of Concha Veneris And the Chevalier had not merely shells and butterflies of his own, he cherished an ambitious desire with a pertinacity and profound strategy worthy of a Sixtus v He meant to marry a rich old maid, in all probability because a wealthy marriage would be a stepping-stone to the high spheres of the Court. This was the secret of his royal bearing and prolonged abode in Alençon

Very early one Tuesday morning in the middle of spring in the year '16 (to use his own expression), the Chevalier was just slipping on his dressing-gown, an old-fashioned green silk damask of a flowered pattern, when, in spite of the cotton in his ears, he heard a girl's light footstep on the stairs. In another moment some

one tapped discreetly three times on the door, and then, without waiting for an answer, a very handsome damsel shoped like a snake into the old bachelor's apartment

Ah, Suzanne, is that you?' said the Chevalier de Valors, continuing to strop his razor 'What are you

here for, dear little jewel of mischief?

I have come to tell you something which perhaps will give you as much pleasure as annoyance

Is it something about Cesarine?

'Much I trouble myself about your Cesarine, pouted she, half careless, half in carnest

The charming Suzanne, whose escapade was to exercise so great an influence on the lives of all the principal characters in this story, was one of Mme. Lardot's laundry girls. And now for a few topographical detaik.

The whole ground floor of the house was given up to the laundry. The little yard was a drying ground where embroidered handkerchiefs, collarettes, muslin slips, cuffs, frilled shirts, cravats, laces, emhroidered petricoats, all the fine washing of the best houses in the town, in short, hung out along the lines of hair rope The Chevalier used to say that he was kept informed of the progress of the receiver general's wife's flirtations by the number of slips thus brought to light; and the amount of fulled shirts and cambric cravats varied directly with the petricoats and collarettes. By this system of double entry, as it were, he detected all the assignations in the town; but the Chevaller was always discreet, he never let fall an epigram that might have closed a house to him. And yet he was a witty talker ! For which coon you may be sure that M de Valois a manners were of the finest, while his talents, as so often happens, were thrown away upon a narrow circle Still, for he was only human after all, he sometimes could not resist the pleasure of a searching side glance which made women tremble, and nevertheless they liked him when they found out how profoundly discreet he was,

how full of sympathy for their pretty frailties

Mme Lardot's forewoman and factotum, an alarmingly ugly spinster of five-and-forty, occupied the rest of the second floor with the Chevalier Her door on the landing was exactly opposite his, and her apartment, like his own, consisted of two rooms, looking respectively upon the street and the vard Above. there was nothing but the attics where the linen was dried in winter Below lodged Mme Lardot's grandfather The old man, Grevin by name, had been a privateer in his time, and had served under Admiral Simeuse in the Indies, now he was paralysed and stone Mme Lardot herself occupied the rooms beneath her forewoman, and so great was her weakness for people of condition, that she might be said to be blind where the Chevalier was concerned In her eyes, M de Valois was an absolute monarch, a king that could do no wrong, even if one of her own work-girls had been said to be guilty of finding favour in his sight, she

would have said, 'He is so amiable!'
And so, if M. de Valois, like most people in the provinces, lived in a glass house, it was secret as a robber's cave so far as he at least was concerned born confidant of the little intrigues of the laundry, he never passed the door which almost always stood ajar

without bringing something for his pets chocolate, bonbons, ribbons, laces, a gilt cross, and the jokes that grisettes love Wherefore the little girls adored the Chevalier Women can tell by instinct whether a man is attracted to anything that wears a petticoat, they know at once the kind of man who enjoys the mere sense of their presence, who never thinks of making blundering demands of repayment for his gallantry this respect womankind has a canine faculty, a dog in any company goes straight to the man who respects animals. The Chevalier de Valois in his poverty preserved something of his former life; he was as unable to live without some fair one under his protection as any grand singuary of 2 hygone age. He clung to the traditions of the petite maties. He loved to give to women, and women alone can receive gracefully, perhaps because it is always in their power to repay

In these days, when every lad on leaving school tries his hand at uncarthing symbols or sifting legends, is it not extraordinary that no one has explained that por tent, the Courtesan of the Eighteenth Century. What was she hut the tournament of the Sixteenth in another shape? In 1750 the knights displayed their prowess for their ladies; in 1750 they displayed their mistresses at Longchamps to-day they run their horses over the course. The noble of every age has done his best to invent a life which he, and he only, can live. The painted shoes of the Fourteenth Century are the takins rings of the Eighteenth; the parade of a mistress was one fashion in ostentiation; the sentiment of chivalry and the knight errant was another.

The Chevalier de Valois could no longer runn himself for a mistress, so for bonbons wrapped in bank bills he politely offered a bag of genuine cracknels; and to the credit of Alençon, be it said, the cracknels caused far more pleasure to the recipients than M. d Artois s presents of carriages or silver gilt toilet sets ever gave to the fur Duthé. There was not a girl in the laundry hut recognised the Chevalier's fallen greatness, and kept his

familiarities in the house a profound secret.

In answer to questions, they always spoke gravely of the Chevalier de Valois; they watched over him. For others he became a venerable gentleman, his life was a flower of sanctity. But at home they would have lighted on his shoulders like paroquets.

The Chevaller liked to know the intimate aspects of family life which laundresses learn; they used to go up to his room of a morning to retail the gossip of the

town, he called them his 'gazettes in petticoats,' his 'living feuilletons' M Sartine himself had not such intelligent spies at so cheap a rate, nor yet so loyal in their rascality. Remark, moreover, that the Chevalier thoroughly enjoyed his breakfasts.

Suzanne was one of his favourites A clever and ambitious girl with the stuff of a Sophie Arnould in her, she was besides as beautiful as the loveliest courtesan that Titian ever prayed to pose against a background of dark velvet as a model for his Venus Her forchead and all the upper part of her face about the eyes were delicately moulded, but the contours of the lower half were cast in a commoner mould. Hers was the beauty of a Normande, fresh, plump, and brilliant-complexioned, with that Rubens fleshiness which should be combined with the muscular development of a Farnese Hercules. This was no Venus dei Medici, the graceful feminine counterpart of Apollo

'Well, child,' said the Chevalier, 'tell me your

adventures little or big'

The Chevalier's fatherly benignity with these grisettes would have marked him out anywhere between Paris and Pekin The girls put him in mind of the courtesans of another age, of the illustrious queens of opera of European fame during a good third of the eighteenth century. Certain it is that he who had lived for so long in a world of women now as dead and forgotten as the Jesuits, the buccaneers, the abbés, and the farmersgeneral, and all great things generally certain it is that the Chevalier had acquired an irresistible good humour, a gracious ease, an unconcern, with no trace of egoism discernible in it So might Jupiter have appeared to Alcmena a king that chooses to be a woman's dupe, and flings majesty and its thunderbolts to the winds, that he may squander Olympus in follies, and 'little suppers,' and feminine extravagance, wishful, of all things, to be far enough away from Juno

The room in which the Chevalier received company was bare enough, with its shabby bit of tapestry to do duty as a carpet, and very dirty, old fashioned easy chairs the walls were covered with a cheap paper, on which the countenances of Louis xvi and his family, framed in weeping willow, appeared at intervals among funeral urns, bearing the sublime testament by way of inscription, amid a whole host of sentimental emblems invented by Royalism under the Terror but in spite of all this, in spite of the old flowered breen silk dressing gown, in spite of its owners air of dilapidation, a certain fragrance of the eighteenth century clung about the Chevalier de Valois as he shaved himself before the old fashioned toilet glass, covered with cheap lace. All the graceless graces of his youth seemed to reappear; he might have had three hundred thousand francs' worth of debts to his name, and a chariot at his door. He looked a great man, great as Berthier in the Retreat from Moscow issuing the order of the day to battalions which were no more.

'M le Chevalier, Suzanne replied archly, 'it seems to me that I have nothing to tell you—you have only to look!

So saying, she turned and stood sidewise to prove her words by ocular demonstration; and the Chevalier, deep old gentleman, still bolding his razor across his chin, cast his right eye downwards upon the damsel, and pre tended to understand

Very good, my little pet, we will have a little talk together presently

But you come first, it seems to me.

But, M. le Chevalier am I to wait till my mother beats me and Mme Lardot turns me away? If I do not go to Paris at once, I shall never get married here, where the men are so ridiculous

'These things cannot be helped, child! Society changes, and women suffer just as much as the nobles

from the shocking confusion which ensues. Topsyturvydom in politics ends in topsy-turvy manners Alas! woman soon will cease to be woman? (here he took the cotton wool out of his ears to continue his toilet). 'Women will lose a great deal by plunging into sentiment, they will torture their nerves, and there will be an end of the good old ways of our time, when a little pleasure was desired without blushes, and accepted without more ado, and the vapours' (he polished the earrings with the negroes' heads) 'the vapours were only known as a means of getting one's way, before long they will take the proportions of a complaint only to be cured by an infusion of orange-blossoms.' (The Chevalier burst out laughing) 'Marriage, in short,' he resumed, taking a pair of tweezers to pluck out a grey hair, 'marriage will come to be a very dull institution indeed, and it was so joyous in my time The reign of Louis Quatorze and Louis Quinze, bear this in mind, my child, saw the last of the finest manners in the world'

'But, M le Chevalier,' urged the girl, 'it is your little Suzanne's character and reputation that is at stake, and you are not going to forsake her, I hope!'

'What is all this?' cried the Chevalier, with a finishing touch to his hair, 'I would sooner lose my

name 1'

'Ah!' said Suzanne.

'Listen to me, little masquerader' He sat down in a large, low chair, a duchesse, as it used to be called, which Mme Lardot had picked up somewhere for her lodger Then he drew the magnificent Suzanne to him till she stood between his knees, and Suzanne submitted Suzanne who held her head so high in the streets, and had refused a score of overtures from admirers in Alencon, not so much from self-respect as in disdain of their pettiness Suzanne so brazenly made the most of the supposed consequences of her errors, that the old sinner, who had

fathomed so many mysteries in persons far more astute than Suzanne, saw the real state of affairs at once. He knew well enough that a grisette does not laugh when disgrace is really in question, but he scorned to throw down the scaffolding of an engaging fib with a touch

"We are slandering ourselves, said he, and there was an inimitable subtlety in his smile " 'We are as well conducted as the fair one whose name we bear; we can marry without fear. But we do not want to segetate here we long for Paris, where charming creatures can be rich If they are clever, and we are not a fool. So we should like to find out whether the City of Pleasure has young Chevaliers de Valois in store for us, and a carriage and diamonds and an opera box. There are Russians and English and Austrians that are bringing millions to spend in Paris, and some of that money mamma settled on us as a marriage portion when she gave us our good looks. And besides, we are patriotic; we should like to help France to find her own money in these gentlemen's pockets. Ehl chl my dear little devil's lamb, all this is not bad The neighbours will cry out upon you a little at first perhaps, but success will make everything right. The real crime, my child, is poverty; and you and I both suffer for it. As we are not lacking in intelligence, we thought we might turn our dear little reputation to account to take in an old bachelor, but the old bachelor. sweetheart, knows the alpha and omega of woman's wiles; which is to say, that you would find it easier to put a grain of salt upon a sparrow's tail than to persuade me to believe that I have had any share in your affair

Go to Paris, my child, go at the expense of a bache lor s vanity; I am not going to binder you, I will help you, for the old bacheior, Suzanne, is the cash box provided by nature for a young girl But do not thrust me into the affair Now, listen, my queen, understand ing life so well as you do—you see, you might do me a good deal of harm and give me trouble harm, because

you might spoil my marriage in a place where people are so particular, trouble on your account, because you will get yourself in a scrape for nothing, a scrape entirely of your own invention, sly girl, and you know, my pet, that I have no money left, I am as poor as a church mouse Ah! if I were to marry Mlle. Cormon, if I were rich again, I would certainly rather have you than Césarine You were always fine gold enough to gild lead, it seemed to me, you were made to be a great lord's love, and as I knew you were a clever girl, I am not at all surprised by this trick of yours, I expected as much For a girl, this means that you burn your It is no common mind, my angel, that can do it, and for that reason you have my esteem,' and he bestowed confirmation upon her cheek after the manner of a bishop, with two fingers

'But, M le Chevalier, I do assure you that you are mistaken, and— 'she blushed, and dared not finish her sentence, at a glance he had seen through her, and

read her plans from beginning to end.

'Yes, I understand, you wish me to believe you Very well, I believe But take my advice and go to M du Bousquier You have taken M. du Bousquier's linen home from the wash for five or six months, have you not? Very good. I do not ask to know what has happened between you, but I know him, he is vain, he is an old bachelor, he is very rich, he has an income of two thousand five hundred livres, and spends less than eight hundred If you are the clever girl that I take you for, you will find your way to Paris at his expense Go to him, my pet, twist him round your fingers, and of all things, be supple as silk, and make a double twist and a knot at every word, he is just the man to be afraid of a scandal, and if he knows that you can make him sit on the stool of repentance În short, you understand, threaten to apply to the ladies of the charitable fund He is ambitious besides Well and good, with

a wife to help him there should be nothing beyond a mans reach; and are you not handsome enough and clever enough to make your husband s fortune? Why, plague take it, you might hold your own with a court lady

The Chevalier s last words let the light into Suzanne s brain she was burning with impatience to rush off to du Bousquier hut as she could not hurry away too shruptly, she helped the Chevalier to dress, asking questions about Paris as she did so As for the Chevalier, he saw that his remarks had taken effect, and gave Suzanne an excuse to go, asking her to tell Céranne to bring up the chocolate that Mme. Lardot made for him every morning, and Suzanne forthwith slipped off in

search of her prey

And here follows du Bousquier s hiography -He came of an old Alencon family in a middle rank between the hurghers and the country squires. On the death of his father, a magistrate in the criminal court, he was left without resource, and, like most ruined provincials, betook himself to Paris to seek his fortune. When the Revolution broke out, du Bousquier was a man of affairs ; and in those days (in spite of the Republicans who are all up in arms for the honesty of their government) the word faffairs was used very loosely Political spies, johbers, and contractors, the men who arranged with the syndics of communes for the sale of the property of imigres, and then bought up land at low prices to sell again,-all these folk, like ministers and generals, were men of affairs.

From 1793 to 1799 du Bousquier held contracts to supply the army with forage and provisions. During those years he lived in a splendid mannion he was one of the great capitalists of the time he went shares with Ouvrard kept open house and led the scandalous life of the times. A Cincinnatus, resping where he had not sowed, and rich with stolen rations and cles of corn, he kept petites maisons and a bevy of mistresses, and gave fine entertainments to the directors of the Republic. Citizen du Bousquier was one of Barras's intimates, he was on the best of terms with Fouché, and hand and glove with Bernadotte. He thought to be a Minister of State one day, and threw himself heart and soul into the party that secfetly plotted against Bonaparte before the battle of Marengo And but for Kellermann's charge and the death of Desaix, du Bousquier would have played a great part in the state He was one of the upper members of the permanent staff of the promiscuous government which was driven by Napoleon's luck to vanish into the side-scenes of 1793 1

The victory unexpectedly won by stubborn fighting ended in the downfall of this party, they had placards ready printed, and were only waiting for the First Consul's defeat to proclaim a return to the principles of

the Mountain.

Du Bousquier, feeling convinced that a victory was impossible, had two special messengers on the battlefield, and speculated with the larger part of his fortune for a fall in the funds The first courier came with the news that Mélas was victorious, but the second arriving four hours afterwards, at night, brought the tidings of the Austrian defeat Du Bousquier cursed Kellermann and Desaix; the First Consul owed him millions, he dared not curse him But between the chance of making millions on the one hand, and stark ruin on the other, he lost his head For several days he was half idiotic; he had undermined his constitution with excesses to such an extent that the thunderbolt left him helpless He had something to hope from the settlement of his claims upon the Government, but in spite of bribes, he was made to feel the weight of Napoleon's displeasure against army contractors who speculated on his defeat M de Fermon, so pleasantly nicknamed Fermons la

cause, left du Bousquier withont a penny. The First Consul was even more incensed by the immorality of his private life and his connection with Barras and Ber nadotte than by his speculations on the Bourse; he erased M du Bousquier's name from the list of Receivers-general, on which a last remnant of credit

had placed him for Alencon

Of all his former wealth, nothing now remained to du Bousquier save an income of twelve hundred francs from the funds, an investment entirely due to chance, which saved him from actual want. His creditors, knowing nothing of the results of his liquidation, only left him enough in consols to bring in a thousand francs per annum; but their claims were paid in full after all, when the outstanding debts had been collected, and the Hôtel de Beauseant, du Bousquier's town house, sold besides. So, after a close shave of bankruptcy, the sometime speculator emerged with his name intact. Preceded by a tremendous reputation due to his relations with former heads of government departments, his manner of life, his brief day of authority, and final ruin through the First Consul, the man interested the city Alencon, where Royalism was secretly predominant. Du Bousquier, exasperated against Bonaparte, with his tales of the First Consul's pettiness, of Josephine's lax morals, and a whole store of anecdotes of ten years of Revolution, seen from within, met with a good reception

It was about this period of his life that du Bousquier, now well over his fortieth year, came out as a bachelor of thirty six. He was of medium height, fat as became a contractor, and willing to display a pair of calves that would have done credit to a gay and gallant attorney. He had strongly marked features; a flattened nose with tufts of hair in the equine nostrils; hushy black hrows, and eyes beneath them that looked out shrewd as M. de Talleyrand sown, though they had lost something of their hightness. He wore his hrown hair very long and

retained the side-whiskers (nageones, as they were called) of the time of the Republic. You had only to look at his fingers, tufted at every joint, or at the blue knotted veins that stood out upon his hands, to see the unmistakable signs of a very remarkable muscular development, and, in truth, he had the chest of the Farnese Hercules, and shoulders fit to, bear the burden of the national debt, you never see such shoulders nowadays. His was a luxuriant virility admirably described by an eighteenth century phrase which is scarcely intelligible to-day, the gallantry of a bygone age would have summed up du Bousquier as a 'payer of arrears' un vrai payeur d'arrèrages.

Yet, as in the case of the Chevalier de Valois, there were sundry indications at variance with the ex-contractor's general appearance. His vocal powers, for instance, were not in keeping with his muscles, not that it was the mere thread of a voice which sometimes issues from the throats of such two-footed seals, on the contrary, it was loud but husky, something like the sound of a saw cutting through damp, soft wood, it was, in fact, the voice of a speculator brought to grief. For a long while du Bousquier wore the costume in vogue in the days of his glory—the boots with turned-down tops, the white silk stockings, the short cloth breeches, ribbed with cinnamon colour, the blue coat, the waistcoat à la Robespierre—

His hatred of the First Consul should have been a sort of passport into the best Royalist houses of Alençon, but the seven or eight families that made up the local Faubourg Saint-Germain into which the Chevalier de Valois had the entrance, held aloof Almost from the first, du Bousquier had aspired to marry one Mile. Armande, whose brother was one of the most esteemed nobles of the town, he thought to make this brother play a great part in his own schemes, for he was dreaming of a brilliant return match in politics. He met with

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a refusal, for which he consoled himself with such compensation as he might find among some half scote of retired manufacturers of Print of fencia, owners of grass lands or cattle, or wholesale linen nicrehants, thinking that among these chance might put a good match in his way. Indeed, the old bachelor had centred all his hopes on a prospective fortunate marriage which a man, eligible in so many ways, might fairly expect to make For he was not without a certain financial acumen, of which not a few availed themselves pointed out business speculations as a ruined pambler gives hints to new hands; and he was expert at discovering the resources, chances, and management of a People looked upon him as a g sid adminis It was an often discussed quettion whether he should not be mayor of Alencon, but the tecollection of his Republican jobberies spoiled his chances and he was never received at the prefectute

Every successive government, even the povernment of the Hundred Days, declined to give him the coveted appointment which would have assured his marriage with an elderly spinster whom he now had in his mind. It was his detestation of the Imperial Government that drove him into the Royalist eamp, where he stayed in spite of Insults there received; but when the Bourbons returned, and still he was ecluded from the prefecture, that final rebuff filled him with a hatted deep as the profound secreey in which he wrapped it. Outwardly, he remained patiently faithful to his opinions; secretly, he became the leader of the Liberal party in Alençon, the Invisible controller of elections; and, by his cunningly devised manucures and underhand methods, he worked no little harm to the restored Monarchy.

When a man is reduced to live through his intellect alone, his hatted is something as quiet as a little stream; insignificant to all appearance, but unfalling This was the case with du Bousquier His hatted was like a negro's, so placid, so patient, that it deceives the enemy. For fifteen years he brooded over a revenge which no victory, not even the Three Days of July 1830, could sate

When the Chevalier sent Suzanne to du Bousquier, he had his own reasons for so doing The Liberal and the Royalist divined each other, in spite of the skilful dissimulation which hid their common aim from the rest of the town

The two old bachelors were rivals. Both of them had planned to marry the Demoiselle Cormon, whose name came up in the course of the Chevalier's conversation with Suzanne Both of them, engrossed by their idea, and masquerading in indifference, were waiting for the moment when some chance should deliver the old maid to one or other of them. And the fact that they were rivals in this way would have been enough to make enemies of the pair even if each had not been the living embodiment of a political system.

Men take their colour from their time This pair of rivals is a case in point, the historic tinge of their characters stood out in strong contrast in their talk, their ideas, their costume. The one, blunt and energetic, with his burly abrupt ways, curt speech, dark looks, dark hair, and dark complexion, alarming in appearance, but impotent in reality as insurrection, was the Republic personified, the other, bland and polished, elegant and fastidious, gaining his ends slowly but surely by diplomacy, and never unmindful of good taste, was the typical old-world courtier. They met on the same ground almost every evening. It was a rivalry always courteous and urbane on the part of the Chevalier, less ceremonious on du Bousquier's, though he kept within the limits pre-scribed by Alençon, for he had no wish to be driven ignominiously from the field. The two men understood each other well, but no one else saw what was going In spite of the minute and curious interest which

provincials take in the small details of which their lives are made op, no one so much as suspected that the two men were rivals

M. le Chevalier's position was somewhat the stronger; be had never proposed for Mille Cormon, whereas du Bousquier had declared himself after a rebuff from one of the nohlest families, and had finet with a second refusal. Still, the Chevalier thought so well of his rival's chances, that he considered it worth while to deal him a comp de Jarnac, a treacherous thrust from a weapon as finely tempered as Suzanne. He had fathomed du Bousquier and, as will shortly be seen, he was not mistaken in any of his conjectures

Suzanne empped away down the Rue du Cours, along the Rue de la Porte de Scez and the Rue du Berezil to the Roe du Cygne, where du Bousquier, five years ago, had bought a small countrified house built of the grey stone of the district, which is used like granite in Normandy, or Breton schist in the West The some time forage-contractor had established himself there in more comfort than any other house in the town could boast, for he had brought with him some relies of past days of splendour but proviocial manners and customs were slowly darkening the glory of the fallen Sardanapalus The vestiges of past luxury looked about as much out of place in the house as a chandelier in a harn Harmony, which links the works of man or of God together, was lacking in all things large or small A ewer with a metal lid, such as you only see on the outskirts of Brittany, stood on a handsome chest of drawers and while the bedroom floor was covered with a fine carpet, the window-curtains displayed a flower pattern only known to cheap printed cottoos. The stone mantelpiece, daubed over with paint, was out of ail keeping with a handsome clock disgraced by a shabby pair of candlesticks. Local talent had made an unsuccessful attempt to paint the doors in vivid contrasts of startling colours, while the staircase, ascended by all and sundry in muddy boots, had not been painted at all In short, du Bousquier's house, like the time which he represented, was a confused mixture of grandeur and

squalor

Du Bousquier was regarded as well-to-do, but he led the parasitical life of the Chevalier de Valois, and he is always rich enough that spends less than his His one servant was a country bumpkin, a dull-witted youth enough, but he had been trained, by slow degrees, to suit du Bousquier's requirements, until he had learned, much as an ourang-outang might learn, to scour floors, black boots, brush clothes, and to come for his master of an evening with a lantern if it was dark, and a pair of sabots if it rained On great occasions, du Bousquier made him discard the blue-checked cotton blouse with loose sagging pockets behind, which always bulged with a handkerchief, a clasp knife, apples, or 'stickjaw' Arrayed in a regulation suit of clothes, he accompanied his master to wait at table, and over-ate himself afterwards with the other servants Like many other mortals, René had only stuff enough in him for one vice, and his was gluttony Du Bousquier made a reward of this service, and in return his Breton factotum was absolutely discreet

'What, have you come our way, miss?' René asked when he saw Suzanne in the doorway 'It is not your day, we have not got any linen for Mme Lardot'

'Big stupid!' laughed the fair Suzanne, as she went up the stairs, leaving René to finish a porringer full of buckwheat bannocks boiled in milk

Du Bousquier was still in bed, ruminating his plans for fortune To him, as to all who have squeezed the orange of pleasure, there was nothing left but ambition Ambition, like gambling, is inexhaustible And, moreover, given a good constitution, the passions of the brain

will always outlive the heart's passions

'Here I am! said Suzanne, sitting down on the bed
the curtain rings grated along the rods as she swept

them sharply hack with an imperious gesture "Quisac, my charmer?" asked du flousquier, sitting

upright

'Monsieur,' Suzanne began, with much gravity, 'you must be surprised to see me come in this way; but, under the circumstances, it is no use my minding what people will say

'What is all this about? asked du Bousquier, folding

his arms.

(1Wh), do you not understand? returned Suzanne (1 know) (with an engaging little pout), 'I know how ridiculous it is when a poor girl comes to bother a man about things that you think mere trifles. But if you really knew me, monsieur, if you only knew all that I would do for a man, if he cared about me as I could care about you, you would never repent of marrying me. It is not that I could be of so much use to you here, by the way, but If we went to Paris, you should see how far I could hring a man of spirit with such brains as yours, and especially just now, when they are re making the Government from top to bottom, and the foreigners are the masters. Between ourselves, does this thing in question really matter after all? Is it not a piece of good fortune for which you would be glad to pay a good deal one of these days? For whom are you going to think and work?'

'For myself, to be sure! du Bousquier answered

brutally

Old monster! you shall never be a father i said Suzanne, with a ring in her voice which turned the words to a prophecy and a curse.

Come, Suzanne, no nonsense; I am dreaming still,

I think,

What more do you want in the way of reality? cried Suzanne, rising to her feet Du Bousquier scrubbed his head with his cotton nightcap, which he twisted round and round with a fidgety energy that told plainly of prodigious mental ferment

'He actually believes it 1' Suzanne said within herself And his vanity is tickled Good Lord, how easy it is

to take them in 1,

'Suzanne! What the deuce do you want me to do? It is so extraordinary . I that thought But no, no, it can't be fact is

Do you mean that you cannot marry me?

'Oh, as to that, no. I am not free'

'Is it Mlle Armande or Mlle. Cormon, who have both refused you already? Look here, M du Bousquier, it is not as if I was obliged to get gendarmes to drag you to the registrar's office to save my character There are plenty that would marry me, but I have no intention whatever of taking a man that does not know my value You may be sorry some of these days that you behaved like this, for if you will not take your chance to-day, not for gold, nor silver, nor anything in this world will I give it you again.

'But, Suzanne are you sure

'Sir, for what do you take me?' asked the girl, draping herself in her virtue 'I am not going to put you in mind of the promises you made, promises that have been the ruin of a poor girl, when all her fault was that

she looked too high and loved too much'

But joy, suspicion, self-interest, and a host of contending emotions had taken possession of du Bousquier. For a long time past he had made up his mind that he would marry Mlle. Cormon, for after long ruminations over the Charter, he saw that it opened up magnificent prospects to his ambition through the channels of a representative government His marriage with that mature spinster would raise his social position very much; he would acquire great influence in Alencon And here this wily Suzanne had conjured up a storm, which put him in a most awkward dilemma. But for that private hope of his, he would have married Suzanne out of hand, and put himself openly at the head of the Liberal party in the town Such a marriage meant the final renunciation of the best sociely, and a drop into the ranks of the wealthy tradesmen shopkeepers, rich manufacturers, and graziers who, beyond a doubt, would carry him as their candidate in triumph. Already du Bousquier caught a glimpse of the Opposition benches. He did not attempt to hide his solemn deliberations; he ruhbed his hand over his head, made a wisp of the cotton nightcap, and a damaging confession of the nudity beneath it. As for Suzanne, after the wont of those who succeed beyond their utmost hopes, she sat dumbfounded To hide her amazement at his behaviour, she drooped like a hapless victim before her seducer, while within herself she laughed like a grisette on a frolic.

'My dear child, I will have nothing to do with

hanky panky of this sort.

This brief formula was the result of his cogitations. The ex-contractor to the Government prided himself upon belonging to that particular school of cynic philosophers which declines to be 'taken in by women, and includes the whole sex in one category as supplicious characters. Strong minded men of this stamp weaklings are they for the most part, have a catechism of their own in the matter of womankind Every woman, according to them, from the Queen of France to the millimer, is at heart a rake, a husty a dangerous creature, not to say a hit of a rascal, a liar in grain, a being incapable of a serious thought. For du Bousquier and his like, woman is a maleficent bepadire that must be left to dance, and sing, and laugh They see nothing holy, nothing great in woman; for them she represents, not the poetry of the senses, but gross sensu

ality They are like gluttons who should mistake the kitchen for the dining-room On this showing, a man must be a consistent tyrant, unless he means to be enslaved And in this respect, again, du Bousquier and the Chevalier de Valois stood at opposite poles

As he delivered himself of the above remark, he flung his nightcap to the foot of the bed, much as Gregory the Great might have flung down the candle while he launched the thunders of an excommunication, and Suzanne learned that the old bachelor wore a false front

Bear in mind, M du Bousquier, that by coming here I have done my duty,' she remarked majestically. Remember that I was bound to offer you my hand and to ask for yours, but, at the same time, remember that I have behaved with the dignity of a self-respecting woman, I did not lower myself so far as to cry like a fool, I did not insist, I have not worried you at all Now you know my position You know that I cannot stay in Alencon If I do, my mother will beat me, and Mme Lardot is as high and mighty over principles as if she washed and ironed with them. She will turn me away And where am I to go, poor work-girl that I am? To the hospital? Am I to beg for bread? Not I I would sooner fling myself into the Brillante or the Sarthe Now, would it not be simpler for me to go to Paris? Mother might find some excuse for sending me, an uncle wants me to come, or an aunt is going to die, or some lady takes an interest in me It is just a question of money for the travelling expenses and you know what

This news was immeasurably more important to du Bousquier than to the Chevalier de Valois, for reasons which no one knew as yet but the two rivals, though they will appear in the course of the story. At this point, suffice it to say that Suzanne's fib had thrown the sometime forage-contractor's ideas into such confusion that he was incapable of thinking seriously But

for that bewilderment, but for the secret joy in his heart (for a man's own vanity is a swindler that never lacks a dupe) it must have struck him that any honest gul, with a heart still unspoiled, would have died a hundred deaths rather than enter upon such a discussion, or make a demand for money He must have seen the look in the girls eyes, seen the gamhler's ruthless meanness that would take a life to gain money for a stake.

'Would you really go to Paris? he asked.

The words brought a twinkle to Suzanne s grey eyes, but it was lost upon du Bousquier a self-satisfaction

'I would indeed, sir

But at this du Bousquier broke out into a singular lament. He had just paid the balance of the purchase money for his house; and there was the painter, and the glazter, and the bricklayer, and the carpenter Suzanne let him talk she was waiting for the figures. Du Bousquier at last proposed three hundred francs, and at this birranne got up as if to go.

'Eh, what! Where are you going i du Bousquier cried uneasily—'A fine thing to be a bachelor, he said to himself 'I li be hanged if I remember doing more than rimple the girls collar; and hey presto! on the attength of a loke she takes upon herself to draw a bill

upon you, point blank l

Suranne meanwhile began to cry 'Monsieur, she said, 'I am going to Mme. Granson, the treasurer of the Maternity Fund she pulled one poor girl in the same straits out of the water (2s you may \$2y\$) to my knowledge

'Mme. Granson?

'Yes. She is related to Mile Cormon, the lady patroness of the society. Asking your pardon, some ladies in the town have started a society that will keep many a poor creature from making away with her child, like that pretty Faistine of Argentan did; and paid

for it with her life at Mortagne just three years

ago'

'Here, Suzanne,' returned du Bousquier, holding out a key, 'open the desk yourself There is a bag that has been opened, with six hundred francs still left in it. It is all I have'

Du Bousquier's chopfallen expression plainly showed

how little goodwill went with his compliance

'An old thief!' said Suzanne to herself 'I will tell tales about his false hair!' Mentally she compared him with that delightful old Chevalier de Valois, he had given her nothing, but he understood her, he had advised her, he had the welfare of his grisettes at heart

'If you are deceiving me, Suzanne,' exclaimed the object of this unflattering comparison, as he watched

her hand in the drawer, 'you shall

'So, monsieur, you would not give me the money if I asked you for it?' interrupted she with queenly insolence

Once recalled to the ground of gallantry, recollections of his prime came back to the ex-contractor. He grunted assent. Suzanne took the bag and departed, first submitting her forehead to a kiss which he gave, but in a manner which seemed to say, 'This is an expensive privilege, but it is better than being browbeaten by counsel in a court of law as the seducer of a young woman accused of child murder'

Suzanne slipped the bag into a pouch-shaped basket on her arm, execrating du Bousquier's stinginess as she did so, for she wanted a thousand francs. If a girl is once possessed by a desire, and has taken the first step in trickery and deceit, she will go to great lengths. As the fair clear-starcher took her way along the Rue de Bercail, it suddenly occurred to her that the Maternity Fund under Mile Cormon's presidency would probably make up the sum which she regarded as sufficient for a start, a very large amount in the eyes of an Alençon

grisette And hesides, she hated du Bousquier, aod du Bousquier seemed frightened when she talked of confessing her so-called strait to Mme. Granson Where fore Suzanne determined that whether or no she made a farthing out of the Maternity Fund, she would entangle du Bousquier in the inextrycable undergrowth of the gossip of a country town. There is something of a monkey's love of mischief in every grisette Suzanne composed her countenance dolorously and hetook herself accordingly to Mme. Granson

Mme, Granson was the widow of a lieutenant-colonel of artillery who fell at Jena. Her whole yearly income consisted of a pension of nine hundred frames for her lifetime, and her one possession besides was a son whose education and maintenance had absorbed every penny of her savings. She lived in the Rue du Bercall, in one of the cheerless ground floor apartments through which you can see from back to front at a glance as you walk down the main street of any little town. Three steps, rising pyramid fashion brought you to the level of the house door, which opened upon o passage way and a little yard beyond, with a wooden-roofed staircase at the further Mme Granson's kitchen and dining room occupied the space on one side of the passage, on the other side a single room did duty for a variety of pur poses, for the widows bedroom among others. Her son, a young man of three-and twenty, slept upstairs in an attic above the first floor Athanase Granson contributed six hundred francs to the poor mother's housekeeping He was distantly related to Mile. Cormon, whose influence had obtained him a little post in the registrar's office, where he was employed in making out certificates of births, marriages, and deaths.

After thu, any one can see the little chilly yellowcurrained parlour, the furniture covered with yellow Utrecht velvet, and Mme. Granson going round the room, after her visitors had left, to straighten the little straw mats put down in front of each chair, so as to save the waxed and polished red brick floor from contact with dirty boots, and, this being accomplished, returning to her place beside her work-table under the portrait of her lieutenant-general. The becushioned armchair, in which she sat at her sewing, was always drawn up between the two windows, so that she could look up and down the Rue du Bercail and see every one that passed She was a good sort of woman, dressed with a homely simplicity in keeping with a pale face, beaten thin, as it were, by many cares You felt the stern soberness of poverty in every little detail in that house, just as you breathed a moral atmosphere of austerity and upright provincial ways

Mother and son at this moment were sitting together in the dining-room over their breakfast a cup of coffee, bread and butter and radishes And here, if the reader is to understand how gladly Mme Granson heard Suzanne, some explanation of the secret hopes of the

household must be given

Athanase Granson was a thin, hollow-cheeked young man of medium height, with a white face in which a pair of dark eyes, bright with thought, looked like two marks made with charcoal The somewhat worn contours of that face, the curving line of the lips, a sharply turned-up chin, a regularly cut marble forehead, a melancholy expression caused by the consciousness of power on the one hand and of poverty on the other, all these signs and characteristics told of imprisoned genius So much so indeed, that anywhere but at Alençon his face would have won help for him from distinguished men, or from the women that can discern genius incognito For if this was not genius, at least it was the outward form that genius takes, and if the strength of a high heart was wanting, it looked out surely from those eyes And yet, while Athanase could find expression for the loftiest feeling, an outer husk of shyness

spoiled everything in him, down to the very charm of youth, just as the frost of penury disheattened every effort. Shut in by the narrow circle of provincial life, without approbation, encouragement, or any way of escape, the thought within him was dying out before its dawn. And Athanase besides had the fierce pride which poverty intensifies in certain natures, the kind of pride hy which a man grows great in the stress of battle with men and circumstance, while at the outset it only handicaps him.

Genius manifests itself in two ways-either by taking its own as soon as it finds it, like a Napoleon or a Moliere, or hy patiently revealing itself and waiting for recognition Young Granson belonged to the latter He was easily discouraged, ignorant of his value. His turn of mind was contemplative, he lived in thought rather than in action, and possibly, to those who can not imagine genius without the Freechman's spark of enthusiasm, he might have seemed incomplete Athanase's power lay in the world of thought was to pass through successive phases of emotion, hidden from ordinary eyes, to one of those sudden resolves which bring the chapter to a close and set fools declaring that the man is mad The world s cootempt for poverty was supping the life in Athanase The bow, contioually strung tighter and tighter, was slackened by the enervating close air of a solitude with never's breath of fresh air in it giving way uoder the strain of a cruel and fruitless struggle. Athanase had that in him which might have placed his name among the foremost names of France he had known what it was to gaze with glowing eyes over Alpine beights and fields of air whither unfettere genius soars and now he was plning to death like some caged and starved eagle,

While he had worked on unnoticed in the town library, he hurled his dreams of fame in his own soul lest they should injure his prospects; and he carried besides another secret hidden even more deeply in his heart, the secret love which hollowed his cheeks and sallowed his forchead.

Athanase loved his distant cousin, that Mile Cormon, for whom his unconscious rivals du Bousquier and the Chevalier de Valois were lying in ambush. It was a love born of self-interest Mile Cormon was supposed to be one of the richest people in the town, and he, poor boy, had been drawn to love her partly through the desire for material welfare, partly through a wish formed times without number to gild his mother's declining years, and partly also through cravings for the physical comfort necessary to men who live an intellectual life. In his own eyes, his love was dishonoured by its very natural origin, and he was afraid of the ridicule which people pour on the love of a young man of three-and-twenty for a woman of forty yet his love was quite sincere Much that happens in the provinces would be improbable upon the face of it anywhere else, especially in matters of this kind

But in a country town there are no unforeseen contingencies, there is no coming and going, no mystery, no such thing as chance Marriage is a necessity, and no family will accept a man of dissolute life A connection between a young fellow like Athanase and a handsome girl might seem a natural thing enough in a great city, in a country town it would be enough to ruin a young man's chances of marriage, especially if he were poor, for when the prospective bridegroom is wealthy an awkward business of this sort may be smoothed over Between the degradation of certain courses and a sincere love, a man that is not heartless can make but one choice if he happens to be poor, he will prefer the disadvantages of virtue to the disadvantages of vice But in a country town the number of women with whom a young man can fall in love is strictly limited A pretty girl with a fortune is

heyond his reach in a place where every one s income is known to a farthing. A penniless beauty is equally out of the question. To take her for a write would be 'to marry hunger and thirst,' as the provincial saying goes. Finally, celibacy has its dangers in youth. These reflections explain how it has come to pass that marriage is the very hasis of provincial life.

Men in whom genius is hot and unquenchable, who are forced to take their stand on the independence of poverty, ought to leave these cold regions; in the provinces thought meets with the persecution of hrutal indifference, and no woman cares or dates to play the part of a sister of charity to the worker, the lover of art

or sciences

Who can rightly understand Athanases love for Mile. Cormon? Not the rich, the sultans of society, who can find seraglios at their pleasure; not respects bility, keeping to the track beaten hard by prejudice; not yet those women who shut their eyes to the cravings of the artist temperament, and, taking it for granted that both sexes are governed by the same laws, insist upon a system of reciprocity in their particular virtues. The appeal must, perhaps, be made to young men who suffer from the repression of young desires just as they are putting forth their full strength; to the artist whose genlus is stilled within him by poverty till it becomes a disease; to power at first unsupported, persecuted, and too often unfriended till it emerges at length triumphant from the twofold agony of soul and body

These will know the throbbing pangs of the cancer which was gnawing Athanase. Such as these have raised long cruel debates within themselves, with the so high end in sight and no means of attaining to it. They have passed through the expenses of abortive

They have passed through the experience of abortive effort they have left the spawn of genius on the barren sands They know that the strength of desire is as the scope of the imagination the higher the leap, the lower the fall, and how many restraints are broken in such falls! These, like Athanase, catch glimpses of a glorious future in the distance, all that lies between seems but a transparent film of gauze to their piercing sight, but of that film which scarcely obscures the vision, society makes a wall of brass. Urged on by their vocation, by the artist's instinct within them, they too seek times without number to make a stepping-stone of sentiments which society turns in the same way to practical ends. What! when marriages in the provinces are calculated and arranged on every side with a view to securing material welfare, shall it be forbidden to a struggling artist or man of science to keep two ends in view, to try to ensure his own subsistence that the thought within him may live?

Athanase Granson, with such ideas as these fermenting in his head, thought at first of marriage with Mlle. Cormon as a definite solution of the problem of existence. He would be free to work for fame, he could make his mother comfortable, and he felt sure of himself he knew that he could be faithful to Mlle. Cormon But soon his purpose bred a real passion in him. It was an unconscious process. He set himself to study Mlle Cormon, then familiarity exercised its spell, and at length Athanase saw nothing but beauties the defects were all forgotten.

The senses count for so much in the love of a young man of three-and-twenty Through the heat of desire woman is seen as through a prism. From this point of view it was a touch of genius in Beaumarchais to make the page Cherubino in the play strain Marcellina to his heart. If you recollect, moreover, that poverty restricted Athanase to a life of great loneliness, that there was no other woman to look at, that his eyes were always fastened upon Mlle Cormon, and that all the light in the picture was concentrated upon her, it seems natural, does it not, that he should love her? The

feeling hidden in the depths of his heart could but grow stronger day by day. Desire and pain and hope and meditation, in silence and repose, were filling up Athanases soul to the him every hour added its drop. As his senses came to the aid of imagination and widened the inner horizon, Mille. Cormon became more and more awe inspiring, and he grew more and more timid.

The mother had guessed it all. She was a provincial, and she frankly calculated the advantages of the match Mile. Cormoo might think herself very lucky to marry a young man of tweety three with plenty of brains, a likely man to do honour to his name and country still the obstacles, Athanases poverty and Mile Cormon s age, seemed to her tobe insurmountable; there was nothing for it that she could see but patience. She had a policy of her own, like du Bousquier and the Chevalier de Valois, she was on the lookout for her opportunity, waiting with wits sharpened by self interest and a mother's love, for the propinous moment.

Of the Chevalier de Valois, Mme. Granson had no

Of the Chevalier de Valois, Mme. Granson had no suspicion whatsoever du Bousquier she still credited with views upon the lady, albeit Mile. Cormon had once refused bilm. An adroit and secret enemy, Mme Granson did the ex-contractor untold harm to serve the son to whom she had not spoken a word. After this, who does not see the importance of Suzanne's lie once confided to Mme Granson! What a weapon put into the hands of the charitable treasurer of the Maternity Fund! How demurely she would carry the tale from house to house when she asked for subscriptions for the chaste Suzanne!

At this particular moment Athanase was pensively sitting with his elbow on the table, balancing a spoon on the edge of the empty bowl before him. He looked with unseeing eyes round the poor room, over the walls covered with an old fashloned paper only seen in wineshops, at the window-curtains with a chessboard pattern

of pink-and-white squares, at the red-brick floor, the straw-bottomed chairs, the painted wooden sideboard, the glass door that opened into the kitchen. As he sat facing his mother and with his back to the fire, and as the fireplace was almost opposite the door, the first thing which caught Suzanne's eyes was his pale face, with the light from the street window falling full upon it, a face framed in dark hair, and eyes with the gleam of despair in them, and a fever kindled by the morning's thoughts

The grisette surely knows by instinct the pain and sorrow of love, at the sight of Athanase, she felt that sudden electric thrill which comes we know not whence We cannot explain it, some strong-minded persons deny that it exists, but many a woman and many a man has felt that shock of sympathy It is a flash, lighting up the darkness of the future, and at the same time a presentiment of the pure joy of love shared by two souls, and a certainty that this other too understands more like the strong, sure touch of a master hand upon the clavier of the senses than anything else. riveted by an irresistible fascination, hearts are troubled, the music of joy rings in the ears and thrills the soul, a voice cries, 'It is he!' And then then very likely, reflection throws a douche of cold water over all this turbulent emotion, and there is an end of it.

In a moment, swift as a clap of thunder, a broadside of new thoughts poured in upon Suzanne. A lightning flash of love burned the weeds which had sprung up in dissipation and wantonness. She saw all that she was losing by blighting her name with a lie, the desecration, the degradation of it. Only last evening this idea had been a joke, now it was like a heavy sentence passed upon her. She recoiled before her success. But, after all, it was quite impossible that anything should come of this meeting, and the thought of Athanase's poverty, and a vague hope of making money and coming back from

Paris with both hands full, to say, 'I loved you all along —or fate, if you will have it so—dried up the beneficent dew — The amhitious damsel asked shyly to speak for a moment with Mme Granson, who took her into her bedroom.

When Suzanne came out again she looked once more at Athanase He was still sitting in the same attitude. She choked back her tears.

As for Mme. Granson, she was radiant. She had found a terrible weapon to use against du Bousquier at last she could deal him a deadly blow. So she pro mised the poor victim of seduction the support of all the ladies who subscribed to the Maternity Fund. She forestw a dozen calls in prospect. In the course of the morning and afternoon she would conjure down a terrific storm upon the elderly bachelor's head. The Chevalier de Valois certainly foresaw the turn that matters were likely to take, but he had not expected anything like the amount of seandal that came of it.

We are going to dine with Mile Cormon, you know, dear boy, said Mine Granion; 'take rather more pains with your appearance. It is a mistake to neglect your dress as you do you look so untidy. Put on your best frilled shirt and your green cloth coat. I have my reasons, she added, with a mysterious air. 'And besides, there will be a great many people; Mile. Cormon is going to the Prébaudet directly. If a young man is thinking of marrying he ought to make him self as cable in every possible way. If girls would only tell the rith my boy, dear me! you would be surprised at the things that rake their fancy. It is often quite enough if a young man rides by at the head of a company of artillery, or comes to a dance in a suit of clothes that fits him passably well. A certain way of carrying the head, a melancholy attitude, is enough to set a girl imagining a whole life; we urrent a romance to suit the hero often he is only a stupid young man.

but the marriage is made. Take notice of M. de Valois, study him, copy his manners, see how he looks at ease, he has not a constrained manner, as you have. And talk a little, any one might think that you knew nothing at all, you that know Hebrew by heart'

Athanase heard her submissively, but he looked surorised. He rose, took his cap, and went back to his

work

'Can mother have guessed my secret?' he thought, as he went round by the Rue de Val-Noble where Mlle Cormon lived, a little pleasure in which he indulged of a morning His head was swarming with romantic fancies

'How little she thinks that going past her house at this moment is a young man who would love her dearly, and be true to her, and never cause her a single care, and leave her fortune entirely in her own hands! Oh me! what a strange fatality it is that we two should live as we do in the same town and within a few paces of each other, and yet nothing can bring us any nearer! How if I spoke to her to-night?'

Meanwhile Suzanne went home to her mother, thinking the while of poor Athanase, feeling that for him she could find it in her heart to do what many a woman must have longed to do for the one beloved with superhuman strength, she could have made a stepping-stone of her beautiful body if so he might come to his kingdom the sooner

And now we must enter the house where all the actors in this Scene (Suzanne excepted) were to meet that very evening, the house belonging to the old maid, the converging point of so many interests. As for Suzanne, that young woman with her well-grown beauty, with courage sufficient to burn her boats, like Alexander, and to begin the battle of life with an uncalled-for sacrifice of her character, she now disappears

from the stage after hringing about a violently exeiting situation. Her wishes, moreover, were more than fulfilled. A few days afterwards she left her native place with a stock of money and fine clothes, including a superh green rep gown and a green bonnet lined with rose colour, M. de Valois a gifts, whych Suzanne liked better than anything else, better even than the Maternity Society's money. If the Chevalier had gone to Paris while Suzanne was in her hey-day, she would assuredly have left all for him.

And so this chaste Susanna, of whom the elders scarcely had more than a glimpse, settled herself comfortably and hopefully in Paris, while all Alençon was deploring the misfortunes with which the ladies of the Charitable and Maternity Societies had manifested so lively a sympathy

While Suzanne might be taken as a type of the hand some Norman virgins who furnish, on the showing of a lesrned physician, one third of the supply devoured hy the monster, Paris, she entered herself, and remained in those higher branches of her profession in which some regard is paid to appearances. In an age in which, as M de Valois said, 'woman has ceased to be woman, she was known merely as Mme. du Val Noble; in other times she would have rivalled an Imperia, a Rhodope, a Ninon. One of the most distinguished writers of the Restoration took her under his protection, and very likely will marry her some day; he is a journalist, and above public opinion, seeing that he creates a new one Cay six years.

In almost every prefecture of the second magnitude there is some salon frequented not exactly by the cream of the local society, but by personages both considerable and well considerable The host and hostess probably will be among the foremost people in the town To them all bouses are open; no entertainment, no public dinner is given, but they are asked to it; but in their

salon you will not meet the gens à château lords of the manor, peers of France living on their broad acres, and persons of the highest quality in the department, though these are all on visiting terms with the family, and exchange invitations to dinners and evening parties The mixed society to be found there usually consists of the lesser noblesse resident in the town, with the clergy and judicial authorities It is an influential assemblage All the wit and sense of the district is concentrated in its solid, unpretentious ranks Everybody in the set knows the exact amount of his neighbour's income, and professes the utmost indifference to dress and luxury, trifles held to be mere childish vanity compared with the acquisition of a mouchoir à bœufs a pocket-handkerchief of some ten or a dozen acres, purchased after as many years of pondering and intriguing and a prodigious deal of diplomacy.

Unshaken in its prejudices whether good or ill, the coterie goes on its way without a look before or behind. Nothing from Paris is allowed to pass without a prolonged scrutiny, innovations are ridiculous, and consols and cashmere shawls alike objectionable Provincials read nothing and wish to learn nothing, for them, science, literature, and mechanical invention are as the thing that is not If a prefect does not suit their notions, they do their best to have him removed, if this cannot be done, they isolate him So will you see the inmates of a beehive wall up an intruding snail with wax Finally, of the gossip of the salon, history is made. married women put in an appearance there occasionally (though the card-table is the one resource) that their conduct may be stamped with the approval of the coterie and their social status confirmed

Native susceptibilities are sometimes wounded by the supremacy of a single house, but the rest comfort themselves with the thought that they save the expense entailed by the position. Sometimes it happens that

no one can afford to keep open house, and then the bigwigs of the place look about them for some harmlers person whose character, position, and social standing offer guarantees for the neutrality of the ground, and alarm nobody a vanity or self interest. This had been the case at Alençon For a long tyme past the best society of the town has been wont to assemble in the house of the old maid before mentioned, who little suspected Mme. Granson's designs on her fortune, or the secret hopes of the two elderly bachelors who have just been unmasked.

Mile Cormon was Mme Granson s fourth coustn She lived with her mothers brother, a sometime vicar general of the hishopric of Séez she had been her uncles ward and would one day inherit his fortune. Rose Marie Victoire Cormon was the last representative of a house which, pleberan though it was, had associated and often allied itself with the noblesse, and ranked among the oldest families in the province. In former times the Cormons had been intendants of the duchy of Alencon, and had given a goodly number of magistrates to the bench, and several hishops to the Church M de Sponde, Mile. Cormon a maternal grandfather, was elected by the noblesse to the States-General and M Cormon, her father, had been asked to represent the Third Estate, but neither of them accepted the responsibility For the last century, the daughters of the house had married into the noble families of the province, in such sort that the Cormons were grafted into pretty nearly every genealogical tree in the duchy No burgher family came so near being noble.

The house in which the present Mile. Cormon lived had never passed out of the family since it was huilt by Pierre Cormon in the reign of Henri IV; and of all the old maid a worldly possessions, this one appealed most to the greed of her elderly sustors; though, so far from bringing in money, the ancestral home of the Cormons was a positive expense to its owner. But it is such an unusual thing, in the very centre of a country town, to find a house handsome without, convenient within, and free from mean surroundings, that all Alençon shared

the feeling of envy

The old mansion stood exactly halfway down the Rue du Val-Noble, The Val-Noble, as it was called, probably because the Brillante, the little stream which flows through the town, has hollowed out a little valley for itself in a dip of the land thereabouts. The most noticeable feature of the house was its massive architecture, of the style introduced from Italy by Marie de' Medici, all the corner-stones and facings were cut with diamond-shaped bosses, in spite of the difficulty of working in the granite of which it is built. It was a two-storied house with a very high-pitched roof, and a row of dormer windows, each with its carved tympanum standing picturesquely enough above the lead-lined parapet with its ornamental balustrade A grotesque gargoyle, the head of some fantastic bodyless beast, discharged the rain-water through its jaws into the street below, where great stone slabs, pierced with five holes, were placed to receive it Each gable terminated in a leaden finial, a sign that this was a burgher's house, for none but nobles had a right to put up a weathercock in olden times To right and left of the yard stood the stables and the coach-house, the kitchen, laundry, and wood-shed One of the leaves of the great gate used to stand open, so that passers-by, looking in through the little low wicket with the bell attached, could see the parterre in the middle of a spacious paved court, and the low-clipped privet hedges which marked out miniature borders full of monthly roses, clove gilliflowers, scabious, and lilies, and Spanish broom, as well as the laurelbushes and pomegranates and myrtles which grew in tubs put out of doors for the summer

The scrupulous neatness and tidiness of the place must

have struck any stranger, and furnished him with a clue to the old maid's character The misticas's eyes must have been unemployed, careful, and prying less, perhaps, from any natural bent, than for want of any occupation Who but an elderly spioster, at a loss bow to fill an always empty day, would have insisted that no blade of grass should show itself in the paved courtyard, that the wall tops should be scoured, that the broom should always be busy, that the coach should never be left with the leather curtains undrawn? Who else, from sheer lack of other employment, could have introduced some thing like Dutch cleanliness into a little province between Perche, Normandy, and Brittany, where the natives make boast of their crass indifference to comfort? The Chevalier never climbed the steps without reflecting inwardly that the house was fit for a peer of France and du Bousquier similarly considered that the Mayor of Alencon ought to live there.

A glass door at the top of the flight of steps gave admittance to an ante-chamber lighted by a second glass door opposite, above a corresponding flight of steps leading into the garden. This part of the house, a kind of gallery floored with square red tiles, and wainscoted to elbow height, was a hospital for invalid family por traits one here and there had lost an eye or sustained injury to a shoulder, another stood with a hole in the place where his bat should have been, yet another had lost a leg by amputation Here cloaks, clogs, over shoes, and umbrellas were left everybody deposited his belongings to the ante-chember on his arrival, and took them again at his departure. A long bench was set against either wall for the servants who came of an evening with their lanterns to fetch home their masters and mistreum, and a big stove was set in the middle to mitigate the icy blasts which swept across from door to door

This gallery, then divided the ground floor into two

equal parts The staircase rose to the left on the side nearest the courtyard, the rest of the space being taken up by the great dining-room, with its windows looking out upon the garden, and a pantry beyond, which communicated with the kitchen To the right lay the salon, lighted by four windows, and a couple of smaller rooms beyond it, a boudoir which gave upon the garden, and a room which did duty as a study and looked into the courtyard There was a complete suite of rooms on the first floor, beside the Abbé de Sponde's apartments, while the attic story, in all probability roomy enough, had long since been given over to the tenancy of rats and mice Mlle Cormon used to report their nocturnal exploits to the Chevalier de Valois, and marvel at the futility of all measures taken against them.

The garden, about half an acre in extent, was bounded by the Brillante, so called from the mica spangles which glitter in its bed, not, however, in the Val-Noble, for the manufacturers and dyers of Alençon pour all their refuse into the shallow stream before it reaches this point, and the opposite bank, as always happens wherever a stream passes through a town, was lined with houses where various thirsty industries were carried on Luckily, Mlle Cormon's neighbours were all of them quiet tradesmen a baker, a fuller, and one or two cabinet-makers Her garden, full of oldfashioned flowers, naturally ended in a terrace, by way of a quay, with a short flight of steps down to the water's edge Try to picture the wallflowers growing in blue-and-white glazed jars along the balustrade by the river, behold a shady walk to right and left beneath the square-clipped lime-trees, and you will have some idea of a scene full of unpretending cheerfulness and sober tranquillity, you can see the views of homely humble life along the opposite bank, the quaint houses, the trickling stream of the Brillante, the garden itself, the linden walks under the garden walls, and the venerable home built by the Cormons. How peaceful, how quiet it was! If there was no ostentation, there was no other transitory, everything seemed to last for ever there.

The ground floor rooms, therefore, were given over to social uses. You breathed the atmosphere of the Provioce, ancient, unalterable Provioce square-shaped salon, with its four doors and four windows, was modestly wainscoted with carved panels, and painted grey On the wall, above the single ohlong mirror on the chimney piece, the Hours, in mooochrome, were usbering in the Day For this particular style of decora tion, which used to infest the spaces above doors, the artist's invention devised the eternal Seasons which meet your eyes almost anywhere io central France, till you loathe the detestable Cupids engaged in reaping, skating, sowing seeds, or flinging flowers about. Every window was overarched with a sort of baldachin with green damask curtains drawn back with cords and huge tressels. The tapestry-covered furniture, with a darn here and there at the edges of the chairs, belonged distroctly to that period of the eighteenth century when curves and contornous were in the very height of fashion; the frames were painted and varnished, the subjects in the medallions on the backs were taken from La Fontaine Four card-tables, a table for piquet, and another for backgammoo filled up the Immense space. A rock mystal chandelier, shrouded to give gauze, hung suspended from the prominent cross beam which divided the ceiling the only plastered ceiling in the house. Two branched candle-sconces were fixed into the wall above the chimney piece, where a couple of blue Sèvres vascs stood on either side of a copper gilt clock which represented a scene taken from Le Discretar-a proof of the prodigious popularity of Sedaine's work. It was a group of no less than eleven figures, four inches high; the Deserter emerging from fail escorted by a guard of

soldiers, while a young person, swooning in the foreground, held out his reprieve. The hearth and fireirons were of the same date and style. The more recent family portraits one or two Rigauds and three

pastels by Latour adorned the wainscot panels

The study, panelled entirely in old lacquer work, red and black and gold, would have fetched fabulous sums a few years later, Mlle Cormon was as far as possible from suspecting its value, but if she had been offered a thousand crowns for every panel, she would not have parted with a single one. It was a part of her system to alter nothing, and everywhere in the provinces the belief in ancestral hoards is very strong. The boudoir, never used, was hung with the old-fashioned chintz so much run after nowadays by amateurs of the 'Pompadour style,' as it is called.

The dining-room was paved with black-and-white stone, it had not been ceiled, but the joists and beams were painted Ranged round the walls, beneath a flowered trellis, painted in fresco, stood the portentous, marble-topped sideboards, indispensable in the warfare waged in the provinces against the powers of digestion. The chairs were cane-seated and varnished, the doors of unpolished walnut wood. Everything combined admirably to complete the general effect, the old-world air of the house within and without. The provincial spirit had preserved all as it had always been, nothing was new or old, young or decrepit. You felt a sense of chilly precision everywhere

Any tourist in Brittany, Normandy, Maine, or Anjou must have seen some house more or less like this in one or other provincial town, for the Hôtel de Cormon was in its way a very pattern and model of burgher houses over a large part of France, and the better deserves a place in this chronicle because it is at once a commentary on the manners of the place and the expression of its ideas. Who does not feel, even now,

how much the life within the old walls was one of peaceful routine?

For such library as the house possessed you must have descended rather below the level of the Brillante Therestood a solidly clasped cak bound collection, none the worse, nay, rather the better, fon a thick coating of dust a collection kept as carefully as a cider growing district is wont to keep the products of the presses of Burgundy, Toursine, Gascony, and the South Here were works full of native force, and exquisite qualities, with an added perfume of antiquity. No one will import poor wines when the cost of carriage is so heavy

Mile. Cormon's whole circle consisted of about a hundred and fifty persons. Of these some went into the country, some were all, others from home on husiness in the department, but there was a faithful band which always came, unless Mile Cormon gave an evening party in form; so also did those persons who were bound either by their duties or old habit to live In Alençon itself. All these people were of tipe age A few among them had travelled, but scarcely any of them had gone beyond the province, and one or two had been implicated in Chouannene People could begin to speak freely of the war, now that rewards had come to the heroic defenders of the good cause. M de Valois had been concerned in the last rising, when the Marquis de Montauran lost his life, betrayed by his mistress; and Marche à Terre, now peacefully driving a grazier s trade by the banks of the Mayenne, had made a famous name for himself M de Valois, during the past six months, had supplied the key to several shrewd tricks played off upon Hulot the old Republican, commander of a demi brigade stationed at Alencon from 1798 till 1800 There was talk of Hulot yet in the countryside.

The women made little pretence of dress, except on Wednesdays, when Mile Cormon gave a dinner party, and last week's guests came to pay their 'visit of digestion' On Wednesday evening the rooms were filled Guests and visitors came in gala dress, here and there a woman brought her knitting or her tapestry work, and some young ladies unblushingly drew patterns for point d' Alençon, by which they supported themselves. Men brought their wives, because there were so few young fellows there, no whisper could pass unnoticed, and therefore there was no danger of love-making for maid or Every evening at six o'clock the lobby was filled with articles of dress, with sticks, cloaks, and Every one was so well acquainted, the customs of the house were so primitive, that if by any chance the Abbé de Sponde was in the lime-tree walk, and Mlle Cormon in her room, neither Josette the maid nor Tacquelin the man thought it necessary to inform them of the arrival of visitors The first comer waited till some one else arrived, and when they mustered players sufficient for whist or boston, the game was begun without waiting for the Abbé de Sponde or Mademoiselle When it grew dark, Josette or Jacquelin brought lights as soon as the bell rang, and the old Abbé out in the garden, seeing the drawing-room windows illuminated, hastened slowly towards the house Every evening the piquet, boston, and whist tables were full. giving an average of twenty-five or thirty persons, including those who came to chat, but often there were as many as thirty or forty, and then Jacquelin took candles into the study and the boudoir Between eight and nine at night the servants began to fill the ante-chamber, and nothing short of a revolution would have found any one in the salon by ten o'clock. At that hour the frequenters of the house were walking home through the streets, discussing the points made, or keeping up a conversation begun in the salon Sometimes the talk turned on a pocket-handkerchief of land on which somebody had an eye, sometimes it was the division of an

inheritance and disputes among the legatees, or the pretensions of the aristocratic set. You see exactly the

same thing at Paris when the theatres disgorge.

Some people who talk a great deal about poetry and understand nothing about it, are wont to rail at provincial towns and provincial ways; but lean your forehead on your left hand, as you sit with your feet on the fire-dogs, and rest your clow on your knee, and then—if you have fully realised for yourself the level pleasant landscape the house, the interior, the folk within it and their interests, interests that seem all the larger because the mental horizon is so limited (as a grain of gold is beaten thin between two sheets of parchment)—then ask your self what human life is. Try to decide between the engraver of the hieroglyphic hirds on an Egyptian obelisk, and one of these folk in Alencon playing boston through a score of years with du Bousquier, M. de Valois, Mile. Cormon, the President of the Tribunal, the Public Prosecutor, the Abbé de Sponde, Mme. Granson e tetts quants. If the daily round the daily pacing of the same track in the footsteps of many yesterdays, is not exactly happiness, it is so much like it that others, driven by dint of storm tossed days to reflect on the blessings of calm will say that it is happiness indeed

To give the exact measure of the importance of Mile Cormon s salon, it will suffice to add that du Bousquer, a born statistician, computed that its frequenters mustered among them a hundred and thirty-one votes in the electoral college, and eighteen hundred thousand livres of income derived from lands in the province. The town of Alençon was not, it is true, completely represented there. The anistocratic section, for instance, had a salon of their own, and the receiver general shouse was a sort of official inn kept, as in duty bound, by the Government, where everybody who was anybody danced, flirted, fluttered, fell in love, and supped. One or two unclassified persons kept up the communications

between Mlle Cormon's salon and the other two, but the Cormon salon criticised all that passed in the opposed camps very severely Sumptuous dinners gave rise to unfavourable comment, ices at a dance caused searchings of heart, the women's behaviour and dress and any innovations were much discussed.

Mlle Cormon being, as it were, the style of the firm, and figure-head of an imposing coterie, was inevitably the object of any ambition as profound as that of the du Bousquier or the Chevalier de Valois. To both gentlemen she meant a seat in the Chamber of Deputies, with a peerage for the Chevalier, a receiver-general's post for du Bousquier A salon admittedly of the first rank is every whit as hard to build up in a country town as in Paris And here was the salon ready made To marry Mlle Cormon was to be lord of Alençon. Finally, Athanase, the only one of the three suitors that had ceased to calculate, cared as much for the woman as for her money.

Is there not a whole strange drama (to use the modern cant phrase) in the relative positions of these four human beings? There is something grotesque, is there not, in the idea of three rival suitors eagerly pressing about an old maid who never so much as suspected their intentions, in spite of her intense and very natural desire to be married? Yet although, things being so, it may seem an extraordinary thing that she should not have married before, it is not difficult to explain how and why, in spite of her fortune and her three suitors, Mile

Cormon was still unwed

From the first, following the family tradition, Mlle. Cormon had always wished to marry a noble, but between the years 1789 and 1799 circumstances were very much against her While she would have wished to be the wife of a person of condition, she was horribly afraid of the Revolutionary Tribunal, and these two motives weighing about equally, she remained stationary,

according to a law which holds equally good in esthetics or statics. At the same time, the condition of suspended judgment is not unpleasant for a girl, so long as she feels young and thinks that she can choose where she pleases But, as all France knows, the system of government immediately preceding the wars of Napoleon produced a vast number of widows; and the number of heiresses was altogether out of proportion to the number of eligible men. When order was restored in the country, in the time of the Consulate, external difficulties made marriage as much of a problem as ever for Rose Marie Victoire. On the one hand, she declined to marry an elderly man; and, on the other, dread of ridicule and circumstances put quite young men out of the question. In those days heads of families married their sons as mere boys, because in this way they escaped the con-scription With the obstinacy of a landed proprietor, mademoiselle would not hear of marrying a military man; she had no wish to take a husband only to give him back to the Emperor, she wished to keep him for herself. And so, between 1804 and 1815 it was impossible to compete with a younger generation of girls, too numerous already in times when cannon shot had thinned the ranks of marriageable men

Again, apart from Mile. Cormon's predilection for birth she had a very pardonahle craze for being loved for her own sake. You would scarcely believe the lengths to which she carried this fancy. She set her wits to work to lay snares for her admirers, to try their sentiments; and that with such success, that the unfor tunates one and all fell into them, and su cumbed in the whimsical ordeals through which they passed at unawares. Mile. Cormon did not study her suitors, she played the spy upon them. A careless word, or a joke, and the lady did not understand jokes very well, was excuse enough to dismiss an aspirant as foood wanting. This had neither spirit nor delicacy that was untruth-

ful and not a Christian, one wanted to cut down tall timber and coin money under the marriage canopy, another was not the man to make her happy, or, again, she had her suspicions of gout in the family, or took fright at her wooer's antecedents. Like Mother Church, she would fain see, a priest without blemish at her altar. And then Rose Marie Victoire made the worst of herself, and was as anxious to be loved, with all her factitious plainness and imaginary faults, as other women are to be married for virtues which they have not and for borrowed beauty. Mlle Cormon's ambition had its source in the finest instincts of womanhood She would reward her lover by discovering to him a thousand virtues after marriage, as other women reveal the many little faults kept hitherto strenuously out of sight. But no one understood. The noble girl came in contact with none but commonplace natures, with whom practical interests came first; the finer calculations of feeling were beyond their comprehension

She grew more and more suspicious as the critical period so ingeniously called 'second youth' drew nearer Her fancy for making the worst of herself with increasing success frightened away the latest recruits, they hesitated to unite their lot with hers. The strategy of her game of hoodman-blind (the virtues to be revealed when the finder's eyes were opened) was a complex study for which few men have inclination, they prefer perfection ready-made An ever present dread of being married for her money made her unreasonably distrustful and uneasy. She fell foul of the rich, and the rich could look higher, she was afraid of poor men, she would not believe them capable of that disinterestedness on which she set such store, till at length her rejections and other circumstances let in an unexpected light upon the minds of suitors thus presented for her selection like dried peas on a seedsman's sieve Every time a marriage project came to nothing, the unfortunate gril, being gradually led to despise mankind, saw the other sex at last in a false light. Inevitably, in her immost soul, she grew misanthropic, a tinge of bitterness was infused into her conversation, a certain harshness into her expression. And her manners became more and more rigid under the stress of enforced ceibacy; in her despair she sought to perfect herself. It was a noble vengeance. She would polish and cut for God the rough diamond rejected by men.

Before long public opinion was against Mile Cormon People accept the verdict which a woman passes upon herself if, being free to marry, she fails to fuifil expectations, or is known to have refused eligible suitors. Every one decides that she has her own reasons for declining marriage, and those reasons are always misinterpreted. There was some hidden physical defect or deformity, they said; but she, poor girl, was pure as an angel, healthy as a child, and overflowing with kindness. Nature had meant her to know all the joys, all the

happioess, all the burdens of motherhood Yet in her person Mile Cormon did not find a natural auxiliary to gain her heart a desire. She had no beauty, save of the kind so improperly called the devils'; that full blown freshness of youth which, theologically speaking, the Devil never could have possessed; uniess, indeed, we are to look for an explanation of the expression in the Devil's coornial desire of refreshing himself. The heiress's feet were large and flat; when, on rainy days, she crossed the wet streets between her house and St Leonards, her raused skurt displayed (without malice, be it said) a leg which scarcely seemed to belong to a woman so muscular was it, with a small, firm, prominent calf like a sailor's. She had a figure for a wet nurse. Her thick, honest waist, her strong plump arms, her sed hands; everything about her, io short, was io keeping with the round, expansive contours and portly fairness of the Norman style of beauty

Wide open, prominent eyes of no particular colour gave to a face, by no means distinguished in its round outlines, a sheepish, astonished expression not altogether inappropriate, however, in an old maid even if Rose had not been innocent, she must still have seemed so An aquiline nose was oddly assorted with a low forchead, for a feature of that type is almost invariably found in company with a lofty brow. In spite of thick, red lips, the sign of great kindliness of nature, there were evidently so few ideas behind that forehead, that Rose's heart could scarcely have been directed by her brain Kind she must certainly be, but not gracious And we are apt to judge the defects of goodness very harshly, while we make the most of the redeeming qualities of vice.

An extraordinary length of chestnut hair lent Rose Cormon such beauty as belongs to vigour and luxuriance, her chief personal characteristics. In the time of her pretensions she had a trick of turning her face in three-quarters profile to display a very pretty ear, gracefully set between the azure-streaked white throat and the temple, and thrown into relief by thick masses of her hair. Dressed in a ball gown, with her head poised at this angle, Rose might almost seem beautiful. With her protuberant bust, her waist, her high health, she used to draw exclamations of admiration from Imperial officers. 'What a fine girl' they used to say.

But, as years went on, the stoutness induced by a quiet, regular life distributed itself so unfortunately over her person, that its original proportions were destroyed No known variety of corset could have discovered the poor spinster's hips at this period of her existence, she might have been cast in one uniform piece. The youthful proportions of her figure were completely lost, her dimensions had grown so excessive, that no one could see her stoop without fearing that, being so top-heavy, she would certainly overbalance herself, but

nature had provided a sufficient natural counterpoise, which enabled her to dispense with all adventitious aid from 'dress improvers.' Everything about Rose was

very genuine.

Her chin developed a triple fold, which reduced the apparent length of her throat, and made it no easy matter to turn her head. She had no wrinkles, she had creases. Wags used to assert that she powdered herself, as nurses powder babies, to prevent chafing of the skin To a young man, consumed, like Athanase, with suppressed desires, this excessive corpulence offered just the kind of physical charm which could not fail to attract youth Youthful Imaginations, essentially intrepid, stimulated by appetite, are prone to dilate upon the beauties of that living expanse. So does the plump partridge allure the epicure's knife. And, indeed, any debt burdened young man of fashion in Pans would have resigned himself readily enough to fulfilling his part of the contract and making Mile. Cormon happy Still the onfortunate spinster had already passed her fortieth Year !

At this period of enforced loneliness, after the long, rain struggle to fill her life with those interests that are all 10 all to woman, she was forufying herself in virtue by the most atriet observance of religious duties; she had turned to the great consolation of well preserved virginity. A confessor, endowed with no great wisdom, had directed Mile. Cormon in the paths of asceticism for some three years past, recommending a system of self scourging calculated, according to modern doctors to produce an effect the exact opposite of that expected by the poor priest, whose knowledge of hygiene was but limited. These absurd practices were beginning to briog accertaio monastic tinge to Rose Cormons face; with frequent pangs of despair, she watched the sallow hues of middle age creeping across its natural white and red; while the trace of down about the corners of her

upper lip showed a distinct tendency to darken and increase like smoke. Her temples grew shiny. She had passed the turning-point, in fact. It was known for certain in Alençon that Mlle. Cormon suffered from heated blood. She inflicted her confidence upon the Chevalier de Valois, reckoning up the number of footbaths that she took, and devising cooling treatment with him. And that shrewd observer would end by taking out his snuff-box, and gazing at the portrait of the Princess Goritza as he remarked, 'But the real sedative, my dear young lady, would be a good and handsome husband'

'But whom could one trust?' returned she

But the Chevalier only flicked away the powdered snuff from the creases of his paduasoy waistcoat. To anybody else the proceeding would have seemed perfectly natural, but it always made the poor old maid feel uncomfortable.

The violence of her objectless longings grew to such a height that she shrank from looking a man in the face, so afraid was she that the thoughts which pierced her heart might be read in her eyes. It was one of her whims, possibly a later development of her former tactics, to behave almost ungraciously to the possible suitors towards whom she still felt herself attracted, so afraid was she of being accused of folly. Most people in her circle were utterly incapable of appreciating her motives, so noble throughout, they explained her manner to her coevals in single blessedness by a theory of revenge for some past slight

With the beginning of the year 1815 Rose Cormon had reached the fatal age, to which she did not confess She was forty-two By this time her desire to be married had reached a degree of intensity bordering on monomania She saw her chances of motherhood fast slipping away for ever, and, in her divine ignorance, she longed above all things for children of her own There

was not a soul found in Alençon to impute a single unchaste desire to the virtuous girl. She loved love, taking all for granted, without realising for herself what love would be—a devout Agnet, incapable of inventing one of the little shifts of Molières heroine.

She had been counting upon chance of late. The disbanding of the Imperial troops and the reconstruction of the King s army was sending a tide of military men back to their native places, some of them on half pay, some with pensions, some without, and all of them anxious to find some way of amending their had fortune, and of finishing their days in a fashion which would mean the beginning of happiness for Mile Cormon. It would be hard indeed if she could not find a single brave and honourable man among all those who were coming back to the neighbourhood. He must have a sound constitution in the first place, he must be of suit able age, and a man whose personal character would screen as a passport to his Buonspartist opinions; perhaps he might even be willing to turn Royalist for the sake of ganning a lost social position.

Supported by these mental calculations, Mile. Cormon maintained the severity of her attitude for the first few months of the year; but the men that came back to the town were all either too old or too young, or their characters were too bad, or their opinions too Buona partist, or their station in life was incompatible with her position, fortune, and habits. The case grew more and more desperate every day Officers high in the service had used their salvantages under Napoleon to marry and these gentlemen now became Royalists for the sake of their families. In vain had she put up prayers to heaven to send her a husband that she might be happy in Christian fashion; it was written, no doubt that she should die virgin and martyr, for not a single likely looking man presented himself

In the course of conversation in her drawing room of

an evening, the frequenters of the house kept the police register under tolerably strict supervision, no one could arrive in Alençon but they informed themselves at once as to the new-comer's mode of life, quality, and fortune But, at the same time, Alençon is not a town to attract many strangers, it is not on the high road to any large city, there are no chance arrivals, naval officers on their way to Brest do not so much as stop in the place.

Poor Mlle Cormon at last comprehended that her choice was reduced to the natives. At times her eyes took an almost fierce expression, to which the Chevalier would respond with a keen glance at her as he drew out his snuff-box to gaze at the Princess Goritza. M de Valois knew that in feminine jurisprudence, fidelity to an old love is a guarantee for the new. But Mlle Cormon, it cannot be denied, was not very intelligent. His snuff-box strategy was wasted upon her.

She redoubled her watchfulness, the better to combat the 'evil one,' and with devout rigidness and the sternest principles she consigned her cruel sufferings to the secret

places of her life

At night, when she was alone, she thought of her lost youth, of her faded bloom, of the thwarted instincts of her nature, and while she laid her passionate longings at the foot of the Cross, together with all the poetry doomed to remain pent within her, she vowed inwardly to take the first man that was willing to marry her, just as he was, without putting him to any proof whatsoever. Sounding her own dispositions, after a series of vigils, each more trying than the last, in her own mind she went so far as to espouse a sub-lieutenant, a tobacco-smoker to boot, nay, he was even head over ears in debt Him she proposed to transform with care, submission, and gentleness into a pattern for mankind But only in the silence of night could she plan these imaginary marriages, in which she amused herself with playing the sublime part of guardian angel, with morning, if Josette found her mistress's bedclothes turned topsy turvy, mademoiselle had recovered her dignity with morning, after hreakfast, she would have nothing less than a solid landowner, a well preserved

man of forty-a young man, as you may say

The Abbé de Sponde was incapable of giving his niece assistance of any sort in schemes for marriage The good man aged seventy or thereabouts, referred all the calamities of the Revolution to the design of a Providence prompt to punish a dissolute Church For which reasons M de Sponde had long since entered upon a deserted path to heaven, the way trodden by the hermits of old. He led an ascene life, simply, unobtrusively; hiding his deeds of charity, his constant prayer and fasting from all other eyes. Necessity was laid upon all priests, he thought, to do as he did he preached by example, turning a serene and smiling face upon the world, while he completely cut himself off from worldly interests. All his thoughts were given to the afflicted, to the needs of the Church, and the saving of his own soul. He left the management of his property to his niece She paid over his yearly income to him, and, after a slight deduction for his maintenance, the whole of it went in private almsgiving or in dona tions to the Church

All the Abbé's affections were centred upon his nice, and she looked upon him as a father. He was a somewhat absent minded father, however, without the remotest conception of the rebellion of the flesh; a father who gave thanks to God for maintaining his beloved daughter in a state of virginity for from his youth up he had held, with St. John Chrysostom, 'that virginity is as much above the estate of marriage as the angels are above man.

Mile. Cormon was accustomed to look up to her uncle she did not venture to confide her wishes for a change of condition to him; and he, good man, on his side was accustomed to the ways of the house, and perhaps might not have relished the introduction of a master into it Absorbed in thoughts of the distress which he relieved, or lost in fathomless inner depths of prayer, he was often unconscious of what was going on about him, frequenters of the house set this down to absent-mindedness, but while he said little, his silence was neither unsociable nor ungenial. A tall, spare, grave, and solemn man, his face told of kindly feeling and a great inward peace. His presence in the house seemed as it were to consecrate it The Abbé entertained a strong liking for that elderly sceptic the Chevalier de Valois Far apart as their lives were, the two grand wrecks of the eighteenth century clergy and noblesse recognised each other by generic signs and tokens, and the Chevalier, for that matter, could converse with unction with the Abbé, just as he talked like a father with his grisettes

Some may think that Mlle. Cormon would leave no means untried to gain her end, that among other permissible feminine artifices, for instance, she would turn to her toilettes, wear low-cut bodices, use the passive coquetry of a display of the splendid equipment with which she might take the field. On the contrary, she was as heroic and steadfast in her high-necked gown as a sentry in his sentry-box All her dresses, bonnets, and finery were made in Alencon by two hunchbacked sisters, not wanting in taste But in spite of the entreaties of the two artists, Mlle Cormon utterly declined the adventitious aid of elegance, she must be substantial throughout, body and plumage, and possibly her heavylooking dresses became her not amiss Laugh who will at her, poor thing Generous natures, those who never trouble themselves about the form in which good feeling shows itself, but admire it wherever they find it, will see something sublime in this trait Perhaps some slight-natured feminine critic may begin to carp, and say that there is no woman in France so simple but that

she can angle for a husband that Mile. Cormon is one of those abnormal creatures which common sense forhids us to take for a type that the best or the most babyish unmarried woman that has a mind to hook a gudgeon can put forward some physical charm wherewith to bait her line But when you begin to think that the sublime Apostolic Roman Catholic is still a power in Brittany and the ancient duchy of Alencon, these criticisms fall to the ground Faith and piety admit no such subtleties. Mile Cormon kept to the straight path, preferring the misfortune of a maidenhood infinitely prolonged to the misery of untruthfulness, to the sin of small deceit Armed with self-discipline, such a girl cannot make a sacrifice of a principle and therefore love (or self-interest) must make a very determined effort to find her out and win her

Let us have the courage to make a confession, painful in these days when religion is nothing but a means of advancement for some, a dream for others the devout are subject to a kind of moral ophthalma, which, by the especial grace of Providence, removes a host of small earthly concerns out of the sight of the pilgrim of Eternity. In a word, the devout are apt to be deose in a good many ways. Their stupidity at the same time, is a measure of the force with which their spirits turn heavenwards albeit the sceptical M de Valois maintained that it is a moot point whether stupid women take naturally to piety, or whether plety, on the other hand has a stupefring effect upon an intelligent gurl

It must be borne in mind that it is the purest orthodox goodness, ready to drink rapturously of every cup set before it, to submit devoutly to the will of God, to see the print of the divine finger everywhere in the clay of life,—that it is catholic virtue stealing like hidden light into the innermost recesses of this History that alone can bring e cythlog into right relief, and widen its significance for those who yet have faith And, again,

if the stupidity is admitted, why should the misfortunes of stupidity be less interesting than the woes of genius in a world where fools so overwhelmingly preponderate?

To resume Mlle Cormon's divine girlish ignorance of life was an offence in the eyes of the world. She was anything but observant, as her treatment of her suitors sufficiently showed. At this very moment, a girl of sixteen who had never opened a novel in her life might have read a hundred chapters of romance in Athanase's eyes. But Mlle Cormon saw nothing all the while, she never knew that the young man's voice was unsteady with emotion which he dared not express, and the woman who could invent refinements of high sentiment to her own undoing could not discern the same feelings in Athanase

Those who know that qualities of heart and brain are as independent of each other as genius and greatness of soul, will see nothing extraordinary in this psychological phenomenon. A complete human being is so rare a prodigy, that Socrates, that pearl among mankind, agreed with a contemporary phrenologist that he himself was born to be a very scurvy knave. A great general may save his country at Zurich, and yet take a commission from contractors, a banker's doubtful honesty does not prevent him from being a statesman, a great composer may give the world divine music, and yet forge another man's signature, and a woman of refined feeling may be excessively weakminded. In short, a devout woman may have a very lofty soul, and yet have no ears to hear the voice of another noble soul at her side.

The unaccountable freaks of physical infirmity find a parallel in the moral world. Here was a good creature making her preserves and breaking her heart till she grew almost ridiculous, because, forsooth, there was no one to eat them but her uncle and herself. Those who sympathised with her for the sake of her good qualities, or, in some cases, on account of her defects, used to

laugh over her disappointments. People began to wonder what would become of so fine a property with all Mile. Cormon's savings, and her uncle's to boot

It was long since they began to suspect that at bottom, and in spite of appearances, Alle Cormon was 'an original Originality is not allowed in the provinces; originality means that you have ideas which nobody else can understand, and in a country town people's intellects, like their manner of life, must all be on a level Even in 1804 Rose's matrimonial prospects were considered so problematical, that 'to marry like Mile. Cormon was a current saying in Alencon, and the most fronteal way of suggesting Such an-one would

never marry at all

The necessity to laugh at some one must indeed be imperious in France, it any one could be found to raise a smile at the expense of that excellent creature. Not merely did she entertain the whole town, she was charit able, she was good; she was incapable of saying a spiteful word; and more than that, she was so much in unison with the whole spirit of the place, its manners and its customs, that she was generally beloved as the very incarnation of the life of the province; she had imbibed all its prejudices and made its interests hers; she had never gone beyond its limits, she adored it; she was embedded in provincial tradition. In spite of her eighteen thousand livres per annum a tolerably large income for the neighbourhood, she accommodated herself to the ways of her less wealthy neighbours. When she went to her country house, the Prebaudet, for instance, she drove over in an old fashioned wicker carrole hung with white leather straps, and fitted with a couple of rusty weather beaten leather curtains, which scarcely closed it in The equipage, drawn by a fat broken winded mare, was known all over the town Jacquelin, the man-servant, cleaned it as exrefully as if it had been the finest hrougham from Paris. Mademoiselle was fond

of it, it had lasted her a dozen years, a fact which she was wont to point out with the triumphant joy of contented parsimony. Most people were grateful to her for forbearing to humiliate them by splendour which she might have flaunted before their eyes, it is even credible that if she had sent for a calèche from Paris, it would have caused more talk than any of her 'disappointments' After all, the finest carriage in the world, like the old-fashioned cariole, could only have taken her to the Prébaudet, and in the provinces they always keep the end in view, and trouble themselves very little about the elegance of the means, provided that they are sufficient

To complete the picture of Mlle Cormon's household and domestic life, several figures must be grouped round Mlle Cormon and the Abbé de Sponde Jacquelin, and Josette, and Mariette, the cook, ministered to the comfort of uncle and niece

Jacquelin, a man of forty, short and stout, dark-haired and ruddy, with a countenance of the Breton sailor type, had been in service in the house for twenty-two years. He waited at table, groomed the mare, worked in the garden, cleaned the Abbé's shoes, ran errands, chopped firewood, drove the cariole, went to the Prébaudet for corn, hay, and straw, and slept like a dormouse in the antechamber of an evening. He was supposed to be fond of Josette, and Josette was six-and-thirty. But if she had married him, Mile Cormon would have dismissed her, and so the poor lovers were fain to save up their wages in silence, and to wait and hope for mademoiselle's marriage, much as the Jews look for the advent of the Messiah

Josette came from the district between Alençon and Mortagne, she was a fat little woman. Her face, which reminded you of a mud-bespattered apricot, was not wanting either in character or intelligence. She was supposed to rule her mistress. Josette and Jacquelin,

feeling sure of the event, found consolation, presumably by discounting the future. Mariette, the cook, had likewise been in the family for fifteen years—she was skilled in the cookery of the country and the preparation of the most esteemed provincial dishes

Perhaps the fat old bay mare, of the Normandy hreed, which Mile. Cormon used to drive to the Prebaudet, ought to count for a good deal, for the affection which the five inmates of the house bore the animal amounted to mania. Penelope, for that was her name, had been with them for eighteen years and so well was she cared for, so regularly tended, that Jacquelin and mademoiselle hoped to get quite another ten years of work out of her Penelope was a stock subject and source of interest in their lives. It seemed as if poor Mile Cormon, with no child of her own, lavished all her maternal affection upon the lucky beast. Almost every human being leading a solitary life in a crowded world will surround himself with a make believe family of some sort, and Penelope took the place of dogs, cars, or convices

These four faithful servants-for Penelopes intelli gence had been trained till it was very nearly on a par with the wits of the other three while they had sunk pretty much into the dumb, submissive jog trot life of the animal-these four retainers came and went and did the same things day after day, with the unfailing regularity of clockwork. But, to use their own expression 'they had eaten their white bread first. Mile Cormon suffered from a fixed idea upon the nerves; and, after the wont of such sufferers, she grew fidgety and hard to please, not by force of nature, but because she had no outlet for her energies. She had neither husband nor children to fill her thoughts, so they fastened upon trifles. She would talk for hours at a stretch of some ioconceivably small matter, of a dozen servicities, for instance, lettered Z, which somehow or other had been put before O

'Why, what can Josette be thinking about?' she cried 'Has she no notion what she is doing?'

Tacquelin chanced to be late in feeding Penelope one afternoon, so every day for a whole week afterwards mademoiselle inquired whether the horse had been fed at two o'clock Her narrow imagination spent itself on small matters A layer of dust forgotten by the feather mop, a slice of scorched toast, an omission to close the shutters on Jacquelin's part when the sun shone in upon furniture and carpets, all these important trifles produced serious trouble, mademoiselle lost her temper over them 'Nothing was the same as it used to be The servants of old days were so changed that she did not know them. They were spoilt. She was too good to them,' and so forth and so forth One day Josette gave her mistress the Journée du Chrétien instead of the Quinzaine de Pâques The whole town heard of the mistake before night. Mademoiselle had been obliged to get up and come out of church, disturbing whole rows of chairs and raising the wildest conjectures, so that she was obliged afterwards to give all her friends a full account of the mishap

'Josette,' she said mildly, when she had come the whole way home from St Leonard's, 'this must never

happen again'

Mile Cormon was far from suspecting that it was a very fortunate thing for her that she could vent her spleen in petty squabbles. The mind, like the body, requires exercise, these quarrels were a sort of mental gymnastics. Josette and Jacquelin took such unevennesses of temper as the agricultural labourer takes the changes of the weather. The three good souls could say among themselves that 'It is a fine day,' or 'It rains,' without murmuring against the powers above. Sometimes in the kitchen of a morning they would wonder in what humour mademoiselle would wake, much as a farmer studies the morning mists. And of

necessity Mile Cormon ended by seeing herself in all the infinitely small details which made up her life. Herself and God, her confessor and her washing-days, the preserves to be made, the services of the church to attend, and the uncle to take care of,—all these things absorbed faculties that were none of the strongest. For her the atoms of life were magnified by virtue of an optical process peculiar to the selfish or the self-absorbed. To so perfectly healthy a woman, the slightest symptom of indigestion was a positively alarming portent. She lived, moreover, under the ferule of the system of medicine practised by our grandsires; a drastic dose fit to kill Penelope, taken four times a year, merely gave Mile, Cormon a fillip.

What tremendous ransackings of the week a dictary if Josette, assisting her mistress to dress, discovered a scarcely visible pimple on shoulders that still boasted a satin skin! What triumph if the maid could hring a certain hare to her mistress a recollection, and trace the accurate pimple to its origin in that too heating article of food! With what joy the two women would

cry, 'It is the hare beyond a doubt !

'Mariette over-seasoned it, mademoiselle would add 'I always tell her not to overdo it for my uncle and me, but Mariette has no more memory than

Than the hare, suggested Josette

'It is the truth, returned mademoiselle; 'she has no more memory than the hare; you have just hit it.

Four times in a year, at the beginning of each sesson, Mile. Cormon went to spend a certain number of days at the Prébaudet It was now the middle of May, when she liked to see how her apple trees had 'snowed, as they say in the cider country, an allusion to the white blossoms strewn in the orchards in the spring. When the circles of fallen petals look like snow drifts under the trees, the proprietor may hope to have abundance of

cider in the autumn Mlle. Cormon estimated her barrels, and at the same time superintended any necessary after-winter repairs, planning out work in the garden and orchard, from which she drew no inconsiderable supplies. Each time of year had its special business

Mademoiselle used to give a farewell dinner to her faithful inner circle before leaving, albeit she would see them again at the end of three weeks. All Alençon knew when the journey was to be undertaken. Any one that had fallen behindhand immediately paid a call, her drawing-room was filled, everybody wished her a prosperous journey, as if she had been starting for Calcutta. Then, in the morning, all the tradespeople were standing in their doorways, every one, great and small, watched the cariole go past, and it seemed as if everybody learned a piece of fresh news when one repeated after another, 'So Mile Cormon is going to the Prébaudet'

One would remark, 'She has bread ready baked, she has!'

And his neighbour would return, 'Eh! my lad, she is a good woman, if property always fell into such hands as hers, there would not be a beggar to be seen in the countryside.'

Or another would exclaim, 'Hullo! I should not wonder if our oldest vines are in flower, for there is Mlle Cormon setting out for the Prébaudet How comes it that she is so little given to marrying?'

'I should be quite ready to marry her, all the same,' a wag would answer. 'The marriage is half made one side is willing, but the other isn't. Pooh! the oven is

heating for M du Bousquier?

'M du Bousquier? She has refused him'

At every house that evening people remarked solemnly, 'Mlle Cormon has gone'

Or perhaps, 'So you have let Mlle Cormon go!'

The Wednesday selected by Suzanne for making a scandal chanced to be this very day of leavetaking, when Mile. Cormon nearly drove Josette to distraction over the packing of the parcels which she meant to take with her A good deal that was done and said in the town that morning was like to lend additional interest to the farewell gathering at night. While the old maid was busily m king preparations for her journey; while the astute Chevaller was playing his game of piquet in the house of Mile Armande de Gordes, sister of the aged Marquis de Gordes, and queen of the anstocratic salon, Mme. Granson had sounded the alarm bell in half a score of houses. There was not a soul but felt some curiosity to see what sort of figure the seducer would cut that evening; and to Mme. Granson and the Chevalier de Valois it was an important matter to know how Mile. Cormon would take the news, in her double quality of marriageable spinster and lady president of the Maternity Fund As for the unsuspecting du Bousquier, he was taking the air on the Parade. He was just beginning to think that Suzanne had made a fool of him; and this suspicion only confirmed the rules which he had laid down with regard to womankind

On these high days the cloth was laid about half past three in the Mason Cormon Four o clock was the state dinner hour in Alencon, on ordinary days they dined at two, as in the time of the Empire; but, then,

they supped I

Mile. Cormon always felt an inexpressible sense of satisfaction when she was dressed to receive her guests as mistress of her house. It was one of the pleasures which she most relished, be it said without malice, though egoism certainly law beneath the feeling. When thus arrayed for conquest, a ray of hope slid across the darkness of her soul; a voice within her cried that nature had not endowed her so abundantly in vain, that surely some enterprising man was about to appear for

her. She felt the younger for the wish, and the fresher for her toilet, she looked at her stout figure with a certain elation, and afterwards, when she went downstairs to submit salon, study, and boudoir to an awful scrutiny, this sense of satisfaction still remained with her. To and fro she went, with the naive contentment of the rich man who feels conscious at every moment that he is rich and will lack for nothing all his life long. She looked round upon her furniture, the eternal furniture, the antiquities, the lacquered panels, and told herself that such fine things ought to have a master.

After admiring the dining-room, where the space was filled by the long table with its snowy cloth, its score of covers symmetrically laid, after going through the rollcall of a squadron of bottles ordered up from the cellar, and making sure that each bore an honourable label; and finally, after a most minute verification of a score of little slips of paper on which the Abbé had written the names of the guests with a trembling hand it was the sole occasion on which he took an active part in the household, and the place of every guest always gave rise to grave discussion after this review, Mlle Cormon in her fine array went into the garden to join her uncle, for at this pleasantest hour of the day he used to walk up and down the terrace beside the Brillante, listening to the twittering of the birds, which, hidden closely among the leaves in the lime-tree walk, knew no fear of boys or sportsmen

Mlle Cormon never came out to the Abbé during these intervals of waiting without asking some hopelessly absurd question, in the hope of drawing the good man into a discussion which might interest him. Her reasons for so doing must be given, for this very characteristic trait adds the finishing touch to her portrait

Mlle Cormon considered it a duty to talk, not that she was naturally loquacious, for, unfortunately, with her dearth of ideas and very limited stock of phrases, it was difficult to hold forth at any length; but she thought that in this way she was fulfilling the social duties prescribed by religion, which bids us be agreeable to our neighbour. It was a duty which weighed so much upon her mind, that she had submitted this case of conscience out of the Child's Guide to Manners to her director, the Abbe Couturier Whereupon, so far from being disarmed by the penitent's humble admission of the violence of her mental struggles to find something to say the old ecclesiastic, being firm in matters of discipline, read her a whole chapter out of St. François de Sales on the Duties of a Woman in the World; on the decent gasety of the pious Christian female, and the duty of confining ber austerities to herself; a woman, according to this authority, ought to be amiable in her home and to act in such a sort that her neighbour never feels dull in her company After this, Mile Cormon, with a deep sense of duty, was anxious to obey her director at any cost. He had bidden her to discourse agreeably, so every time the conversation languished she felt the perapiration breaking out over her with the violence of her exertions to find something to say which should stimulate the flagging interest. She would come out with odd remarks at such times Once she revived, with some success, a discussion on the ubiquity of the apostles (of which she understood not a syllable) hy the nnex pected observation that 'You cannot be in two places at once unless you are a bird With such conversational cues as these, the lady had earned the title of 'dear, good Mile. Cormon in her set, which phrase, in the mouth of local wits, might be taken to mean that she was as ignorant as a carp, and a bit of a 'natural ; but there were plenty of people of her own callbre to take the remark literally, and reply, Oh yes, Mile Cormon is very good !

Sometimes (always in her desire to be ag ccable to her guests and fulfil her duties as a hostess) she asked such absurd questions that everybody burst out laughing. She wanted to know, for example, what the Government did with the taxes which it had been receiving all these years, or how it was that the Bible had not been printed in the time of Christ, seeing that it had been written by Moses. Altogether she was on a par with the English country gentleman, and member of the House of Commons, who made the famous speech in which he said, 'I am always hearing of Posterity, I should very much like to know what Posterity has done for the country.'

On such occasions, the heroic Chevalier de Valois came to the rescue, bringing up all the resources of his wit and tact at the sight of the smiles exchanged by pitiless smatterers He loved to give to woman, did this elderly noble, he lent his wit to Mlle Cormon by coming to her assistance with a paradox, and covered her retreat so well, that sometimes it seemed as if she had said nothing foolish She once owned seriously that she did not know the difference between an ox and a The enchanting Chevalier stopped the roars of laughter by saying that oxen could never be more than uncles to the bullocks Another time, hearing much talk of cattle-breeding and its difficulties a topic which often comes up in conversation in the neighbourhood of the superb du Pin stud she so far grasped the technicalities of horse breeding as to ask, 'Why, if they wanted colts, they did not serve a mare twice a year' Chevalier drew down the laughter upon himself.

'It is quite possible,' said he The company pricked

up their ears.

'The fault lies with the naturalists,' he continued; they have not found out how to breed mares that are less than eleven months in foal'

Poor Mlle. Cormon no more understood the meaning of the words than the difference between the ox and the bull. The Chevalier met with no gratitude for his

pains; his chivalrous services were heyond the reach of the lady's comprehension. She saw that the conversation grew livelier; she was relieved to find that she was not so stupid as she imagined A day came at last when she settled down in her ignorance, like the Duc de Brancas and the hero of Le Distrait, it may be remembered, made himself so comfortable in the ditch after his fall, that when the people came to pull him out, he asked what they wanted with him. Since a somewhat recent period Mile Cormon had lost her fears. She brought out her conversational cues with a self possession akin to that solemn manner-the very coxcombry of stupidity-which accompanies the fatuous utterances of British patriotism

As she went with stately steps towards the terrace therefore, she was chewing the cud of reflection, seeking for some question which should draw her uncle out of a silence which always hurt her feelings; she thought

that he felt dull.

'Uncle, she began, hanging on his arm, and nestling populay close to him (for this was another of her makebelieves, 'If I had a husband, I should do just so ! she thought)-'Uncle, if everything on earth happens by the will of God there must be a reason for everything '

Assuredly, the Ahbé de Sponde answered gravely He loved his niece, and submitted with angelic patience

to be torn from his meditations.

'Then if I never marry at all, it will be because it is the will of God ?'

'Yes, my child

But still, as there is nothing to prevent me from marrying to-morrow, my will perhaps might thwart the will of God?

'That might he so, if we really knew God's will, returned the sub-prior of the Sorbonne. 'Remark, my dear, that you insert an if'

Poor Rose was bewildered. She had hoped to lead her uncle to the subject of marriage by way of an argument ad omnipotentem. But the naturally obtuse are wont to adopt the remorseless logic of childhood, which is to say, they proceed from the answer to another question, a method frequently found embarrassing.

But, uncle,' she persisted, 'God cannot mean women never to marry, for if He did, all of them ought to be either unmarried or married Their lots are distributed

unjustly'

'My child,' said the good Abbé, 'you are finding fault with the Church, which teaches that celibacy is a more excellent way to God'

But if the Church was right, and everybody was a good Catholic, there would soon be no more people,

uncle'

'You are too ingenious, Rose, there is no need to be

so ingenious to be happy?

Such words brought a smile of satisfaction to poor Rose's lips and confirmed her in the good opinion which she began to conceive of herself. Behold how the world, like our friends and enemies, contributes to strengthen our faults. At this moment guests began to arrive, and the conversation was interrupted. On these high festival occasions, the disposition of the rooms brought about little familiarities between the servants and invited guests. Mariette saw the President of the Tribunal, a triple expansion glutton, as he passed by her kitchen

'Oh, M du Ronceret, I have been making cauliflower au gratin on purpose for you, for mademoiselle knows how fond you are of it "Mind you do not fail with it, Mariette," she said, "M le Président is coming",

'Good Mile. Cormon,' returned the man of law 'Mariette, did you baste the cauliflowers with gravy instead of stock? It is more savoury' And the Presi-

dent did not disdain to enter the council-chamber where Manette ruled the roast, nor to east an epicures eye over her preparations, and give his opinion as a master of the eraft.

'Good-day, madame, said Josette, addressing Mme Granson, who sedulously cultivated the waiting woman 'Mademoiselle has not forgotten you; you are to have a dish of fish.'

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As for the Chevalier de Valois, he spoke to Mariette with the jocularity of a great noble unbending to an inferior-

'Well, dear cordon bleu, I would give you the Cross of the Legion of Honour if I could; tell me, is there any dainty mortel for which one ought to save oneself! 'Yes, Yes, M de Valois, a hare from the Prebaudet

it weighed fourteen pounds !

'That's a good girl,' said the Chevalier patting Josette on the cheek with two fingers 'Ah! weighs

fourteen pounds, does it?

Du Bousquier was not of the party Mile Cormon treated him hardly, faithful to her system before described. In the very bottom of her heart she felt an inexplicable drawing towards this man of fifty, whom she had once refused. Sometimes she repented of that refusal, and yet she had a presentiment that she should marry him after all, and a dread of him which forbade her to wish for the marriage. These ideas stimulated her interest in du Bousquier. The Republican's her culean proportions produced an effect upon her which she would not admit to herself; and the Chevalier de Valors and Mme Granson, while they could not explain Mile Cormon's inconsistencies, had detected naive, furtive glances, sufficiently clear in their significance to set them both on the watch to ruln the hopes which du Bousquier clearly entertained in spite of a first check.

Two guests kept the others waiting, but their official

duties excused them both. One was M. du Coudrai, registrar of mortgages, the other, M. Choisnel, had once acted as land-steward to the Marquis de Gordes. Choisnel was the notary of the old noblesse, and received everywhere among them with the distinction which his merits deserved, he had besides a not inconsiderable private fortune. When the two late comers arrived, Jacquelin, the man-servant, seeing them turn to go into the drawing-room, came forward with, "They" are all in the garden."

The registrar of mortgages was one of the most amiable men in the town There were but two things against him he had married an old woman for her money in the first place, and in the second it was his habit to perpetrate outrageous puns, at which he was the first to laugh But, doubtless, the stomachs of the guests were growing impatient, for at first sight he was hailed with that faint sigh which usually welcomes last comers under such circumstances Pending the official announcement of dinner, the company strolled up and down the terrace by the Brillante, looking out over the stream with its bed of mosaic and its water-plants, at the so picturesque details of the row of houses huddled together on the opposite bank, the old-fashioned wooden balconies, the tumble-down window sills, the balks of timber that shored up a story projecting over the river, the cabinetmaker's workshop, the tiny gardens where odds and ends of clothing were hanging out to dry It was, in short, the poor quarter of a country town, to which the near neighbourhood of the water, a weeping willow drooping over the bank, a rosebush or so, and a few flowers, had lent an indescribable charm, worthy of a landscape painter's brush

The Chevalier meanwhile was narrowly watching the faces of the guests He knew that his firebrand had very successfully taken hold of the best coteries in the town, but no one spoke openly of Suzanne and du

Bousquier and the great news as yet. The art of distilling scandal is possessed by provincials in a supreme degree. It was felt that the time was not yet ripe for open discussion of the strange event. Every one was bound to go through a private rehearsal first. So it was whispered-

'Have you heard?'

G es.

Du Bousquier 11

4 And the fair Suzanne

Does Mile. Cormon know anything i 'No

Ab!

This was gossip from , presently destined to swell into a creterids when they were ready to discuss the

first dish of scandal

All of a sudden the Chevalier confronted Mme Granson That lady had sported her green bonnes, trimmed with auneulas; her face was beaming. Was she simply longing to begin the concert? Such news is as good as a gold mine to be worked in the monotonous lives of these people ; but the observant and uneasy Chevalier fancled that he read something more in the good lady s expression-to wit, the exultation of self interest! At once he turned to look at Athanase, and detected in his silence the signs of profound concentration of some kind. In another moment the young man's glance at Mile. Cormon's figure, which suffi ciently resembled a pair of regimental kettledrums, shot a sudden light across the Chevalier's brain By that gleam he could read the whole past.

'Egad I' he said so himself, 'what a slap in the face I

have laid myself out to get I

He went across so offer his arm to Mile. Cormon, so that he might afterwards take her in to dinner She regarded the Chevalier with respectful esteem; for, in truth, with his name and position in the aristocratic

the most constellations of the province, he was one of of hearts. brilliant ornaments of her salon In her hear me during she had longed to be Mme de Valois at any t branch for the past twelve years The name was like a about the swarming thoughts of her brain to cling ality, and fulfilled all her ideals as to the birth, qu'Chevalier externals of an eligible man But while the and social de Valois was the choice of heart and brain was like a ambition, the elderly ruin, curled though he mon with St John of a procession-day, filled Mlle Corloble, the dismay, the heiress saw nothing but the nd. woman could not think of him as a husbariage, and Chevalier's affectation of indifference to mar ouseful of still more his unimpeachable character in a hry to work-girls, had seriously injured him, contrainarsighted own expectations The man of quality, so cle on this in the matter of the annuity, miscalculated ware that subject, and Mlle Cormon herself was not a onducted her private reflections upon the too well-c remark, Chevalier might have been translated by the What a pity that he is not a little bit of a rak

ese lean-Students of human nature have remarked thered at a ings of the saint towards the sinner, and wond Christian tasteso little in accordance, as they imagine, with liny for a But, to go no further, what nobler designfter the virtuous woman than the task of cleansing, How is manner of charcoal, the turbid waters of vice? treatures, it that nobody has seen that these generous fidelity, confined by their principles to strict conjugal experimust naturally desire a mate of great practicad A reformed rake makes the best husban jigh over so it came to pass that the poor spinster must p pieces. the chosen vessel, offered her as it were in two alois and Heaven alone could weld the Chevalier du V du Bousquier in one

changed ' If the significance of the few words to be between the Chevalier and Mile

properly understood, it is necessary to put other mat ters before the reader Two very serious questions were dividing Alencon into two camps, and, more over, du Bousquier was mixed up in both affairs in some mysterious way The first of these debates con cerned the curé. He had taken the oath of allegiance in the time of the Revolution and oow was living down orthodox prejudices by setting an example of the loftiest goodness. He was a Cheverus on a smaller scale, and so much was he appreciated, that when he died the whole town wept for him. Mile, Cormon and the Ahbé de Sponde belonged, however, to the minority, to the Church sublime to its orthodoxy, a section which was to the Court of Rome as the Ultras were shortly to be to the Court of Louis XVIII The Ahbe, to perticular, declined to recognise the Church that had submitted to force and made terms with the Constitutionnels. the cure was never seen in the salon of the Maison Cormon, and the sympathies of its frequenters were with the officiating priest of St Leonard's, the aristocratic church in Alencon Du Bousquier, that rahid Liberal under a Royalist's skip, knew how occessary it is to find standards to rally the discontented, who form, as it were, the back shop of every opposition, and there fore he had already enlisted the sympathics of the trad ing classes for the curé.

Now for the second affair The same blunt diplomatist
was the secret instigator of a scheme for hulding a
theatre, an idea which had only lately sprouted in
Alençon Du Bousquier's zealots knew not their
Mahomet, but they were the more sident in their
defence of what they believed to he their own plan
Ath na e was one of the very hottest of the partisans io
favour of the theatre; in the mayor's office for several
days past he had been pleading for the cause which all
the younger men had taken up

To return to the Chevalier He offered his arm to

Mlle Cormon, who thanked him with a radiant glance for this attention For all answer, the Chevalier indicated Athanase by a meaning look

'Mademoiselle,' he began, 'as you have such wellbalanced judgment in matters of social convention, and

as that young man is related to you in some way

'Very distantly,' she broke in

'Ought you not to use the influence which you possess with him and his mother to prevent him from going utterly to the bad? He is not very religious as it is, he defends that perjured priest, but that is nothing It is a much more serious matter, is he not plunging thoughtlessly into opposition without realising how his conduct may affect his prospects? He is scheming to build this theatre, he is the dupe of that Republican in disguise, du Bousquier

Dear me, M de Valois, his mother tells me that he is so clever, and he has not a word to say for himself, he always stands planted before you like a statute

'Of limitations,' cried the registrar 'I caught that flying I present my devoars to the Chevalier de Valois, he added, saluting the latter with the exaggeration of Henri Monnier as 'Joseph Prudhomme,' an admirable type of the class to which M du Coudrai belonged

M de Valois, in return, gave him the abbreviated patronising nod of a noble standing on his dignity, then he drew Mlle Cormon further along the terrace by the distance of several flower-pots, to make the registrar

understand that he did not wish to be overheard

Then, lowering his voice, he bent to say in Mlle Cormon's ear 'How can you expect that lads educated in these detestable Imperial Lyceums should have any Great ideas and a lofty love can only come of right courses and nobleness of life It is not difficult to foresee, from the look of the poor fellow, that he will be weak in his intellect and come to a miserable end See how pale and haggard he looks!'

'His mother says that he works far too hard,' she replied innocently 'He spends his nights, think of it! in reading books and writing. What good can it possibly do a young man's prospects to sit up writing at night?'

Why, it exhausts him, said the Chevalier, trying to bring the lady's thoughts back to the point, which was to disgust her with Athanase "The things that went on in those Imperial Lyceums were something really

shocking'

'Oh yes,' said the simple lady 'Did they not make them walk out with drums in front? The masters had no more religion than heathens; and they put them in uniform, poor boys, exactly as if they had been soldiers. What notions!'

'And see what comes of st,' continued the Chevalier, indicating Athanase. 'In my time, where was the young man that could not look a pretty woman in the face! Now, he lowers his eyes as soon as he sees you. That young man alarms me, because I am interested in him. Tell him not to intrigue with Bonaparisis, as he is doing, to build this theatre; if these little youngsters do not raise an insurrection and demand it (for insurrection and constitution, to my mind, are two words for the same thing), the authorities will build it. And tell his mother to look after him.

'Oh, she will not allow him to see these half pay people or to keep low company, I am sure. I will speak to him about it, said Mile. Cormon; 'the might lose his situation at the mayors office. And then what would they do, he and his mother? It makes you shudder

As M de Talleyrand said of his wife so said the Chevalier within himself at that moment, as he looked at the lady—

'If there is a stupider woman, I should like to see her On the honour of a gentleman, if virtue make a woman so stupid as this, is it not a vice? And yet, what an adorable wife she would make for a man of my age! What principle! What ignorance of life!'

Please to bear in mind that these remarks were addressed to the Princess Goritza during the manipula-

tion of a pinch of snuff

Mme Granson felt instinctively that the Chevalier was talking of Athanase. In her eagerness to know what he had been saying, she followed Mlle Cormon, who walked up to the young man in question, putting out six feet of dignity in front, but at that very moment Jacquelin announced that 'Mademoiselle was served,' and the mistress of the house shot an appealing glance at the Chevalier. But the gallant registrar of mortgages was beginning to see a something in M. de Valois's manner, a glimpse of the barrier which the noblesse were about to raise between themselves and the bourgeoisie, so, delighted with a chance to cut out the Chevalier, he crooked his arm, and Mlle Cormon was obliged to take M de Valois, from motives of policy, fastened upon Mme Granson.

'Mlle Cormon takes the liveliest interest in your dear 'Athanase, my dear lady,' he said, as they slowly followed in the wake of the other guests, 'but that interest is falling off through your son's fault He is lax and Liberal in his opinions, he is agitating for this theatre, he is mixed up with the Bonapartists, he takes the part of the Constitutionnel curé This line of conduct may cost him his situation You know how carefully his Majesty's government is weeding the service If your dear Athanase is once cashiered, where will he find employment? He must not get into bad odour with the authorities'

'Oh, M le Chevalier,' cried the poor startled mother, 'what do I not owe you for telling me this! You are right, my boy is a tool in the hands of a bad set, I will open his eyes to his position?

It was long since the Chevalier had sounded Athanase's

character at a glance. He saw in the depths of the young man's nature the scarcely malleable material of Republican convictions; a lad at that age will sacrifice everything for such ideas If he is smitten with the word Liberty, that so vague, so little comprehended word which is like a standard of revolt for those at the bottom of the wheel for whom revolt means revenge. Athanase was sure to stick to his opinions, for he had woven them, with his artist's sorrows and his embittered views of the social framework, into his political creed. He was ready to sacrifice his future at the outset for these opinions, not knowing that he, like all men of real ability, would have seen reason to modify them by the time he reached the age of six and thirty, when a man has formed his own conclusions of life, with its Intricate relations and Interdependences. If Athanase was faithful to the opposition in Alencon, he would fall into disgrace with Mile Cormon Thus far the Chevalier saw clearly

And so this little town, so peaceful in appearance, was to the full as much agitated internally as any con gress of diplomates, when craft and guile and passion and self interest are met to discuss the weightiest,

questions between empire and empire.

Meanwhile the guests gathered about the table were earling their way through the first course as people eat in the provinces, without a blush for an honest appetite; whereas, in Paris, it would appear that our jaws are controlled by sumptuary edicts which deliberately set the laws of anatomy at defiance. We eat with the tips of our teeth in Paris, we filch the pleasures of the table, but in the provinces things are taken more naturally; possibly existence centres a little too much about the great and universal method of maintenance to which God condemns all His creatures. It was at the end of the first course that Mile Cormon brought out the most celebrated of all her conversational cues; it was talked of for two years afterwards; it is guoted even now, indeed,

in the sub-bourgeois strata of Alençon whenever her marriage is under discussion. Over the last entrée but one, the conversation waxed lively and wordy, turning, as might have been expected, upon the affair of the theatre and the curé. In the first enthusiasm of Royalism in 1816, those extremists, who were afterwards called les Jésuites du pays, were for expelling the Abbé François from his cure M de Valois suspected du Bousquier of supporting the priest and instigating the intrigues, at any rate, the noble Chevalier piled the burdens on du Bousquier's back with his wonted skill, and du Bousquier, being unrepresented by counsel, was con-demned and put in the pillory Among those present, Athanase was the only person sufficiently frank to stand up for the absent, and he felt that he was not in a position to bring out his ideas before these Alençon magnates, of whose intellects he had the meanest opinion. Only in the provinces nowadays will you find young men keeping a respectful countenance before people of a certain age without daring to have a fling at their elders or to contradict them too flatly To resume On the advent of some delicious canards aux olives, the conversation first decidedly flagged, and then suddenly dropped dead. Mile Cormon, emulous of her own poultry, invented another canard in her anxiety to defend du Bousquier, who had been represented as an arch-concoctor of intrigue, and a man to set mountains fighting

'For my own part,' said she, 'I thought that M du Bousquier gave his whole attention to childish matters.'

Under the circumstances, the epigram produced a tremendous effect Mile Cormon had a great success; she brought the Princess Goritza face downwards on the table. The Chevalier, by no means expecting his Dulcinea to say anything so much to the purpose, could find no words to express his admiration, he applauded after the Italian fashion, noiselessly, with the tips of his fingers

'She is adorably witty,' he sald, turning to Mme. Granson, 'I have always said that she would unmask ber batteries some day?

But when you know her very well, she is charming,

said the widow

'All women, madame, have espert when you know them well.

When the Homeric Liughter subsided, Mile Cormon asked for an explanation of her success. Then the chorus of scandal grew to a height. Du Bousquier was transformed into a bachelor Pere Gigogne; it was be who filled the Foundling Hospital; the immorality of bls life was laid bare at last; it was all of a piece with his Paris orgies and so forth and so forth Led by the Chevalier de Valois, the eleverest of conductors of this kind of orchestra, the overture was something magnificent

"I do not know," said he, with much indulgence, what there could possibly be to prevent a du Bousquier from marrying a Mademoiselle Suzanne whatever it is, what do you call her? Suzette! I only know the children by sight, though I lodge with Mme Lardot. If this Suzon is a tall, fine-looking forward sort of girl with grey eyes, a slender figure, and little feet-I have not paid much attention to these things, but she seemed to me to be very insolent and very much du Bousquer's superior in the matter of manners. Besides, Suzanne has the nobility of beauty; from that point of view, she would certainly make a marriage beneath her Emperor Joseph, you know, had the currosity to go to see the du Barry at Luciennes. He offered her his arm and when the poor courtesan, overcome by such an honour, hentated to take it, "Beauty is always a queen" said the Emperor Remark that the Emperor Joseph was an Austrian German, added the Chevalier; but, believe me, that Germany, which we think of as a very boorish country, is really a land of noble chivalry and fine manners, especially towards Poland and Hungary, where there are 'Here the Chevalier broke off, fearing to make an allusion to his own happy fortune in the past, he only took up his snuff-box and confided the rest to the Princess who had smiled on him for thirty-six years

'The speech was delicately considerate for Louis xv,'

said du Ronceret

'But we are talking of the Emperor Joseph, I believe,'

returned Mlle Cormon, with a little knowing air

'Mademoiselle,' said the Chevalier, seeing the wicked glances exchanged by the President, the registrar, and the notary, 'Mme du Barry was Louis Quinze's Suzanne, a fact known well enough to us scapegraces, but which young ladies are not expected to know Your ignorance shows that the diamond is flawless The corruptions of history have not so much as touched you'

At this the Abbé de Sponde looked graciously upon M. de Valois and bent his head in laudatory approval

Do you not know history, mademoiselle ? asked the

registrar

If you muddle up Louis xv and Suzanne, how can you expect me to know your history? was Mlle Cormon's angelic reply She was so pleased! The dish was empty and the conversation revived to such purpose that everybody was laughing with their mouths full at her last observation

'Poor young thing!' said the Abbé de Sponde 'When once trouble comes, that love grown divine called charity is as blind as the pagan love, and should see nothing of the causes of the trouble. You are President of the Maternity Society, Rose, this child will need help, it will not be easy for her to find a husband'

'Poor child !' said Mlle Cormon

'Is du Bousquier going to marry her, do you suppose?' asked the President of the Tribunal

'It would be his duty to do so if he were a decent

man, said Mme Granson; but, really, my dog has better notions of decency

'And yet Azor is a great forager,' put in the registrar, trying a joke this time as a change from

a pun

They were still talking of du Bousquier over the dessert. He was the butt of uncounted playful jests, which grew more and more thunder-charged under the influence of wine. Led off by the registrar, they followed up one pun with another. Du Bousquier's character was now ap-parent be was not a father of the church, oor a reverend father, nor yet a conscript father, and so on and so 00, till the Abbé de Sponde said, 'In any case, be is not a foster father, with a gravity that checked the laughter

'Nor a beavy father,' added the Chevalier

The Church and the aristocracy had descended into the arena of word play without loss of dignity

'Hush! said the registrar, I can hear du Bousquier's boots creaking; be is in over shoes over boots, and no mistake.

It nearly always happens that when a man's name is in every ones mouth, he is the last to hear what is said of him the whole town may be talking of him, slandering him or crying him down, and if he has no friends to repeat what other people say of him, he is not likely to hear it. So the blameless du Bousquier, du Bousquier who would fain have been guilty, who withed that Suzanne had not hed to him, was supremely unconscious of all that was taking place. Nobody had spoken to him of Suzanne's revelations; for that matter, everybody thought it indiscrect to ask questions about the affair, when the man most concerned sometimes possesses secrets which compel him to keep silence. So when people adjourned for coffee to the drawing room, where several evening visitors were already assembled, du Bousquier wore an irrestitible and slightly fattuous ar

Mlle. Cormon, counselled by confusion, dared not look towards the terrible seducer. She took possession of Athanase and administered a lecture, bringing out the oddest assortment of the commonplaces of Royalist doctrines and edifying truisms. As the unlucky poet had no snuff-box with a portrait of a princess on the lid to sustain him under the shower-bath of foolish utterances, it was with a vacant expression that he heard his adored lady. His eyes were fixed on that enormous bust, which maintained the absolute repose characteristic of great masses. Desire wrought a kind of intoxication in him. The old maid's thin, shrill voice became low music for his ears, her platitudes were fraught with ideas.

Love is an utterer of false coin, he is always at work transforming common copper into gold louis, sometimes, also, he makes his seeming halfpence of fine gold.

'Well, Athanase, will you promise me?'

The final phrase struck on the young man's ear, he woke with a start from a blissful dream.

'What, mademoiselle?' returned he

Mlle Cormon rose abruptly and glanced across at du Bousquier At that moment he looked like the brawny fabulous deity, whose likeness you behold upon Republican three-franc pieces She went over to Mme Granson and said in a confidential tone

'Your son is weak in his intellect, my poor friend That lyceum has been the ruin of him,' she added, recollecting how the Chevalier de Valois had insisted

on the bad education given in those institutions

Here was a thunderbolt! Poor Athanase had had his chance of flinging fire upon the dried stems heaped up in the old maid's heart, and he had not known it! If he had but listened to her, he might have made her understand, for in Mlle Cormon's present highly-wrought mood a word would have been enough, but the very force of the stupefying cravings of love-sick

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youth had spoiled his chances; so sometimes a child full of life kills himself through ignorance

'What can you have been saying to Mile Cormon?'

asked his mother

'Nothing

Nothing?—I will have this cleared up, she said, and put off serious husiness to the morrow; du Bousquier was hopelessly lost, she thought, and the speech

troubled her very little.

Soon the four card tables received their complement of players. Four persons sat down to piquet, the most expensive amusement of the evening, over which a good deal of money changed hands. M Choisnel, the attorney for the crown, and a couple of ladies went to the red-lacquered cabinet for a game of tric trac. The candles in the wall sconces were lighted, and then the flower of Mile. Cormon's set blossomed out about the fire, on the setteets, and about the tables. Each new couple, on entering the room, made the same remark to Mile. Cormon, 'So you are going to the Prébaudet to-morrow?'

'Yes, I really must, she said, in answer to each

All through the evening the hostess were a preoccupied air Mine. Granson was the first to see that she was not at all like herself Mile Cormon was thinking

'What are you thinking about, cousin? Mone, Granson asked at last, finding her sitting in the

boudoir

"I am thinking of that poor girl Am I not patroness of the Maternity Society? I will go now to find ten crowns for you

'Ten crewn: /' exclaimed Mme, Granson 'Why, you have never given so much to any one before!'

But, my dear, it is so natural to have a child

This improper cry from the heart struck the treasurer of the Maternity Society dumh from sheer astonishment

Du Bousquier had actually gone up in Mlle Cormon's

opinion !

Really,' began Mme Granson, 'du Bousquier is not merely a monster he is a villain into the bargain When a man has spoiled somebody else's life, it is his duty surely to make amends. It should be his part rather than ours to rescue this young person; and when all comes to all, she is a bad girl, it seems to me, for there are better men in Alençon than that cynic of a du Bousquier. A girl must be shameless indeed to have anything to do with him.'

'Cynic? Your son, dear, teaches you Latin words that are quite beyond me. Certainly I do not want to make excuses for M du Bousquier, but explain to me why it is immoral for a woman to prefer one man to

another?

Dear cousin, suppose now that you were to marry my Athanase, there would be nothing but what was very natural in that. He is young and good-looking, he has a future before him, Alencon will be proud of him some day. But every one would think that you took such a young man as your husband for the sake of greater conjugal felicity Slanderous tongues would say that you were making a sufficient provision of bliss for yourself There would be sealous women to bring charges of depravity against you But what would it matter to you? You would be dearly loved loved sincerely If Athanase seemed to you to be weak of intellect, my dear, it is because he has too many ideas Extremes He is as clean in his life as a girl of fifteen, he has not wallowed in the pollutions of Paris. now, change the terms, as my poor husband used to say It is relatively just the same situation as du Bousquier's and Suzanne's But what would be slander in your case is true in every way of du Bousquier. Now do you understand?'

'No more than if you were talking Greek,' said Rose

Cormon, opening wide eyes and exerting all the powers

of her understanding

Well, then, consin, since one must put dots on all the is, it is quite out of the question that Suzanne should love du Bousquier. And when the heart counts for nothing in such an affair.

'Why, really, cousin, how should people love if not

with their hearts?

At this Mme. Granson thought within herself, as the Chevalier had thought—

'The poor cousin is too innocent by far This goes beyond the permissible Aloud she said, 'Dear gurl, it ere to me that a child is not conceived of spirit alone.

'Why, yes, dear, for the Holy Virgin

But, my dear, good girl, du Bousquier is not the

Holy Ghost.

'That is true,' returned the spinster; 'he is a mana man dangerous enough for his friends to recommend him strongly to marry'

'You, cousin, might bring that about

'Oh, how?' cried the spinster, with a glow of Christian charity

Decline to receive him until he takes a wife. For the sake of religion and morality, you ought to make

an example of him under the circumstances.

We will talk of this again, dear Mme. Granson, when I come back from the Prebaudet. I will ask advice of my uncle and the Abbé Conturier, and Mile. Cormoo went back to the large drawing room. The liveliest hour of the evening had begun,

The lights, the groups of well-dressed women, the serious and magisterial air of the assembly, filled Mille Common with pride in the aristoratic appearance of the rooms, a pride to which her guests all shared. There were plenty of people who thought that the finest company of Paris itself was no finer. At that moment

du Bousquier, playing a rubber with M. de Valois and two elderly ladies, Mme du Coudrai and Mme du Ronceret, was the object of suppressed curiosity. Several women came up on the pretext of watching the game, and gave him such odd, albeit furtive, glances that the old bachelor at last began to think that there must be something amiss with his appearance.

'Can it be that my toupet is askew?' he asked himself And he felt that all-absorbing uneasiness to which the elderly bachelor is peculiarly subject. A blunder gave him an excuse for leaving the table at the end of the

seventh rubber

'I cannot touch a card but I lose,' he said, 'I am

decidedly too unlucky at cards?

'You are lucky in other respects,' said the Chevalier, with a knowing look Naturally, the joke made the round of the room, and every one exclaimed over the exquisite breeding shown by the Prince Talleyrand of Alençon

'There is no one like M de Valois for saying such things,' said the niece of the curé of St Leonard's

Du Bousquier went up to the narrow mirror above 'The Deserter,' but he could detect nothing unusual

Towards ten o'clock, after innumerable repetitions of the same phrase with every possible variation, the long ante-chamber began to fill with visitors preparing to embark, Mlle Cormon convoying a few favoured guests as far as the perron for a farewell embrace Knots of guests took their departure, some in the direction of the Brittany road and the château, and others turning towards the quarter by the Sarthe And then began the exchange of remarks with which the streets had echoed at the same hour for a score of years There was the inevitable, 'Mlle Cormon looked very well this evening'

'Mlle. Cormon? She looked strange, I thought'

'How the Abbé stoops, poor man! And how he goes

to sleep—did you see? He never knows where the cards are now; his mind wanders.

'We shall be very sorry to lose him.

'It is a fine night. We shall have a fine day tomorrow

'Fine weather for the apples to set'

'You beat us to-night; you always do when M de Valois is your partner

'Then how much did he win?'

'To-night l Why, he won three or four francs. He never loses.'

'Faith, no There are three hundred and sixty five days in the year, you know; at that rate, whist is as good as a farm for him

'Oh! what bad luck we had to-night!

"You are very fortunate, monsieur and madame, here you are at your own doorstep, while we have half the town to c oss.

"I do not pity you; you could keep a carriage if you

liked, you need not go afoot.

"Ah! monsieur, we have a daughter to marry (that means one wheel), and a son to keep in Paris, and that takes the other."

'Are you still determined to make a magistrate of

him ?

"What can one do? You must do something with a boy, and besides, it is no disgrace to serve the King

Sometimes a discussion on eider or flax was continued on the way, the very same things heing said at the same season year after year. If any observer of human nature had lived in that particular street, their conversation would have supplied him with an alm nac. At this moment, however, the talk was of a decidedly Rabelaisan turn for du Bousquier, walking on ghead by himself, was humming the well-known tune. Femma sensible entends in his remage? without a suspicion of its appre-

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priateness Some of the party held that du Bousquier was uncommonly long-headed, and that people judged him unjustly. President du Ronceret inclined towards this view since he had been confirmed in his post by a new royal decree The rest regarded the forage-contractor as a dangerous man of lax morals, of whom anything might be expected In the provinces, as in Paris, public men are very much in the position of the statue in Addison's ingenious fable. The statue was erected at a place where four roads met, two cavaliers coming up on opposite sides declared, the one that it was white, the other that it was black, until they came to blows, and both of them lying on the ground discovered that it was black on one side and white on the other, while a third cavalier coming up to their assistance affirmed that it was red

When the Chevalier de Valois reached home, he said to himself 'It is time to spread a report that I am going to marry Mlle Cormon The news shall come from the d'Esgrignon's salon, it shall go straight to the Bishop's palace at Séez and come back through one of the vicars-general to the curé of St Leonard's. will not fail to tell the Abbé Couturier, and in this way Mlle Cormon will receive the shot well under the water-line The old Marquis d'Esgrignon is sure to ask the Abbé de Sponde to dinner to put a stop to gossip which might injure Mlle Cormon if I fail to come forward, or me, if she refuses me The Abbé shall be well and duly entangled, and after a call from Mlle de Gordes, in the course of which the grandeur and the prospects of the alliance will be put before Mlle Cormon, she is not likely to hold out The Abbé will leave her more than a hundred thousand crowns, and as for her, she must have put by more than a hundred thousand livres by this time, she has her house, the Prébaudet, and some fifteen thousand livres per annum One word to my friend the Comte de

Fontaine, and I am Mayor of Alençon, and deputy; then, once seated on the right hand benches, the way to a peerage is cleared by a well timed cry of "Cloture," or "Order"?

When Mme. Granson reached home, she had a warm explanation with her son. He could not be made to understand the connection between his political opinions and his love. It was the first quarrel which had troubled the peace of the poor little household.

Next morning, at nine o clock, Mile. Cormon, packed lato the cariole with Josette by her side, drove up the Rue Saint Blaise on her way to the Prebaudet, looking like a pyramid above an ocean of packages. And the event which was to surprise her there and hasten on her marriage was unseen as yet by Mme. Granson, or du Bousquier, or M de Valois, or by Mile. Cormon herself Chance is the greatest artist of all

On the morrow of mademoiselles arrival at the Prebaudet, she was very harmlessly engaged in taking her eight o clock heakfast, while she listened to the reports of her bailiff and gardener when Jacquelin, in

a great flurry, hurst into the dining room

'Mademoiselle,' cried he, 'M' l Ahbe has sent an express messenger to you; that boy of Mother Grosmort s has come with a letter

The lad left Alençon before daybreak, and yet here he is 'He came almost as fast as Penelope. Ought he to have a glass of wine?'

What can have happeoed, Josette? Can uncle

He would not have written If he was,' said the woman, guessing her mistress s fears.

Mile Cormon glanced over the first few lines

'Quick I quick I she cried 'Tell Jacquelin to put Penelope in —Get ready, child, have everything packed in half an hour, we are going back to town, she added, turning to Josette.

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'Jacquelin!' called Josette, excited by the expression of Mlle Cormon's face. Jacquelin on receiving his orders came back to the house to expostulate.

'But, mademoiselle, Penelope has only just been fed.'

'Eh i what does that matter to me?' I want to start this moment'

'But, mademoiselle, it is going to rain.'
'Very well We shall be wet through'

'The house is on fire,' muttered Josette, vexed because her mistress said nothing, but read her letter through to the end, and then began again at the beginning.

'Just finish your coffee at any rate. Don't upset your-

self! See how red you are in the face?

'Red in the face, Josette!' exclaimed Mlle. Cormon, going up to the mirror, and as the quick-silvered sheet had come away from the glass, she beheld her countenance doubly distorted 'Oh, dear!' she thought, 'I shall look ugly! Come, come, Josette, child, help me to dress I want to be ready before Jacquelin puts Penelope in If you cannot put all the things into the chaise, I would rather leave them here than lose a minute'

If you have fully comprehended the degree of monomania to which Mlle. Cormon had been driven by her desire to marry, you will share her excitement. Her worthy uncle informed her that M de Troisville, a retired soldier from the Russian service, the grandson of one of his best friends, wishing to settle down in Alençon, had asked for his hospitality for the sake of the Abbé's old friendship with the mayor, his grandfather, the Vicomte de Troisville of the reign of Louis xv. M de Sponde, in alarm, begged his niece to come home at once to help him to entertain the guest and to do the honours of the house, for as there had been some delay in forwarding the letter, M de Troisville might be expected to drop in upon him that very evening.

How was it possible after reading that letter to give

any attention to affairs at the Prébaudet? The tenant and the bailiff, beholding their mistress a dismay, lay low and waited for orders. When they stopped her passage to ask for instructions, Mile. Cormon, the despotic old maid, who saw to everything herself at the Prébaudet, answered them with an 'As you please, which struck them dumh with amazement. This was the mistress who carried administrative zeal to such lengths that she counted the fruit and entered it under headings, so that she could regulate the consumption by the quantity of each sort l

'I must be dreaming, I think, said Josette, when she saw her mistress flying upstairs like some elephant on

which God should have bestowed wings

In a little while, in spite of the pelting rain, made moiselle was driving away from the Prebaudet, leaving her people to have things all their own way Jacquelin dared not take it upon himself to drive the placed Penelope any faster than her usual jog trot pace and the old mare, something like the fair queen after whom ahe was named, seemed to take a step back for every step forward. Beholding this, mademoiselle bade Jacquelin, in a vinegar voice, to urge the poor astonished beast to a gallop, and to use the whip if necessary, so appalling was the thought that M. de. Troisville might arrive before the house was ready for him A grandson of an old friend of her uncle s could not be much over forty, she thought; a military man must infallibly be a bachelor She vowed inwardly that, with her uncles help, M. de Troisville should not depart in the estate in which he entered the Masson Cormon galloped; but mademoiselle, absorbed in dresses and dreams of a wedding night, told Jacquelin again and again that he was standing still. She fidgeted in her seat, without voucheafing any answer to Josette's questions, and talked to herself as if she were revolving mighty matters in her mind,

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At last the cariole turned into the long street of Alençon, known as the Rue Saint-Blaise if you come in on the side of Mortagne, the Rue de la Porte de Séez by the time you reach the sign of the Three Moors, and lastly as the Rue du Bercail, when it finally debouches into the high road into Brittany. If Mlle Cormon's departure for the Prébaudet made a great noise in Alençon, anybody can imagine the hubbub caused by her return on the following day, with the driving rain lashing her face Everybody remarked Penelope's furious pace, Jacquelin's sly looks, the earliness of the hour, the bundles piled up topsy-turvy, the lively conversation between mistress and maid, and, more than all things, the impatience of the party

The Troisville estates lay between Alençon and Mortagne Josette, therefore, knew about the different branches of the family A word let fall by her mistress just as they reached the pavé of Alençon put Josette in possession of the facts, and a discussion sprang up, in the course of which the two women settled between themselves that the expected guest must be a man of forty or forty-two, a bachelor, neither rich nor poor. Mademoiselle saw herself Vicomtesse de Troisville

'And here is uncle telling me nothing, knowing nothing, and wanting to know nothing! Oh, so like uncle! He would forget his nose if it was not fastened to his face.'

Have you not noticed how mature spinsters, under these circumstances, grow as intelligent, fierce, bold, and full of promises as a Richard III? To them, as to clerics in liquor, nothing is sacred

In one moment, from the upper end of the Rue Saint-Blaise to the Porte de Séez, the town of Alençon heard of Mlle Cormon's return with aggravating circumstances, heard with a mighty perturbation of its vitals and trouble of the organs of life public and domestic. Cook-maids, shopkeepers, and passers-by carried the news

from door to door, then, without delay, it circulated in the upper spheres, and almost simultaneously the words, 'Mile. Cormon has come back, exploded like a bomb in

every house.

Meanwhile Jacquelin climbed down from his wooden bench in front, polished by some process unknown to cabinet makers, and with his own hands opened the great gates with the rounded tops. They were closed in Mile. Cormon's absence as a sign of mourning; for wheo she went away her house was shut up, and the faithful took it in turn to show hospitality to the Abbé de Spoode. (M de Valois used to pay his debt by an invitation to dine at the Marquis d'Esgrignon's.) Jacquelin gave the familiar call to Penclope standing in the middle of the road and the animal, accustomed to this mancavre, turned into the courtyard, steering clear of the flower bed, till Jacquelin took the bridle and walked round with the chaise to the steps before the door

'Manette | called Mile Cormon.

'Mademoiselle?' returned Maniette, cogaged in shutting the gates.

Has the gentleman come?

No, mademoiselle.

'And is my uncle here?

He is at the church, mademoiselle.

Jacquelin and Josette were standing on the lowest step of the flight, holding out their hands to steady their mistress a descent from the carole; she, meanwhile, had hosted herself upon the shaft, and was clutching at the curtains, before springing down into their arms. It was two years since she had dared to trust herself upon the iroo step of double strength, secured to the shaft by a fearfully made contrivance with huge bolts.

From the height of the steps, mademoiselle surveyed

her courtyard with an air of satisfaction

'There, there, Mariette, let the great gate alone and come here.

'There is something up,' Jacquelin said to Mariette as

she came past the chaise

'Let us see now, child, what is there in the house?' said Mlle Cormon, collapsing on the bench in the long ante-chamber as if she were exhausted.

'Just nothing at all,' replied Mariette, hands on hips. 'Mademoiselle knows quite well that M l'Abbé always dines out when she is not at home, yesterday I went to bring him back from Mlle. Armande's '

'Then where is he?'

'M l'Abbé? He is gone to church, he will not be back till three o'clock.'

'Uncle thinks of nothing! Why couldn't he have sent you to market? Go down now, Mariette, and, without throwing money away, spare for nothing, get the best, finest, and daintiest of everything. Go to the coach office and ask where people send orders for pâtés And I want cray-fish from the brooks along the Brillante What time is it?'

'Nine o'clock all but a quarter'

'Oh dear, oh dear, don't lose any time in chattering, Mariette The visitor my uncle is expecting may come at any moment, pretty figures we should cut if he comes to breakfast'

Mariette, turning round, saw Penelope in a lather, and gave Jacquelin a glance which said, 'Mademoiselle means to put her hand on a husband this time.'

Mlle Cormon turned to her housemand 'Now, it is our turn, Josette, we must make arrangements for

M de Troisville to sleep here to-night?

How gladly those words were uttered! 'We must arrange for M de Troisville' (pronounced Tréville) 'to sleep here to-night!' How much lay in those few words! Hope poured like a flood through the old maid's soul.

'Will you put him in the green chamber?'

'The Bishop's room? No,' said mademoiselle, 'it is

too near mine. It is very well for his Lordship, a boly man?

'Give him your uncle s room

'It looks so bare; it would not do'

Lord, mademolielle, you could have a bed put up in the boudour in a brace of shakes there is a fireplace there Moreau will be sure to find a bedstead in his warehouse that will match the hangings as nearly as

possible."

"You are right, Josette Very well run round to Moreau s and ask his advice about everything necessary I give you authority. If the bed, M de Troisville's bed, can be set up by this evening, so that M de Troisville shall notice nothing, supposing that M de Troisville should happen to come in while Moreau is here, I am quite willing. If Moreau cannot promise that, M de Troisville shall sleep in the gicai chamber, although M. de Troisville will be very near me.

Josette departed; her mistress called her back.

Tell Jacquelin all about it, she exclaimed in a stern and awful voice; let him go to Moreau. How about my dress? Suppose M de Troisville came and caught me like this, without uncle here to receive him !—Oh uncle! uncle!—Come, Josette, you shall help me to dress

But how about Penelope? the woman began imprudently Mile Cormon's eyes shot sparks for the first

and last time in her life.

'It is always Penelope! Penelope this, Penelope that! Is Penelope mistress here?

'She is all of a lather, and she has not been fed.'

'Eh! and if she dies, let her die! cried Mlle. Cormon—'so long as I am married, she added in her own mind

Josette stood stockstill a moment in amprement, such a remark was tantamount to murder; then, at a sign from her mistress, she dashed headlong down the steps into the yard

'Mademoiselle is possessed, Jacquelin' were Josette's first words

And in this way, everything that occurred throughout the day led up to the great climax which was to change the whole course of Mile Cormon's life The town was already turned upside down by five aggravating circumstances which attended the lady's sudden return, to wit the pouring rain, Penelope's panting pace and sunk flanks covered with foam, the earliness of the hour, the untidy bundles, and the spinster's strange, scared But when Mariette invaded the market to carry off everything that she could lay her hands on, when Jacquelin went to inquire for a bedstead of the principal upholsterer in the Rue Porte de Séez, close by the church, here, indeed, was material on which to build the gravest conjecture! The strange event was discussed on the Parade and the Promenade, every one was full of it, not excepting Mlle Armande, on whom the Chevalier de Valois happened to be calling at the time

Only two days ago Alençon had been stirred to its depths by occurrences of such capital importance, that worthy matrons were still exclaiming that it was like the end of the world! And now, this last news was summed up in all houses by the inquiry, 'What can be

happening at the Cormons';

The Abbé de Sponde, skilfully questioned when he emerged from St Leonard's to take a walk with the Abbé Couturier along the Parade, made reply in the simplicity of his heart, to the effect that he expected a visit from the Vicomte de Troisville, who had been in the Russian service during the Emigration, and now was coming back to settle in Alençon A kind of labial telegraph, at work that afternoon between two and five o'clock, informed all the inhabitants of Alençon that Mlle. Cormon at last had found herself a husband by advertisement She was going to marry the Vicomte de

Troisville Some said that "Moreau was at work on a bedstead already. In some places the bed was six feet long. It was only four feet at Mme. Granson's house in the Rue du Bercail At President du Ronceret s, where du Bousquier was dining, it dwindled into a sofa The tradespeople said that it cost eleven hundred francs It was generally thought that this was like counting your chickens before they were hatched

Further away, it was said that the price of carp had gone up. Manette had swooped down upon the market and created a general scarcity. Penelope had d of ped down at the upper end of the Rue Saint Blaise; the death was called in question at the receiver-general s; nevertheless, at the prefecture it was known for a fact that the animal fell dead just as she turned in at the gate of the Hotel Cormon, so swiftly had the old maid come down upon her prey The saddler at the corner of the Rue de Seez, in his anxiety to know the truth about Penclope, was hardy enough to call in to ask if anything had happened to Mille. Cormon's chaise Then from the utmost end of the Rue Saint Blane to the further most parts of the Rue du Bereail, It was known that, thanks to Jacquelin's care, Penelope, dumb victim of her mistress's intemperate haste, was still alive, but she seemed to be in a bad way

All along the Brittany road the Vicomte de Troisville was a penniless younger son, for the domains of Perche belonged to the Marquis of that ilk, a peer of France with two ehlldren The match was a lucky thing for an impoverished émigré as for the Vicomte himself, that was Mile. Cormon's affair Altogether the match received the approval of the aristocratic section on the Brittany road; Mile, Cormon could not have put her fortune to a better use.

Among the bourgeousle, on the other hand, the Vicomte de Trossville was a Russian general that had borne arms against France. He was bringing back a

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large fortune made at the court of St Petersburg. He was a 'foreigner,' one of the 'Allies' detested by the Liberals The Abbé de Sponde had manœuvred the match on the sly Every person who had any shadow of a right of entrance to Mlle Cormon's drawing-room vowed to be there that night

While the excitement went through the towg, and all but put Suzanne out of people's heads, Mlle Cormon herself was not less excited, she felt as she had never felt before She looked round the drawing-room, the boudoir, the cabinet, the dining-room, and a dreadful apprehension seized upon her Some mocking demon seemed to show her the old-fashioned splendour in a new light, the beautiful furniture, admired ever since she was a child, was suspected, nay, convicted, of being out of date She was shaken, in fact, by the dread that catches almost every author by the throat when he begins to read his own work aloud to some exigent or jaded critic Before he began, it was perfect in his eyes, now the novel situations are stale, the finest periods turned with such secret relish are turgid or halting, the metaphors are mixed or grotesque, his sins stare him in the face Even so, poor Mlle. Cormon shivered to think of the smile on M de Troisville's lips when he looked round that salon, which looked like a Bishop's drawing-room, unchanged for one possessor after another She dreaded his cool survey of the ancient dining-room; in short, she was afraid that the picture might look the older for the ancient frame How if all these old things should tinge her with their age? The bare thought of it made her flesh creep. At that moment she would have given one-fourth of her savings for the power of renovating her house at a stroke of a magic wand Where is the general so conceited that he will not shudder on the eve of an action? She, poor thing, was between an Austerlitz and a Waterloo

'Mme la Vicomtesse de Troisville,' she said to her-

self, 'what a fine name i Our estates will pass to a

good house, at any rate.

Her excitement fretted her It sent a thrill through every fibre of every nerve to the least of the ramifica tions and the papillæ so well wadded with flesh Hope tingling in her veins set all the blood in her body in circulation She felt capable, if need was, of conversing with M. de Trousville

Of the activity with which Josette, Manette, Jac quelin, Moreau, and his assistants set about their work, it is needless to speak. Ants rescuing their eggs could not have been busier than they Everything, kept so neat and clean with daily care, was starched and ironed, scrubbed, washed, and polished. The best china saw the light. Linen damask cloths and serviettes docketed A B C D emerged from the depths where they lay shrouded in triple wrappings and defended by hristling rows of pins. The rarest shelves of that oak bound library were made to give account of their contents; and finally, mademoiselle offered up three bottles of liqueurs to the coming guest, three bottles bearing the label of the most famous distiller of over sea—Mme. Amphoux, name dear to connoisseurs.

Mile Cormon was ready for hattle, thanks to the devotion of her lieutenants. The munitions of war, the heavy artillery of the kitchen, the batteries of the pantry, the victuals, provinions for the attack, and body of reserves, had all been brought up in array. Orders were issued to Jacquelin, Mariette, and Josette to wear when best clothes. The garden was raked over. Made moustile only regretted that she could not come to an understanding with the nightingales in the trees, that they might warble their sweetest songs for the occasion. At length, at four o clock, just as the Abbé came in, and mademoiselle was beginning to think that she had brought out her daintest linen and ching and made ready the most exquisite of dinners in valin, the crack

of a postillion's whip sounded outside in the Val-Noble

'It is he!' she thought, and the lash of the whip struck her in the heart

And indeed, heralded by all this tittle-tattle, a certain post-chaise, with a single gentleman inside it, had made such a prodigious sensation as it drove down the Rue Saint-Blaise and turned into the Rue du Cours, that several small urchins and older persons gave chase to the vehicle, and now were standing in a group about the gateway of the Hôtel Cormon to watch the postillion drive in Jacquelin, feeling that his own marriage was in the wind, had also heard the crack of the whip, and was out in the yard to throw open the gates. The postillion (an acquaintance) was on his mettle, he turned the corner to admiration, and came to a stand before the flight of steps. And, as you can understand, he did not go until Jacquelin had duly and properly made him tipsy

The Abbé came out to meet his guest, and in a trice the chaise was despoiled of its occupant, robbers in a hurry could not have done their work more nimbly; then the chaise was put into the coach-house, the great door was closed, and in a few minutes there was not a sign of M de Troisville's arrival. Never did two chemicals combine with a greater alacrity than that displayed by the house of Cormon to absorb the Vicomte de Troisville. As for mademoiselle, if she had been a lizard caught by a shepherd, her heart could not have beat faster. She sat heroically in her low chair by the fireside, Josette threw open the door, and the Vicomte de Troisville, followed by the Abbé de Sponde, appeared

before her

'This is M le Vicomte de Troisville, niece, a grandson of an old school-fellow of mine —M. de Troisville, my niece, Mlle Cormon.'

Dear uncle, how nicely he puts it,' thought Rose

Marie Victoire.

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The Vicomte de Troisville, to describe him in a few words, was a du Bousquier of noble family Between the two men there was just that difference which separates the gentleman from the ordinary man. If they had been standing side by side, even the most furious Radical could not have denied the signs of race about the Vicomte. There was all the distinction of refinement about his strength, his figure had lost nothing of its magnificent dignity Blue-eyed, dark haired, and olive-akinned, he could not have been more than six and-forty. You might have thought him a handsome Spaniard preserved in Russian ice. His manner, gait, and bearing, and everything about him, suggested a diplomate, and a diplomate that has seen Europe. He looked like a gentleman in his travelling dress.

M de Troisville seemed to be tired The Abbé rose to conduct him to his room, and was overcome with astonishment when Rose opened the door of the boudoir, now transformed into a bedroom. Then uncle and niece left the noble visitor lessure to attend to his toilet with the help of Jacquelin, who brought him all the luggage which he needed While M de Troisville was dressing, they walked on the terrace by the Brillante. The Abbé, by a strange chance, was more absent minded than usual, and Mile, Cormon no less preoccupied, so they paced to and fro in silence. Never in her life had Mile. Cormon seen so attractive a man as this Olympian Vicomte could not say to herself, like a German girl, 'I have found my Ideall' but she felt that she was in love from head to foot. The very thing for me, thought. On a sudden she fled to Manette, to know whether dinner could be put back a little without serious injury

'Uncle, this M de Troisville is very pleasant, she said when she came back again

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'Why, my girl, he has not said a word as yet,' returned the Abbé, laughing

But one can tell by his general appearance Is he a

bachelor ? '

'I know nothing about it,' replied her uncle, his thoughts full of that afternoon's discussion with the Abbé Couturier on Divine Grace 'M de Troisville said in his letter that he wanted to buy a house here If he were married, he would not have come alone,' he added carelessly It never entered his head that his niece could think of marriage for herself.

'Is he rich?'

'He is the younger son of a younger branch His grandfather held a major's commission, but this young man's father made a foolish marriage 'Young man' repeated his niece 'Why, he is

'Young man!' repeated his niece 'Why, he is quite five-and-forty, uncle, it seems to me' She felt an

uncontrollable desire to compare his age with hers

'Yes,' said the Abbé 'But to a poor priest at seventy, a man of forty seems young, Rose'

By this time all Alençon knew that M le Vicomte

de Troisville had arrived at the Hôtel Cormon

The visitor very soon rejoined his host and hostess, and began to admire the view of the Brillante, the garden, and the house

'Monsieur l'Abbé,' he said, 'to find such a place as

this would be the height of my ambition '

The old maid wished to read a declaration in the speech. She lowered her eyes

'You must be very fond of it, mademoiselle,' con-

tinued the Vicomte

'How could I help being fond of it? It has been in our family since 1574, when one of our ancestors, an Intendant of the Duchy of Alençon, bought the ground and built the house It is laid on piles'

Jacquelin having announced that dinner was ready, M de Troisville offered his arm The radiant spinster

tried not to lean too heavily upon him; she was still afraid that he might think her forward

Everything is quite in harmony here, remarked the

Vicomte as they sat down to table

Yes, the trees in our garden are full of hirds that, give us music for nothing. Nobody molests them the oightingslessing there every night, said Mile Cormon

I am speaking of the inside of the house, remarked the Vicomte he had not troubled himself to study his hostess particularly, and was quite unaware of her vacuity—'Yes, everything contributes to the general effect the tooes of colour, the furniture, the character of the house,' added he, addressing Mille. Cormon

'It costs a great deal, though, replied that excellent spinster, 'the rates are something enormous. The word 'contribute' had impressed itself on her mind.

'Ah! then are the rates high here! asked the Vicomte, too full of his own ideas to ootice the absurd

'I do not know, said the Ahhe. 'My niece manages

her own property and mine.

The rates are a mere trifle if people are well to do, struck in Mile. Cormon anxious not to appear string; 'As to the furniture, I leave things as they are. I shall never make any chaoges here at least I shall oot, unless I marry, and in that case everything in the house must be arranged to soit the master's taste.

'You are for great principles, mademoiselle, smiled

the Vicomte; somebody will be a lucky man

'Nobody ever made me such a pretty pe ch before,

thought Mile Cormon

The Vicomte complimented his hostess upon the appointments of the table and the housekeeping, admit thought that he had thought that the provinces were behind the times, and found himself io most delectable quarters

'Delectable, good Lord I what does it mean? thought

she 'Where is the Chevalier de Valois to reply to him? De-lect-able? Is it made up of several words? There! courage, perhaps it is Russian, and if so I am not obliged to say anything? Then she added aloud, her tongue unloosed by an eloquence which almost every human creature can find in a great crisis 'We have the most brilliant society here, Monsieur le Vicomte You will be able to judge for yourself, for it assembles in this very house, on some of our acquaintances we can always count, they will have heard of my return no doubt, and will be sure to come to see me There is the Chevalier de Valois, a gentleman of the old court, a man of infinite wit and taste, then there is M le Marquis d'Esgrignon and Mile. Armande, his sister" she bit her lip and changed her mind "a a remarkable woman in her way. She refused all offers of marriage so as to leave her fortune to her brother and his son'

'Ah ' yes', the d'Esgrignons, I remember them,' said

the Vicomte

'Alençon is very gay,' pursued mademoiselle, now that she had fairly started off 'There is so much going on, the Receiver-General gives dances, the Prefect is a very pleasant man, his lordship the Bishop occasionally honours us with a visit

'Come!' said the Vicomte, smiling as he spoke, 'I have done well, it seems, to come creeping back like a

hare (un lièvre) to die in my form'

'It is the same with me,' replied mademoiselle, 'I am like a creeper (le lierre), I must cling to something or die'

The Vicomte took the saying thus twisted for a joke, and smiled

'Ah!' thought his hostess, 'that is all right, he understands me'

The conversation was kept up upon generalities Under pressure of a strong desire to please, the strange, mysterious, indefinable workings of consciousness

hrought all the Chevalier de Valois e tricks of speech appeamost in Mile. Cormon's brain It fell out, as it sometimes does in a duel, when the Devil himself seems to take sum ; and never did duellist hit his man more fairly and squarely than the old maid. The Vicomte de Troisville was too well mannered to praise the excellent dinner, but his silence was panegyric in itself! As he drank the delicious wines with which Jacquelin plied him, he seemed to be meeting old friends with the liveliest pleasure; for your true amateur does not applaud, he enjoys. He informed himself curiously of the prices of land, houses, and sites he drew from mademoiselle a long description of the property hetween the Brillante and the Sarthe. He was amazed that the town and the river lay so far apart, and showed the greatest interest in local topography. The Ahbé sat ailent, leaving all the conversation to his niece. And, in truth, mademoiselle considered that she interested M de Troisville he smiled graciously at her, he made far more progress with her in the course of a single dinner than the most ardent of her former wooers in a whole fortnight. For which reasons, you may be certain that never was guest so cosseted, so lapped about with small attentions and observances. He might have been a much loved lover, new come home to the house of which he was the delight.

Mademoiselle forestalled his wants. She saw when he needed bread, her eyes brooded over him; if he turned his head, she adroitly supplemented his portion of any dish which he seemed to like; if he had been a glutton, she would have killed him What a delicious earnest of all that she counted upon doing for her lover I She made no silly blunders of self-depreciation this time I She went gallantly forward, full sail, and all flags flying posed as the queen of Alencon, and vaunted her preserves Indeed, she fished for compliments, talking about herself as if her trumpeter were dead. And she saw that she

pleased the Vicomte, for her wish to please had so transformed her, that she grew almost feminine It was not without inward exultation that she heard footsteps while they sat at dessert, sounds of going and coming in the ante-chamber and noises in the salon, and knew that the usual company was arriving She called the attention of her uncle and M de Troisville to this fact as a proof of the affection in which she was held, whereas it really was a symptom of the paroxysm of curiosity which convulsed the whole town Impatient to show herself in her glory, she ordered coffee and the liqueurs to be taken to the salon, whither Jacquelin went to display to the élite of Alençon the splendours of a Dresden china service, which only left the cupboard twice in a twelvemonth All these circumstances were noted by people disposed to criticise under their breath

Egad!' cried du Bousquier, 'nothing but Mme. Amphoux's liqueurs, which only come out on the four

great festival days 1'

'Decidedly, this match must have been arranged by correspondence for a year past,' said M le Président du Ronceret 'The postmaster here has been receiving letters with an Odessa postmark for the last twelve months'

Mme Granson shuddered M le Chevalier de Valois had eaten a heavy dinner, but he felt the pallor spreading over his left cheek, felt, too, that he was betraying his secret, and said, 'It is cold to-day, do you not think? I am freezing'

'It is the neighbourhood of Russia,' suggested du Bousquier. And the Chevalier looked at his rival as

who should say, 'Well put in!'

Mlle Cormon was so radiant, so triumphant, that she looked positively handsome, it was thought. Nor was this unwonted brilliancy wholly due to sentiment; ever since the morning the blood had been surging through her veins, the presentiments of a great crisis at hand

affected her nerves. It needed a combination of circum stances to make her so little like herself. With what joy did she not solemnly introduce the Vicomte to the Chevalier, and the Chevalier to the Vicomte; all Alencon was presented to M de Troisville, and M de Trosville made the acquaintance of all Alencon It fell out, naturally enough, that the Vicomte and the Chevalier, two born aristocrats, were in sympathy at once; they recognised each other for inhabitants of the same social sphere. They began to chat as they stood hy the fire. A circle formed about them listening devoutly to their conversation, though it was carried on sette wer Fully to realise the scene, Imagine Mile. Cormon standing with her back to the chimney piece, busy preparing coffee for her supposed suitor

M DE VALOIS 'So M le Vicomte is coming to

settle here, people say

M. DE TROISVILLE. Yes, monsieur I have come to look for a house. (Mile Cornen surves, cup in hand.)

'And I must have a large one'—(Mile Cornen effers the cup of coffee)—'to hold my family (The room grows dark before the old maid's eyes)

M DE VALOIS. 'Are you married?

M. DE TROSSVILLE. 'Yes, I have been married for sixteen years. My wife is the daughter of the Princess Scherbelloff

Mlle, Cormon dropped like one thunderstruck. Du Bousquier, seeing her reel, sprang forward, and eaught her in his arms Somebody opened the door to let him pass out with his enormous hurden. The mettled Republican, counselled by Josette, summoned up his strength, bore the old maid to her room, and deposited her upon the bed. Josette, armed with a pair of scissors, cut the stay laces, drawn outrageously tight. Du Bousquier, rough and ready, dashed cold water over Mlle. Cormon's face and the hust, which broke from its bounds like Lore in flood. The patient opened her

eyes, saw du Bousquier, and gave a cry of alarmed modesty Du Bousquier withdrew, leaving half-a-dozen women in possession, with Mme Granson at their head, Mme Granson beaming with joy

What had the Chevalier de Valois done? True to

his system, he had been covering the retreat

'Poor Mlle. Cormon!' he said, addressing M de Troisville, but looking round the room, quelling the beginnings of an outbreak of laughter with his haughty eyes 'She is dreadfully troubled with heated blood. She would not be bled before going to the Prébaudet (her country house), and this is the result of the spring weather'

'She drove over in the rain this morning,' said the Abbé de Sponde 'She may have taken a little cold, and so caused the slight derangement of the system to which she is subject. But she will soon get over it'

'She was telling me the day before yesterday that she had not had a recurrence of it for three months, she added at the time that it was sure to play her a bad turn,'

added the Chevalier

'Ah! so you are married!' thought Jacquelin, watching M de Troisville, who was sipping his coffee

The faithful man-servant made his mistress's disappointment his own He guessed her feelings He took away the liqueurs brought out for a bachelor, and not for a Russian woman's husband All these little

things were noticed with amusement

The Abbé de Sponde had known all along why M. de Troisville had come to Alençon, but in his absentmindedness he had said nothing about it, it had never entered his mind that his niece could take the slightest interest in that gentleman. As for the Vicomte, he was engrossed by the object of his journey, like many other married men, he was in no great hurry to introduce his wife into the conversation, he had had no opportunity of saying that he was married, and besides, he thought that Mile Cormon knew his history. Du Bousquier

reappeared, and was questioned without mercy. One of the six women came down, and reported that Mile. Common was feeling much better, and that her doctor had come hut she was to stay in bed, and it appeared that she ought to be hled at once The salon soon filled In Mile, Cormon's absence, the ladies were free to discuss the tragi-comic scene which had just taken place; and duly they enlarged, annotated, embellished, coloured/adorned embroidered, and bedizened the tale which was to set all Alencon thinking of the old maid on the morrow

Meanwhile, Josette upstairs was saying to her mistress, 'That good M. du Bousquier! How he carried you upstairs! What a firs! Really, your illness made him quite pale He loves you still

And with this final phrase, the solemn and terrible

day came to a close.

Next day, all morning long, the news of the comedy, with full details, circulated over Alencon, raising laughter everywhere, to the shame of the town be it said. Next day Mile Cormon, very much the better for the blood letting, would have seemed sublime to the most hardened of those who jeered at her, if they could but have seen her noble dignity and the Christian resignation in her soul, as she gave her hand to the unconscious perpetrator of the hoax, and went in to breakfast. Ah! heartless wags, who were laughing at her expense, why could you not hear her say to the Vicomte-

'Mme, de Troisville will have some difficulty in finding a house to suit her Do me the favour of using my house, monsieur, until you have made all your

arrangements.

But I have two girls and two boys, mademoiselle We should put you to a great deal of inconvenience.

Do not refuse me, said she, her eyes full of appre hension and cg et

'I made the offer however you might decide, in my

letter, but you did not take it,' remarked the Abbé

What, uncle did you know?

Poor thing, she broke off. Josette heaved a sigh, and neither M de Troisville nor the uncle noticed

anything

After breakfast, the Abbé de Sponde, carrying out the plan agreed upon over night, took the Vicomte to see houses for sale and suitable sites for building. Mlle. Cormon was left alone in the salon

'I am the talk of the town, child, by this time,' she said, looking piteously at Josette

'Well, mademoiselle, get married'

'But, my girl, I am not at all'prepared to make a choice

'Bah! I should take M. du Bousquier if I were you.'

'M de Valois says that he is such a Republican, Josette.'

'Your gentlemen don't know what they are talking about, they say that he robbed the Republic, so he can't have been at all fond of it,' said Josette, and with that she went

'That girl is amazingly shrewd,' thought Mile.

Cormon, left alone to her gnawing perplexity

She saw that the only way of silencing talk was to marry at once This last so patently humiliating check was enough to drive her to extreme measures, and it takes a great deal to force a feeble-minded human being out of a groove, be it good or bad Both the old bachelors understood the position of affairs, both made up their minds to call in the morning to make inquiries, and (in their own language) to press the point

M de Valois considered that the occasion demanded a scrupulous toilet, he took a bath, he groomed himself with unusual care, and for the first time and the last Césarine saw him applying 'a suspicion of rouge' with

incredible skill

Du Bousquier, rough and ready Republican that he was, inspired by dogged purpose, paid no attention to his appearance, he hurried round, and came in first. The fate of men, like the destinies of empires, hangs on small things. History records all such principal causes of great failure or success-a Keller mann's charge at Marengo, a Blücher coming up at the battle of Waterloo, a Prince Eugene slighted by Louis 20, a curé on the battlefield of Denain but nobody profits by the lesson to be diligently attentive to the little trifles of his own life. Behold the results. -The Duchesse de Langeaus in L Histore des Treixe entering a convent for want of ten minutes patience Judge Popinot in L Interdiction putting off his inquiries as to the Marquis d'Espard till to-morrow; Charles Grandet coming home by way of Bordeaux instead of Nantes—and these things are said to happen by socident and mere chance! The few moments spent in putting on that suspiction of rouge wrecked M de Valois s hopes. Only in such a way could the Chevalier have succumbed. He had lived for the Graces, he was foredoomed to die through them. Even as he gave a last look in the mirror, the burly du Bousquier was entering the disconsolate old maid's drawing-room. Hu entrance coincided with a gleam of favour in the lady's mind, though in the course of her deliberations the Chevalier had decidedly had the advantage.

'It is God's will, she said to herself when du Bour-

quier appeared

'Mademoiselle, I trust you will not take my importunity in bad part; I did not like to trust that great stupid of a René to make inquiries, and came myself

I am perfectly well, she said nervously; then after a pause, and in a very emphatic tone, ' Thank you, M du Bousquier, for the trouble that you took and that I gave you yesterday

She recollected how she had lain in dn Bousquier s

arms, and the accident seemed to her to be a direct order from heaven. For the first time in her life a man had seen her with her belt wrenched apart, her staylaces cut, the jewel shaken violently out of its case.

'I was so heartily glad to carry you, that I thought

you a light weight, said he

At this Mile. Cormon looked at du Bousquier as she never looked at any man in the world before, and thus encouraged, the ex-contractor for forage flung a side

glance that went straight to the old maid's heart

'It is a pity,' added he, 'that this has not given me the right to keep you always' (She was listening with rapture in her face) 'You looked dazzling as you lay swooning there on the bed, I never saw such a fine woman in my life, and I have seen a good many There is this about a stout woman, she is superb to look at, she has only to show herself, she triumphs'

'You mean to laugh at me,' said the old maid, 'that is not kind of you, when the whole town is perhaps putting a bad construction on things that happened

yesterday.'

'It is as true as that my name is du Bousquier, mademoiselle My feelings towards you have never changed,

your first rejection did not discourage me?

The old maid lowered her eyes There was a pause, a painful ordeal for du Bousquier Then Mlle Cormon made up her mind and raised her eyelids, she looked up

tenderly at du Bousquier through her tears.

'If this is so, monsieur,' she said, in a tremulous voice, 'I only ask you to allow me to lead a Christian life, do not ask me to change any of my habits as to religion, leave me free to choose my directors, and I will give you my hand,' holding it out to him as she spoke

Du Bousquier caught the plump, honest hand that

held so many francs, and kissed it respectfully

'But I have one thing more to ask,' added Mlle. Cormon, suffering him to kiss her hand

'It is granted, and if it is impossible, it shall be done (a reminiscence of Beauton)

'Alas! began the old maid,' for love of me you must burden your soul with a sin which I know is hemous; faischood is one of the seven deadly sins; but still you can make confession, can you not? We will both of us do perance. They looked tenderly at each other at those words.

'Perhas, continued Mile. Cormon, 'after all, it is one of those deceptions which the Church calls

venual

'Is she going to tell me that she is in Suzanne's plight? thought du Bousquier 'What luck! Aloud he said, 'Well, mademoiselle?

And you must take it upon you

'What?

"To say that this marriage was agreed upon between

us six months ago '

'Charming woman 1 exclaimed the forage-contractor, and by his manner he implied that he was prepared to make even this sacrifice; 'a man only does thus much for the woman he has worthipped for ten years

In spite of my seventy? zaked she

'Yes, in spite of your severity'

⁴M du Bousquier, I have misjudged you Again she held out her big, red hand, and again du Bousquier kissed it

At that very moment the door opened, and the betrothed couple, turning their heads, perceived the charming hut too tardy Chevaller

'Ah I fair queen, said he, 'so you have risen?

Mile: Cormon smiled at him, and something clutched at her heart. M de Valous grown remarkably young and irrenstable, looked like Lauzun eotering La Grande Mademoiselle's apartments.

'Ah I my dear du Bousquier I he continued half laughingly, so sure was he of success. 'M. de Troisville

and the Abbé de Sponde are in front of your house, look-

ing it over like a pair of surveyors'

On my word,' said du Bousquier, 'if the Vicomte de Troisville wants it, he can have it for forty thousand francs. It is of no use whatever to me. Always, if mademoiselle has no objection, that must be ascertained first

Mademoiselle, may I tell? Yes?—Very well, my dear Chevalter, you shall be the first to hear? Mlle Cormon dropped her eyes 'of the honour and the favour that mademoiselle is doing me, I have kept it a secret for more than six months. We are going to be married in a very few days, the contract is drawn up, we shall sign it to-morrow. So, you see, that I have no further use for my house in the Rue du Cygne. I am quietly on the lookout for a purchaser, and the Abbé de Sponde, who knew this, naturally took M de Troisville to see it.'

There was such a colour of truth about this monstrous fib that the Chevalier was quite taken in by it My dear Chevalier was a return for all preceding defeats, it was like the victory won at Pultowa by Peter the Great over Charles XII And thus du Bousquier enjoyed a delicious revenge for hundreds of pin-pricks endured in silence, but in his triumph he forgot that he was not a young man, he passed his fingers through the false toupet, and it came off in his hand!

'I congratulate you both,' said the Chevalier, with an agreeable smile, 'I wish that you may end like the fairy stories, "They lived very happily and had a fine family of children!" Here he shaped a cone of snuff in his palm before adding mockingly, 'But, monsieur, you forgot that er you wear borrowed plumes'

Du Bousquier reddened. The false toupet was ten inches awry. Mlle Cormon raised her eyes to the face of her betrothed, saw the bare cranium, and bashfully looked down again. Never toad looked more venomously at a victim than du Bousquier at the Chevalier

'A pack of aristocrats that look down on me! thought. 'I will crush you all some of these days.

The Chevalier de Valois imagined that he bad regained all the lost ground But Mile. Cormon was not the woman to understand the connection between the Chevalier's congratulation and the allusion to the false toupet; and, for that matter, even if she had understood, her hand had been given. M de Valois saw too clearly that all yas lost Meantime, as the two men stood without speaking, Mlie. Cormon innocently studied how to amuse them.

Play a game of reverses, suggested she, without any

malicious intention

Du Bousquier smiled, and went as future master of the bouse for the card table. Whether the Chevalier de Valois had lost his head, or whether he chose to remain to study the causes of his defeat and to remedy it, certain it is that be allowed himself to be led like a sheep to the slaughter. But he had just received the heaviest of all bludgeon blows; and a noble might have been excused if he bad been at any rate stunned by it Very soon the worthy Abbé de Sponde and M de Troisville returned, and at once Mile Cormon hurned into the ante-chamber, took ber uncle ande, and told him in a whisper of her decision. Then, hearing that the house in the Rue du Cygne suited M de Troisville, she begged her betrothed to do her the service of saying that her uncle knew that the place was for sale. She dared not confide the fih to the Abbé, for fear that he should forget. The falsehood was destined to prosper better than if it had been a virtuous action. All Alencon heard the great news that night. For four days the town had found as much to say as in the ominous days of 1814 and 1815 Some laughed at the idea, others thought it true some condemned, others approved the marriage. The bourgeouse of Alencon regarded it as a conquest, and they were the best pleased

The Chevalier de Valois, next day, among his own circle, brought out this cruel epigram, The Cormons are ending as they began, stewards and contractors are

all on a footing'

The news of Mlle Cormon's choice went to poor Athanase's heart, but he showed not a sign of the dreadful tumult surging within He heard of the marriage at President du Ronceret's while his mother was playing a game of boston Mme Granson, looking in saw her son's face in the glass, he looked white, she thought, but then he had been pale ever since vague rumours had reached him in the morning Mile. Cormon was the card on which Athanase staked his life, and chill presentiments of impending catastrophe already wrapped him about When intellect and imagination have exaggerated a calamity till it becomes a burden too heavy for shoulders and brow to bear, when some long-cherished hope fails utterly, and with it the visions which enable a man to forget the fierce vulture cares gnawing at his heart, then, if that man has no belief in himself, in spite of his powers, no belief in the future, in spite of the Power Divine he is broken in pieces Athanase was a product of education under the Empire Fatalism, the Emperor's creed, spread downwards to the lowest ranks of the army, to the very schoolboys at their desks. Athanase followed Mme. du Ronceret's play with a stolidity which might so easily have been taken for indifference, that Mme Granson fancied she had been mistaken as to her son's feelings

Athanase's apparent carelessness explained his refusal to sacrifice his so-called 'Liberal' opinions. This word, then recently coined for the Emperor Alexander, proceeded into the language, I believe, by way of Mme de Stael through Benjamin Constant

After that fatal evening the unhappy young man took to haunting one of the most picturesque walks along the Sarthe, every artist who comes to Alençon sketches it from that point of view for the sake of the water mills, and the river gleaming brightly out among the fields, between the shapely well grown trees on either side. Flat though the land may be, it lacks none of the subdued peculiar charm of French landscape; for in France your eyes are never wearled by glaring Lastern sunlight, nor saddened by too continual mist. It is a lonely spot. Dwellers in the provinces care nothing for beautiful scenery, perhaps because it is always about them, perhaps because there is a sense lacking in them. If there is such a thing as a promenade, a mall, or any spot from which you see a beautiful view it is sure to be the one unfrequented part of the town Athanase liked the loneliness, with the water like a living presence in it, and the fields just turning green in the warmth of the early spring sunlight. Occasionally some one who had seen him sitting at a popiar foot, and received an intent gaze from his eyes, would speak to Mme, Granson about him

'There is something the matter with your son

"I know what he is about," the mother would say with a satisfied air, hinting that he was meditating some great work.

Athanase meddled no more in politics; he had no opinions; and yet, now and again, he was merry enough, merry at the expense of others, after the wont of those who stand alone and apart in contempt of public opinion The young fellow lived so entirely outside the horizon of provincial ideas and amusements, that he was interesting to few people; he dld not so much as rouse currosity Those who spoke of him to his mother did so for her sake, not for his. Not a creature in Alencon sym pathised with Athanase; the Sarthe received the tears which no friend, no loving woman dried. If the magnificent Suzanne had chanced to pass that way, how much misery might have been prevented-the two young creatures would have fallen in love.

And yet Suzanne certainly passed that wan ambition had been first awakened by a sufficiently marvellous tale of things which happened in 1799, an old story of adventures begun at the sign of the Three Moors had turned her childish brain They used to tell how an adventuress, beautiful as an angel, had come from Paris with a commission from Fouché to ensnare the Marquis de Montauran, the Chouan leader sent over by the Bourbons, how she met him at that very inn of the Three Moors as he came back from his Mortagne expedition, and how she won his love, and gave him up to his enemies The romantic figure of this woman, the power of beauty, the whole story of Marie de Verneuil and the Marquis de Montauran, dazzled Suzanne, till, as she grew older, she too longed to play with men's lives A few months after her flight, she could not resist the desire to see her native place again, on her way to Brittany with an artist. She wanted to see Fougères, where the Marquis de Montauran met his death, and thought of making a pilgrimage to the scenes of stories told to her in childhood of that War in the West, so little known even yet She wished, besides, to revisit Alençon with such splendour in her surroundings, and so completely metamorphosed, that nobody should know her again She intended to put her mother beyond the reach of want in one moment, and, in some tactful way, to send a sum of money to poor Athanase a sum which for genius in modern days is the equivalent of a Rebecca's gift of horse and armour to an Ivanhoe of the Middle Ages

A month went by Opinions as to Mlle Cormon's marriage fluctuated in the strangest way. There was an incredulous section which strenuously denied the truth of the report, and a party of believers who persistently affirmed it. At the end of a fortnight, the doubters received a severe check. Du Bousquier's house was sold to M de Troisville for forty-three thousand francs. M de Troisville meant to live quite quietly

In Alencon; he intended to return to Paris after the death of the Princess Scherbelloff, but until the inherit ance fell in he woold spend his time in looking after his estates. This much appeared to be fact. But the doobting faction declined to be crushed. Their asser tion was that, married or no, du Bousquier had done a capital stroke of business, for his house only stood him in a matter of twenty-seven thousand france. The believers, were taken aback by this peremptory decision on the part of their opponents. Choisnel, Mile Cormon's notary, had not heard a word of marriage settlements, added the incredulous,

But on the twentieth day the unshaken believers enjoyed a signal victory over the doubters. M Lepresseur, the Liberal notary, went to Mile. Cormon's house and the contract was signed. This was the first of many sacrifices which Rose made to her husband The fact was that du Bousquier detested Choisnel; he blamed the notary for Mile. Armande's refusal in the first place, as well as for his previous rejection by Mile. Cormon, who, as he believed, had followed Mile. Armande's example. He managed Mile, Cormon so well, that she, noble hearted woman, believing that she had misjodged her future husband, wished to make repara tion for her doohis, and sacrificed her notary to her love. Still she submitted the contract to Chossnel, and he-a man worthy of Plutarch-defended Mile. Cormon s interests by letter. This was the one cause of delay

Mile. Cormon received a good many anonymous letters. She was informed, to her no small astonish ment, that Suzanoe was as honest a woman as she was herself; and that the seducer in the false toupet could not possibly have played the part assigned to him in such an adventure. Mile. Cormon scorned anonymous letters; she wrote, however, to Susanne with a view to gaining light on the creeds of the Maternity Society Suxanne probably had heard of du Bousquier's approach ing marriage she confessed to her stratagem, sent a thousand francs to the Fund, and damaged the forage-contractor's character very considerably. Mlle. Cormon called an extraordinary meeting of the Maternity Charity, and the assembled matrons passed a resolution that henceforward the Fund should give help after and not before misfortunes befell

In spite of these proceedings, which supplied the town with titbits of gossip to discuss, the banns were published at the church and the mayor's office. It was Athanase's duty to make out the needful documents. The betrothed bride had gone to the Prébaudet, a measure taken partly by way of conventional modesty, partly for general security. Thither du Bousquier went every morning, fortified by atrocious and sumptuous bouquets, returning in the evening to dinner.

At last, one grey rainy day in June, the wedding took place, and Mile Cormon and the Sieur du Bousquier, as the incredulous faction called him, were married at the parish church in the sight of all Alençon Bride and bridegroom drove to the mayor's office, and afterwards to the church, in a calèche a splendid equipage for Alençon Du Bousquier had it sent privately from The loss of the old carrole was a kind of calamity for the whole town. The saddler of the Porte de Séez lost an income of fifty francs per annum for repairs, he lifted up his voice and wept With dismay the town of Alençon beheld the luxury introduced by the Maison Cormon, every one feared a rise of prices all round, an increase of house rent, an invasion of Paris There were some whose curiosity pricked them to the point of giving Jacquelin ten sous for a nearer sight of so startling an innovation in a thrifty province. A pair of Normandy horses likewise caused much concern.

'If we buy horses for ourselves in this way, we shall not sell them long to those that come to buy of us,' said du Ronceret's set.

The reasoning seemed profound, stupid though it was, in so far as it prevented the district from securing a monopoly of money from outside In the political economy of the provinces the wealth of nations consists not so much in a hrisk circulation of money as in hoards

of unproductive coin

At length the old maids fatal wish was fulfilled Penelope sank under the atrack of pleurisy contracted forty crys before the wedding Nothing could save her Mme, Granson Mariette, Mme du Coudrai, Mme, du Ronceret-the whole town, in fact-noticed that the bride came into church with the left foot fore most, an omen all the more alarming because the word Left even then had acquired a political significance. The officiating priest chanced to open the mass-book at the De prefunds And so the wedding passed off, amid presages so ominous, so gloomy, so overwhelming, that nobody was found to augur well of it. Things went from bad to worse. There was no attempt at a wedding party; the bride and bridegroom started out for the Prébandet. Paris fashions we c to supplant old customs ! In the evening Alencon said its say as to all these absurdities; some persons had reckoned upon one of the usual provincial pollifications, which they considered they had a right to expect, and these spoke their minds pretty freely. But Manette and Jacquehn had a merry wedding, and they alone in all Alencon gainsaid the dismal prophecies.

Du Bousquier wished to spend the profit made by the sale of his house on restoring and modernising the Hôtel Cormon He had quite made up his mind to stay for some months at the Prébaudet, whither he brought his uncle de Sponde. The news spread dismay through Alencon; eve y one felt that du Bousquier was about to draw the country into the downward path of domestic comfort. The foreboding grew to a fear one morning when du Bousquier drove over from the

Prébaudet to superintend his workmen at the Val-Noble, and the townspeople beheld a tilbury, harnessed to a new horse, and René in livery by his master's side Du Bousquier had invested his wife's savings in the funds which stood at sixty-seven francs fifty centimes. This was the first act of the new administration. In the space of one year, by constantly speculating for a rise, he made for himself a fortune almost as considerable as his wife's But something else happened in connection with this marriage to make it seem yet more inauspicious, and put all previous overwhelming portents and alarming innovations into the background.

It was the evening of the wedding day Athanase and his mother were sitting in the salon by the little fire of brushwood (or régalades, as they say in the patois),

which the servant had lighted after dinner

Well, said Mme Granson, we will go to President du Ronceret's to-night, now that we have no Mlle Cormon Goodness me! I shall never get used to calling her Mme du Bousquier, that name makes my lips sore

Athanase looked at his mother with a sad constraint, he could not smile, and he wanted to acknowledge, as it were, the artless thoughtfulness which soothed the wound it could not heal.

'Mamma,' he began it was several years since he had used that word, and his tones were so gentle that they sounded like his child's voice 'mamma, dear, do not let us go out just yet, it is so nice here by the fire!'

It was a supreme cry of mortal anguish, the mother heard it and did not understand

'Let us stay, child,' she said 'I would certainly rather talk with you and listen to your plans than play at boston and perhaps lose my money'

'You are beautiful to-night, I like to look at you. And besides, the current of my thoughts is in harmony

with this poor little room, where we have been through

so much trouble-vou and I

And there is still more in store for us, poor Athanase, until your work succeeds For my own part, I am used to poverty but, oh my treasure, to look on and see your youth go by while you have no joy of it! Nothing but work in your life! That thought is like a disease for a mother. It tortures me night and morning. I wake up to it. Ah, God in heaven! what have I done? What sin of mine is punished with this?

She left her seat, took a little chair, and sat down beside Ath rase, nestling close up to his side, till she could lay her head on her child's breast. Where a mother is truly a mother, the grace of love never dies. Athanase kissed her on the eyes, on the grey bair, on the forehead, with the reverent love that fain would lay the soul where the lips are laid

"I shall never succeed, he said, trying to hide the

fatal purpose which he was revolving in his mind

Pooh! you are not going to be discoursged? Mind can do all things, as you say With ten bottles of like ten reams of paper, and a strong will, Luther turned Europe upside down Well, and you are going to make a great name for yourself; you are going to use to good ends the powers which he used for evil. Did you not say so? Now I remember what you say, you see; I understand much more than you think for you still he so close under my heart, that your least little thought thrills through 15, as your slightest movement did

'I shall not succeed here, you see, mamm and I will not have you looking on while I am struggling and heartsore and in anguish Mother, let me leave Alencon; I want to go through it all away from you.

I want to be at your side always, she said proudly 'Suffering alone I new without your mother I your poor mother that would be your servant if need were, and

keep out of sight for fear of injuring you, if you wished it, and never accuse you of pride! No, no, Athanase, we will never be parted!

Athanase put his arms about her and held her with a passionate tight clasp, as a dying man might cling to

lıfe

'And yet I wish it,' he said 'If we do not part, it is all over with me The double pain yours and mine would kill me It is better that I should live, is it not?'

Mme Granson looked with haggard eyes into her son's face

'So this is what you have been brooding over! They said truth Then are you going away?'

'Yes'

'But you are not going until you have told me all about it, and without giving me any warning? You must have some things to take with you, and money. There are some louis d'ors sewed into my petticoat, you must have them'

Athanase burst into tears

'That was all that I wanted to tell you,' he said after a while 'Now, I will see you to the President's house'

Mother and son went out together. Athanase left Mme. Granson at the door of the house where she was to spend the evening. He looked long at the shafts of light that escaped through chinks in the shutters. He stood there glued to the spot, while a quarter of an hour went by, and it was with almost delirious joy that he heard his mother say, 'Grand independence of hearts.'

'Poor mother, I have deceived her!' he exclaimed to

He came down to the tall poplar on the bank where he had been wont to sit and meditate during the last six weeks. Two big stones lay there, he had brought them himself for a seat And now, looking out over the fair landscape lying in the moonlight, he passed in review all the so glorious future that should have been his. He went through cities stirred to enthusiasm by his name; he heard the cheers of crowded streets, breathed the incense of banquets, looked with a great yearning over that life of his dream rose uplifted and radiant in glorious triumph, raised a statue to himself, summoned up all his illusions to bid them farewell in a last Olympian The magic could only last for a little while it fled, it had vanished for ever. In that supreme moment he clung to his beautiful tree as if it had been a friend; then he put the stones, one in either pocket, and huttoned his overcoat. His hat he had purposely left at home He went down the bank to look for a deep spot which he had had in view for some time; and slid in resolutely, trying to make as little noise as possible. There was scarcely a sound.

When Mme, Granson came home about half past nine that night, the maid-of-all-work said nothing of Athanase, but handed her a letter Mme. Granson

opened it and read-

'I have gone away, my kind mother; do not think hardly of me. That was all.

'A pretty thing he has done I cried she 'And how about his linen and the money? But he will write, and I shall find him. The poor children always think themselves waser than their fathers and mothers. And

she went to bed with a quiet mind.

The Sarthe had risen with yesterday's rain Fishers and angiers were prepared for this, for the swollen river washes down the eels from the little streams on its course. It so happened that an enl-catcher had set his lines over the very spot where poor Athan se had chosen to drown himself, thinking that he should never be heard of again; and next morning, about six o clock, the man drew out the young dead body

One or two women among Mme. Granson's few

friends went to prepare the poor widow with all possible care to receive the dreadful yield of the river. The news of the suicide, as might be expected, produced a tremendous sensation. Only last evening the poverty-stricken man of genius had not a single friend, the morning after his death scores of voices cried, 'I would so willingly have helped him!' So easy is it to play a charitable part when no outlay is involved. The Chevalier de Valois, in the spirit of revenge, explained the suicide. It was a boyish, sincere, and noble passion for Mile Cormon that drove Athanase to take his own life. And when the Chevalier had opened Mme. Granson's eyes, she saw a multitude of little things to confirm this view. The story grew touching, women cried over it

Mme Granson sorrowed with a dumb concentration of grief which few understood. For mothers there are two ways of bereavement It often happens that every one else can understand the greatness of her loss, her boy was admired and appreciated, young or handsome, with fair prospects before him or brilliant successes won already, every one regrets him, every one shares her mourning, and the grief that is widely spread is not so hard to bear Then there is the loss that one under-No one else knew her boy and all that he was, his smiles were for her alone, she, and she only, knew how much perished with that life, too early cut short Such sorrow hides itself, beside that darkness other woe grows pale, no words can describe it, and, happily, there are not many women who know what it is to have those heart-strings finally severed

Even before Mme du Bousquier came back to town, her obliging friend, Mme du Ronceret, went to fling a dead body down among the roses of her new-wedded happiness, to let her know what a love she had refused Ever so gently the Présidente squeezed a shower of drops of wormwood over the honey of the first month

of married life. And as Mme, du Bousquier returned, it so happened that she met Mme, Granson at the corner of the Val-Nohle, and the look in the hearthroken mother's eyes cut her to the quick. It was a look from a woman dying of grief, a thousand curses gathered up into one glance of malediction, a thousand sparks in one gleam of hate. It frightened Mme, du Bousquier; it

boded ill and invoked ill upon her

Mme. Granson had belonged to the party most opposed to the cure; she was a litter partisan of the priest of St. Leonard s; but on the very evening of the tragedy she thought of the rigid orthodoxy of her own party, and she shuddered She herself laid her son in his shroud, thinking all the while of the Mother of the Saviour; then with a soul quivering with agony, she betook herself to the house of the perjured priest. She found him husy, the humble good man storing the hemp and flax which he gave to poor women and girls to spin so that no worker should ever want work, a piece of wise charity which had saved more than one family that could not endure to beg He left his hemp at once and brought his visitor into the dining room, where the stricken mother saw the frugality of her own housekeeping in the supper that stood waiting for the curé.

'M. l Abbé, she began, 'I have come to entreat you

She burst into tears, and could not finish the sentence.

'I know why you have come, answered the holy man 'and I trust to you, madame, and to your relative Mme, du Bousquier to make it right with his Lordship at Séez. Yes, I will pray for your unhappy boy yes, I will say masses; but we must avoid all scandal, we must give no occasion to ill-disposed people to gather together in the church. I myself, alone, and at night

Yes, yes, as you wish, if only he is laid in consecrated

ground!' she said, poor mother, and taking the priest's

hand in hers, she kissed it,

And so, just before midnight, a bier was smuggled into the parish church. Four young men, Athanase's friends, carried it. There were a few little groups of veiled and black-clad women, Mme Granson's friends, and some seven or eight lads that had been intimate with the dead. The bier was covered with a pall, torches were lit at the corners, and the curé read the office for the dead, with the help of one little choir boy whom he could trust. Then the suicide was buried, noiselessly, in a corner of the churchyard, and a dark wooden cross with no name upon it marked the grave for the mother. Athanase lived and died in the shadow.

Not a voice was raised against the curé, his Lordship at Séez was silent, the mother's piety redeemed her son's

impious deed

Months afterwards, moved by the inexplicable thirst of sorrow which drives the unhappy to steep their lips in their bitter cup, the poor woman went to see the place where her son drowned himself Perhaps she felt instinctively that there were thoughts to be gathered under the poplar tree, perhaps, too, she longed to see all that his eyes had seen for the last time. The sight of the spot would kill many a mother, while again there are some who can kneel and worship there There are truths on which the patient anatomist of human nature cannot insist too much, verities against which education and laws and systems of philosophy are shattered. It is absurd let us repeat it again and again to try to lay down hard and fast rules in matters of feeling, the personal element comes in to modify feeling as it arises, and a man's character influences his most instinctive actions.

Mme Granson, by the river-side, saw a woman at some distance a woman who came nearer, till she reached the fatal spot, and exclaimed 'Then this is the place!

One other woman in the world wept there as the mother was weeping, and that woman was Suranne She had heard of the tragedy on her arrival that morning at the Three Mori If poor Athanase had been alive, she might have done what poor and generous people dream of doing, and the rich never think of putting in practice "she would have enclosed a thousand francs with the words, 'Money lent hy your father to a com rade who now repays you During her journey Suzanne had thought of this angelic way of giving She looked up and saw Mme, Granson

I loved him, she said then she hurried away

Suzanne, true to her nature, did not leave Alençon till she had changed the bride's wreath of orange flowers to water lilles She was the first to assert that Mme, du Bousquier would be Mile Cormon as long as she lived And with one libe she avenged both

Athanase and the dear Chevalier de Valois.

Alencon beheld another and more piteous suicide Ath hase was promptly forgotten by a world that will ingly, and indeed of necessity, forgets its dead as soon as possible; but the poor Chevalier's existence became a kind of death-in life, a suicide continued morning after morning during fourteen years. Three months after du Bousquier's marriage, people remarked, not without astonishment, that the Chevalier's linen was turning yellow, and his hair irregularly combed M de Valois was no more, for a dishevelled M de Valois could not be said to be himself An avery tooth here and there deserted from the ranks, and no student of human nature could discover to what corps they belonged, whether they were native or foreign, animal or vege table; nor whether, finally they had been extracted by old age, or were merely lying out of sight and out of mind in the Chevaliers dressing table drawer. His cravat was wisped, careless of elegance, into a cord

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The negroes' heads grew pale for lack of soap and water The lines on the Chevalier's face deepened into wrinkles and darkened as his complexion grew more and more like parchment, his neglected nails were sometimes adorned with an edge of black velvet Grains of snuff lay scattered like autumn leaves in the furrows of his waistcoat. The cotton in his ears was but seldom renewed. Melancholy, brooding on his brow, spread her sallow hues through his wrinkles, in short, time's ravages, hitherto so carefully repaired, began to appear in rifts and cracks in the noble edifice. Here was proof of the power of the mind over matter! The blond cavalier, the jeune premier, fell into decay when

hope failed

Hitherto the Chevalier's nose had made a peculiarly elegant appearance in public; never had it been seen to distil a drop of amber, to let fall a dark wafer of moist rappee, but now, with a snuff-bedabbled border about the nostrils, and an unsightly stream taking advantage of the channel hollowed above the upper lip, that nose, which no longer took pains to please, revealed the immense trouble that the Chevalier must have formerly taken with himself. In this neglect you saw the extent, the greatness and persistence of the man's designs upon Mile Cormon The Chevalier was crushed by a pun from du Coudrai, whose dismissal he however procured. It was the first instance of vindictiveness on the part of the urbane gentleman, but then the pun was atrocious, worse by a hundred cubits than any other ever made by the registrar of mortgages M. du Coudrai, observing this nasal revolution, had nicknamed the Chevalier 'Nérestan' (nez-restant)

Latterly the Chevalier's witticisms had been few and far between, the anecdotes went the way of the teeth, but his appetite continued as good as ever, out of the great shipwreck of his hopes he saved nothing but his digestion, and while he took his snuff feebly, he despatched his dinner with an avidity alarming to behold You may mark the extent of the havoe wrought in his ideas in the fact that his colloquies with the Princess Goritza grew less and less frequent. He came to Mile. Armande's one day with a false calf in front of his shins The bankruptcy of elegance was something painful, I protest; all Alençon was shocked by it. It seared society to see an elderly young man drop sud denly into his dotage, and from sheer depression of spirits pass from fifty to ninety years. And besides, he had betrayed his secret. He had been waiting and lying in wait for Mile. Cormon For ten long years, persevering sportsman that he was, he had been stalking the game, and he had missed his shot. The impotent Republic had won a victory over a valiant Aristocracy, and that in full flood of Restoration i. The sham had triumphed over the real; spirit was vanquished by matter, diplomacy by insurrection; and as a final misfortune, a grisette in an outhreak of bad temper, let out the secret of the Chevaller's levées!

At once he became a man of the worst character The Liberal party laid all du Bousquier s foundlings on the Chevalier's doorstep, while the Faubourg Saint Germain of Alencon boastingly accepted them; laughed and cried, 'The dear Chevalier! What else could he do? Saint Germain pitied the Chevaller, took him to its bosom, and smiled more than ever upon bim; while an appalling amount of unpopularity was drawn down upon du Bousquier's head. Eleven persons seceded from the mion Cormon and went over to the d Esgrignons

But the especial result of the marriage was a more sharply marked division of parties in Alencon The Maison d Esgrignon represented undlinted aristocracy; for the Troisvilles on their return joined the clique The Masson Cormon, skilfully influenced by du Bousquier, was not exactly Liberal, nor yet resolutely Royalist, but of that unlucky shade of opinion which produced the 221 members, so soon as the political struggle took a definite shape, and the greatest, most august, and only real power of Kingship came into collision with that most false, fickle, and tyrannical power which, when wielded by an elective body, is known as the power of Parliament

The third salon, the salon du Ronceret, out and out Radical in its politics, was secretly allied with the

Maison Cormon

With the return from the Prébaudet, a life of continual suffering began for the Abbé de Sponde. He kept all that he endured locked within his soul, uttering not a word of complaint to his niece, but to Mlle Armande he opened his heart, admitting that taking one folly with another, he should have preferred the Chevalier. M de Valois would not have had the bad taste to thwart a feeble old man with but a few days to live Du Bousquier had pulled the old home to pieces 'Mademoiselle,' the old Abbé said as the thin tears

'Mademoiselle,' the old Abbé said as the thin tears fell from his faded old eyes, 'the lime-tree walk, where I have been used to meditate these fifty years, is gone My dear lime-trees have all been cut down! Just as I am nearing the end of my days the Republic has come back again in the shape of a horrible revolution in the

house ?

'Your niece must be forgiven,' said the Chevalier de Valois 'Republicanism is a youthful error, youth goes out to seek for liberty, and finds tyranny in its worst form the tyranny of the impotent rabble Your niece, poor thing, has not been punished by the thing wherein she sinned'

What is to become of me in a house with naked women dancing all over the walls? Where shall I find the lime-tree walks where I used to read my breviary?

Like Kant, who lost the thread of his ideas when somebody cut down the fir-tree on which he fixed his

eyes as he meditated, the good Ahbé pacing up and down the shadowless alleys could not say his prayers with the same uplifting of soul. Du Bousquier had laid ont an English garden I

'It looked nicer, Mme du Bousquier said. Not that she really thought so but the Abbe Couturier had authorised her to say and do a good many things that

she might please her husband

With the restoration, all the glory departed from the old house, and all its quaint, cheerful, old-world look. If the Chevalier de Valois s neglect of his person might be taken as a sort of abdication the bourgeois majesty of the salon Cormon passed away when the drawing room was decorated with white and gold; and blue silk curtains and mahogany ottomans made their appear In the dining-room, fitted up in the modern style, the dishes were somehow not so hot, nor the dinners quite what they had been M du Coudrai said that the puns stuck fast in his throat when he saw the painted figures on the walls and felt their eyes upon him. Without, the house was provincial as ever within, the forage-contractor of the Directory made himself every where felt. All over the house you saw the stock broker's bad taste; stucco pilasters, glass doors, classic cornices, and decoration-a medley of every imaginable style and ill-amorted magnificence.

Alençon criticised such unheard-of luxury for a fort night, and grew proud of it at the end of a few months. Several rich manufacturers refurnished their houses in consequence, and set up fine drawing rooms. Modern furniture made its appearance; astral lamps might even

be seen in some places

The Abbé de Sponde was the first to see the unhappi ness which lay beneath the surface of his dear child's married life. The old dignified simplicity which ruled their way of living was gone; du Bousquier gave two balls or 1y month in the course of the first winter The

venerable house oh, to think of it echoed with the sound of violins and worldly gaiety. The Abbé, on his knees, prayed while the merriment lasted

The politics of the sober salon underwent a gradual change for the worse The Abbé de Sponde divined du Bousquier; he shuddered at his nephew's dictatorial tone He saw tears in his niece's eyes when the disposal of her fortune was taken out of her hands, her husband left her only the control of the linen, the table, and such things as fall to a woman's lot. Rose had no more orders to give. Jacquelin, now coachman exclusively, took his orders from no one but his master, René, the groom, did likewise, so did the man-cook imported from Paris, Mariette was only the kitchenmaid, and Mme du Bousquier had no one to tyrannise over but Josette

Does any one know how much it costs to give up the delicious exercise of authority? If the triumph of will is one of the most intoxicating of the great man's joys, to have one's own way is the whole life of narrow natures No one but a cabinet minister fallen into disgrace can sympathise with Mme du Bousquier's bitter pain when she saw herself reduced to a cipher in her own house. She often drove out when she would rather have stayed at home, she saw company which she did not like, she who had been free to spend as she pleased, and had never spent at all, had lost the control of the money which she loved Impose limits, and who does not wish to go beyond them? Is there any sharper suffering than that which comes of thwarted will

But these beginnings were the roses of life. Every concession was counselled by poor Rose's love for her husband, and at first du Bousquier behaved admirably to his wife. He was very good to her, he brought forward sufficient reasons for every encroachment The room, so long left empty, echoed with the voices of

busband and wife in fireside talk. And so, for the first few years of married life, Mme du Bousquier wore a face of content, and that little air of emaneipation and mystery often seen in a young wife after a marriage of love. She had no more trouble with heated blood This countenance of hers routed scoffers, gave the lie to gossip concerning du Bousquier, and put observers of human nature at fault

Rose Marie Victoire was so afraid lest she should lose ber hushand a affection or drave him from her side by setting her will against his, that she would have made any sacrifice, even of her uncle if need be And the Abbe de Sponde, deceived by Mme, du Bousquier : poor foolish little joys, bore his own discomforts the more

easily for the thought that his niece was happy

At first Alencon shared this impression But there was one man less easy to deceive than all the rest of Alençon put together. The Chevalier de Valois had taken teluge on the Mons Sacer of the most atistocratic section, and spent his time with the d Esgrignons. lent an ear to the scandal and tittle tattle; night and day he studied how to have his revenge before he died The perpetrator of puns had been already brought low, and he meant to stah du Bousquier to the heart

The poor Abbe, knowing as he did the cowardliness of his niece s first and last love, shuddered as he guessed his nephew's hypocritical nature and the man's intrigues Du Bousquier, be it said, put some constraint upon him self; he had an eye to the Ahbe's property, and had no wish to annoy his wife a uncle in any way, yet he dealt the old man his deathblow

If you can translate the word Intolerance hy Firmness of Principle; if you can forbear to condemn in the old Roman Catholie Vlcar General that stoicism which Scott has taught us to revere in Jeanie Deans s Puritan father; if, finally, you can recognise in the Roman Church the nobility of a Petius mers quam fædars which

you admire in a Republican then you can understand the anguish that rent the great Abbé de Sponde when he saw the apostate in his nephew's drawing-room, when he was compelled to meet the renegade, the backslider, the enemy of the Church, the aider and abettor of the Oath to the Constitution. It was du Bousquier's private ambition to lord it over the countryside, and as a first proof of his power, he determined to reconcile the officiating priest of St Leonard's with the curé of Alençon He gained his object His wife imagined that peace had been made where the stern Abbé saw no peace, but surrender of principle M de Sponde was left alone in the faith The Bishop came to du Bousquier's house, and appeared satisfied with the cessation of hostilities The Abbé François's goodness had conquered every one every one except the old Roman of the Roman Church, who might have cried with Cornélie, 'Ah, God | what virtues you make me hate !' The Abbé de Sponde died when orthodoxy expired in the diocese

In 1819 the Abbé de Sponde's property raised Mme du Bousquier's income from land to twenty-five thousand livres without counting the Prébaudet or the house in the Val-Noble About the same time du Bousquier returned the amount of his wife's savings (which she had made over to him), and instructed her to invest the moneys in purchases of land near the Prébaudet, so that the estate, including the Abbé de Sponde's adjoining property, was one of the largest in the department. As for du Bousquier, he invested his money with the Kellers, and made a journey to Paris four times a year. Nobody knew the exact amount of his private fortune, but at this time he was supposed to be one of the wealthiest men in the department of the Orne A dexterous man, and the permanent candidate of the Liberal party, he always lost his election by seven or eight votes under the Restoration. Ostensibly he repudiated his connection with the Liberals, offering himself as a Ministerial-Royalist candidate but although he succeeded in gaining the support of the Congrégation and of the magistrature, the repugnance of the administration was too

strong to be overcome Then the rabid Republican, frantic with ambition, conceived the idea of beginning a struggle with the Royalism and Aristocracy of the country, just as they were carrying all before them. He gained the support of the clergy by an appearance of plety very skilfully kept up always going with his wife to mass giving money to the convents, and supporting the confraternity of the Sacré Cœur and whenever a dispute arose between the clergy and the town, or the department, or the State, he was very careful to take the clenical side. And so while see thy supported by the Liberals, he gained the influence of the Church; and as a Constitutional-Royalist kept close beside the aristocratic section, the better to ruin it And ruin it be did. He was always on the watch for any mistake on the part of those high in rank or in office under the Government; with the support of the bourgeoisie he carried out all the improvements which the nobles and officials ought to have undertaken and directed, if the imbecile jealousies of place had not frustrated their efforts. Constitutional opinion carried him through in the affair of the cure, in the theatre question, and in all the various schemes of improvement which du Bousquier first prompted the Liberals to make, and afterwards supported in the course of debate, declaring himself in favour of any measures for the good of the country He brought about an industrial revolution; and his detestation of certain families on the high road to Brittany rapidly increased the material prosperity of the province.

And so be paved the way for his revenge upon the gens a chateaux in general and the d Eagrignons in particular; some day, not so very far distant, he would

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plunge a poisoned blade into the very heart of the clique. He found capital to revive the manufacture of point d'Alençon and to increase the linen trade. Alençon began to spin its own flax by machinery And while his name was associated with all these interests, and written in the hearts of the masses, while he did all that Royalty left undone, du Bousquier risked not a farthing of his With his means, he could afford to wait while enterprising men with little capital were obliged to give up and leave the results of their labours to luckier He posed as a banker A Laffitte on a successors small scale, he became a sleeping partner in all new inventions, taking security for his money And as a public benefactor, he did remarkably well for himself He was a promoter of insurance companies, a patron of new public conveyances, he got up memorials for necessary roads and bridges The authorities, being left behind in this way, regarded this activity in the light of an encroachment, they blundered, and put themselves into the wrong, for the prefecture was obliged to give way for the good of the country

Du Bousquier embittered the provincial noblesse against the court nobles and the peerage. He helped, in short, to bring it to pass that a very large body of Constitutional-Royalists supported the fournal des Débats and M de Chateaubriand in a contest with the throne. It was an ungrateful opposition based on ignoble motives which contributed to bring about the triumph of the bourgeoisie and the press in 1830. Wherefore du Bousquier, like those whom he represented, had the pleasure of watching a funeral procession of Royalty pass through their district without a single demonstration of sympathy from a population alienated from them in ways so numerous that they cannot be indicated here

Then the old Republican, with all that weight of masses on his conscience, hauled down the white flag

¹ Charles x on his way to England

above the towohall amid the applause of the people. For fifteen years he had acted a part to satisfy his vendetta, and no man in France heholding the new throne ransed in August 1830 could feel more intoxicated than he with the joy of revenge For him, the succession of the younger branch meant the triumph of the Revolu tion's for him, the hoisting of the Tricolour flag was the resurrection of the Mouotain and this time the nobles should be brought low by a surer method than the guillotine, in that its action should be less violent. A peerage for life only; a National Guard which stretches the marquis and the grocer from the corner shop on the same camp bed; the abolition of entail demanded by a bourgeois barrister; a Catholic Church deprived of its supremacy; in short, all the legislative inventions of August 1830 simply meant for du Bousquier the principles of 1703 carried out in a most ingenious manner

Du Bousquier has been receiver general of taxes since 1830. He relied for success upon his old connections with Egalité Orléans (father of Louis Philippe) and M. de Folmon, steward of the Downger Duchess He is supposed to have an income of eighty thousand livres. In the eyes of his fellow-countrymen, Mousear du Bousquier is a man of substance, hooourable, upright, obliging, unswerving in his principles. To him, Alençon owes her participation in the industrial movement which makes her, as it were, the first link in a chain which some day perhaps may hind Brittany to the state of things which we nickname modern civilisation. Alencon boasted hut two carriages, properly speaking ten years afterwards, caleches, coupés, landaus, cabriolets, and tilhuries were rolling about the succes without causing any astonishment. At first the townsmen and

landowners were alarmed by the rise of prices, afterwards they discovered that the increased expenditure produced Du Ronceret's prophetic words, Du Bousquier is a

a corresponding increase in their incomes.

very strong man,' were now taken up by the country. But, unfortunately for du Bousquier's wife, the remark is a shocking misnomer Du Bousquier, the husband, is a very different person from du Bousquier the public man and politician The great citizen, so liberal in his opinions, so easy humoured, so full of love for his country, is a despot at home, and has not a particle of love for his The Cromwell of the Val-Noble 18, profoundly astute, hypocritical, and crafty, he behaves to those of his own household as he behaved to the aristocrats on whom he fawned, until he could cut their throats Like his friend Bernadotte, he has an iron hand in a velvet glove His wife gave him no children Suzanne's epigram, and the Chevalier de Valois's insinuations, were justified, but the Liberals and Constitutional-Royalists among the townspeople, the little squires, the magistrature, and the 'clericals' (as the Constitutionnel used to say), all threw the blame upon Mme du Bousquier. M du Bousquier had married such an elderly wife, they said, and besides, how lucky it was for her, poor thing, for at her age bearing a child meant such a risk. If, in periodically recurrent despair, Mme du Bousquier confided her troubles with tears to Mme. du Coudrai or Mme du Ronceret.

'Why you must be mad, dear!' those ladies would reply 'You do not know what you want; a child would be the death of you'

Men like M dù Coudrai, who followed du Bousquier's lead because they fastened their hopes to his success, would prompt their wives to sing du Bousquier's praises, and Rose must listen to speeches that wounded like a stab

'You are very fortunate, dear, to have such a capable husband, some men have no energy, and can neither manage their own property nor bring up their children, you are spared these troubles'

Or, 'Your husband is making you queen of the

district, fajr lady He will never leave you at a loss; he does everything in Alencon '

But I should like him to take less trouble for the

public and rather

'My dear Mme, du Bousquier, you are very hard to

please; all the women enry you your husband

Unjustly treated by a world which condemned her without a hearing, she found ample scope for the exercise of Christian virtues in her inner life. She who lived in tears always turned a serene face upon the world her, plous soul, was there not sin in the thought which was always pecking at her heart-' I loved the Chevalier de Valois, and I am du Bousquier s wife! Athanase s love rose up like a remorse to haunt her dreams. After her uncle's death and the revelation of all that he had suffered, the future grew yet more dreadful as she thought how grieved he would have been by such changes of political and religious doctrine ness often falls like a thunderbolt, as upon Mme Granson, for instance; but Rose's misery gradually widened out before her as a drop of oil spreads over stuff slowly saturating every fibre.

The Chevalier de Valois was the malignant artificer of her misfortune. He had it on his mind to snatch his opportunity and undeceive Mme du Bousquier as to oue of her articles of faith; for the Chevalier, a man of experience, saw through du Bousquier the matried man, 25 he had seen through du Bousquier the bachelor But it was not easy to take the astute Republican by surprise. His salon, naturally, was closed to the Chevalier de Valois, as to all others who discontinued their visits to the Maison Cormon at the time of his marriage. And besides, du Bousquier was above the reach of ridieule he possessed an Immense fortune, he was king of Alencon and as for his wife, he cared about her much as Richard III might have cared for the loss of the horse with which he thought to win the battle. To please

her husband, Mme du Bousquier had broken with the Maison d'Esgrignon, but sometimes, when he was away at Paris for a few days, she paid Mlle Armande a visit

Two years after Mme du Bousquier's marriage, just at the time of the Abbe's death, Mlle Armande went up to her as she came out of church Both women had been to St Leonard's to hear a messe noire said for M de Sponde, and Mlle Armande, a generous nature 6 woman, thinking that she ought to try to comfort the weeping heiress, walked with her as far as the Parade From the Parade, still talking of the beloved and lost, they came to the forbidden Hôtel d'Esgrignon, and Mlle Armande drew Mme du Bousquier into the house by the charm of her talk Perhaps the poor broken-hearted woman loved to speak of her uncle with some one whom her uncle had loved so well And besides, she wished to receive the old Marquis's greetings after an interval of nearly three years It was half-past one o'clock, the Chevalier de Valois had come to dinner, and with a bow he held out both hands

'Ah! well, dear, good, and well-beloved lady,' he said tremulously, 'we have lost our sainted friend Your mourning is ours Yes, your loss is felt as deeply here as under your roof more deeply,' he added, alluding to du Bousquier

A funeral oration followed, to which every one contributed his phrase, then the Chevalier, gallantly taking the lady's hand, drew it under his arm, pressed it in the most adorable way, and led her aside into the embrasure of a window

'You are happy, at any rate?' he asked with a fatherly tone in his voice

'Yes,' she said, lowering her eyes

Hearing that 'Yes,' Mme de Troisville (daughter of the Princess Scherbelloff) and the old Marquise de Castéran came up, Mlle Armande also joined them, and the group took a turn in the garden till dinner

should be ready Mme. du Bousquier was so stupid with grief that she did not notice that a little conspiracy of currosity was on foot among the ladies.

'We have her here, let us find out the answer to the riddle, the glances exchanged among them seemed to

'You should have children to make your happiness complete, began Mile. Armande, 'a fine boy like my nephew

Tears came to Mme, du Bousquier s eyes.

'I have heard it said that it was entirely your own fault if you had none,' said the Chevalier, 'that you were alraid of the risk.

'II she cried, innocently; 'I would endure a

hundred years in hell to have a child

The subject thus broached, Mme. la Vicomtesse de Troisville and the downger Marquise de Casteran steered the conversation with such exceeding tact, that they entangled poor Rose until, all unsuspectingly, she crealed the secrets of her married life. Mile Armande had her hand on the Chevaller's arm, and they left the three matrons to talk confidentially. Then Mme. du Bousquiers mind was disabused with regard to the deception of her marriage; and as she was still 'a natural, she amused her confidantes with her irresistible haivete. Before long the whole town was in the secret of du Bousquier a manœuvres, and knew that Mile Cormon a marriage was a mockery; but after the first burst of laughter, Mme du Bousquier gained the esteem and sympathy of every woman in it While Mile, Cormon rushed unsuccessfully at opportunities of establishing herself, every one had laughed; but people admired her when they knew the position in which she was placed by the seventy of her religious principles 'Poor, dear Mile Cormon I was replaced by poor Mme du Bousquier l

In this way the Chevalier made du Bousquier both ridiculous and very unpopular for a while, but the ridicule died down with time, the slander languished when everybody had cut his joke, and besides, it seemed to many persons that the mute Republican had a right to retire at the age of fifty-seven. But if du Bousquier previously hated the Maison d'Esgrignon, this incident so increased his rancour that he was pitiless afterwards in the day of vengeance. Mme du Bousquier received orders never to set foot in that house again; and by way of reprisals, he inserted the following paragraph in the Orne Courier, his own new paper

'A REWARD of rente to bring in a thousand francs will be paid to any person who shall prove that one M de Pombreton existed either before or after the Emigration'

Though Mme du Bousquier's happiness was essentially negative, she saw that her marriage had its advantages Was it not better to take an interest in the most remarkable man in the place than to live alone? After all, du Bousquier was better than the dogs, cats, and canaries on which old maids centre their affections, and his feeling for his wife was something more genuine and disinterested than the attachment of servants, confessors, and legacy-hunters At a still later period she looked upon her husband as an instrument in God's hands to punish her for the innumerable sins which she discovered in her desires for marriage, she regarded herself as justly rewarded for the misery which she had brought on Mme Granson, and for hastening her own uncle's end Obedient to a religious faith which bade her kiss the rod, she praised her husband in public, but in the confessional, or over her prayers at night, she often wept and entreated God to pardon the apostate who said one thing and thought another, who wished for the destruction of the order of nobles and the Church, the two religions of the Maison Cormon Living in an

uncongenial atmosphere, compelled to suppress herself, compelled likewise by a sense of duty to make her husband happy, and to injure him in nothing, she became attached to him with an indefinable affection, perhaps the result of use and wont. Her life was h perpetual contradiction. She felt the strnngest aversion for the conduct and opinions of the man she had married, and yet it was her duty to take a tender interest in him; and if, as often happened, du Bousquier ate her preserves, or thought that the dinner was good, she was in the seventh heaven She saw that his comfort was secured even in the smallest details. If he left the wrapper of his newspaper on the table, there it must remain.

'Leave it, Rene,' she would say, 'the master had some reason for putting it there.

Did du Bousquier go on a journey? She fidgeted over his travelling closk and his linen; she took the most minute precautions for his material comfort. If he was going over to the Prebaudet, she hegan to consult the weather glass twenty four hours beforehand. A sleeping dog has eyes and ears for his master, and so it was with Mme, du Bousquier she used to watch the expression of her husbands face to read his wishes. And if that hurly personage, vanquished by duty pre scribed love, exught her by the waist and kissed her on the forehead, exclaiming, 'You are a good woman I tears of joy filled the poor creature's eyes. It is probable that du Bousquier felt it incumbent upon him in make compensations which won Rose Marie Victoires respect; for the Church does not require that an assumption of wifely devotion should be carried quite so far as Mme. du Bousquier thought neressery And yet when she listened to the rancorous talk of men who took Constitutional Royalism as a cloak for their real opinions, the woman of saintly life uttered not a word. She fore saw the downfall of the Church, and shuddered Very

by the old nohle's devotion; and this much is at least certain—Cesarine, M de Valois's universal legatee, inherited scarcely six hundred livres of income at his death. The Chevalier came back to Alençon, broken hearted and spent with the fatigue of the journey, to die just as Charles x set foot on foreign soil.

Mme. du Val Noble and her journalist protector, fearing represals from the Liberals, were glad of an excuse to return incognite to the village where the old mother ded. Sirranne attended the sale of the Chevalier's furniture to buy some relic of her first good friend, and ran up the price of the snuff box to the enormous amount of a thousand francs. The Princess Goritza's portrait alone was worth that sum. Two years after wards, a young man of fashion, struck with its marvellous workmanship, obtained it of Suzanne for his collection of fine eighteenth century shuff boxes and so the delicate toy which had been the confidante of the most courtly of love affairs, and the delight of an old age till its very end, is now brought into the semipublicity of a collection. If the dead could know what is done after they are gone, there would he a flush at this moment on the Chevalier's left check.

If this history should inspire owners of sacred relics with a holy fear, and set them drafting codicils to provide for the fate of such precious souvenirs of a happiness now no more, by giving them into sympathetic hands even so an enormous service would have been rendered to the chivalrous and sentimental section of the public; but it contains another and a much more exalted moral. Does it not show that a new branch of education is needed? It is not an appeal to the so enlightened solicitude of Ministers of Public Instruction to create chairs of anthropology a science in which Germany is outstrippling us?

Modern myths are even less understood of the people than ancient myths, eaten up with myths though we may be. Fables crowd in upon us on every side, allegory

is pressed into service on all occasions to explain everything If fables are the torches of history, as the humanist school maintains, they may be a means of securing empires from revolution, if only professors of history will undertake that their interpretations thereof shall permeate the masses in the departments. If Mlle Cormon had had some knowledge of literature, if there had been a professor of anthropology in the department of the Orne, if (a final if) she had read her Ariosto, would the appalling misfortune of her marriage have befallen her? She would, perhaps, have found out for herself why the Italian poet makes his heroine Angelica prefer Medoro (a suave Chevalier de Valois) to Orlando, who had lost his mare, and could do nothing but work himself into a fury Might not Medoro be taken as an allegorical figure as the courtier of woman's sovereignty, whereas Orlando is revolution personified, an undisciplined, furious, purely destructive force, incapable of producing anything? This is the opinion of one of M Ballanche's pupils, we publish it, declining all responsibility

As for the tiny negroes' heads, no information of any kind concerning them is forthcoming. Mme du Val-Noble you may see any day at the Opera Thanks to the primary education given to her by the Chevalier de Valois, she looks almost like a woman who makes a necessity of virtue, while in truth she only exists by

virtue of necessity

Mme du Bousquier is still living, which is to say, is it not, that her troubles are not yet over? At sixty, when women can permit themselves to make admissions, talking confidentially to Mme du Coudrai, whose husband was reinstated in August 1830, she said that the thought that she must die without knowing what it was to be a wife and mother was more than she could bear.

THE COLLECTION OF ANTIQUITIES

TO BARON VON HAMMER PURGSTALL

file Asis (1 Asis file Hinty of the Others Empire.

Dear Baren .- You have taken to warm an interest in my long, vait History of French Manners in the Ninetcenth Century, you have groen me to much encouragement to persevere with my work, that you have given me a right to assoriate year name with seme parties of it. Are you net one of the most important representatives of conscientions, studious Germany? Will not your appreval win fer me the approval of others, and protect this attempt of mine? So proud am I to have gained your good opinion, that I have striven to describe it by continuing my labours with the unflagging courage characteristic of your methods of study, and of that exhaustive research among decuments without which yex could never have given year monumental work to the world of letters Year sympathy with such labour as you yourself have bestowed upon the most brilliant croilisation of the East, has often sustained my ardour through aights of toil given to the details of our modern croulisation. And will not you, whose narve kind liness can only be compared with that of our own La Fentaine, be glad to know of this?

May this token of my respect for you and your

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work find you at Dobling, dear Baron, and put you and yours in mind of one of your most sincere admirers and friends

De Balzac.

THERE stands a house at a corner of a street, in the middle of a town, in one of the least important prefectures in France, but the name of the street and the name of the town must be suppressed here. Every one will appreciate the motives of this sage reticence demanded by convention, for if a writer takes upon himself the office of annalist of his own time, he is bound to touch on many sore subjects. The house was called the Hôtel d'Esgrignon, but let d'Esgrignon be considered a mere faircy name, neither more nor less connected with real people than the conventional Belval, Floricour, or Derville of the stage, or the Adalberts and Monbreuses of romance After all, the names of the principal characters will be quite as much disguised, for though in this history the chronicler would prefer to conceal the facts under a mass of contradictions, anachronisms, improbabilities, and absurdities, the truth will out in spite of him. You uproot a vine-stock, as you imagine, and the stem will send up lusty shoots after you have ploughed your vineyard over

The 'Hôtel d'Esgrignon' was nothing more nor less than the house in which the old Marquis lived, or, in the style of ancient documents, Charles Marie Victor Ange Carol, Marquis d'Esgrignon. It was only an ordinary house, but the townspeople and tradesmen had begun by calling it the Hôtel d'Esgrignon in jest, and ended after a score of years by giving it that name in

earnest

The name of Carol, or Karawl, as the Thierrys would have spelt it, was glorious among the names of the most powerful chieftains of the Northmen who conquered Gaul and established the feudal system there Never

had Carol bent his head before King or Communes, the Church or kinance. Intrusted in the days of yore with the keeping of a French March, the title of mar quis in their family meant no shadow of imaginary office; it had been a post of honour with duties to discharge. Their fief had always been their domain. Provincial cobles were they in every sense of the word; they might boast of an unbroken line of great descent; they had been neglected by the court for two hundred years; they were lurds paramount in the estates of a province where the people looked up to them with superstitious awe, as to the image of the Holy Virgin that cures the toothache The house of d Engrignon, hursed in its remote border country, was preserved as the charred piles of one of Casar's bridges are main tained intact in a river bed. For thirteen hundred years the daughters of the house had been married without a dowry or taken the veil; the younger sons of every generation had been content with their share of their mothers dower and gone forth to be captains or bishops; some had made a marriage at court; one cadet of the house became an admiral, a duke, and a peer of France, and died without issue. Never would the Marquis d Esgrignon of the elder branch accept the

'I hold my marquisate as His Majesty holds the realm of France, and on the same conditions, he told the Constable de Luynes, a very paltry fellow in his eyes at

that time.

title of duke.

You may be sure that d Esgrignons lost their heads on the scaffold during the troubles. The old blood showed itself proud and high even in 1789. The Marquis of that day would not emigrate; he was answerable for his March. The reverence io which he was bald by the countryside saved his head; hut the hatred of the genuine tast-culture was strong enough to compel him to pretend to fly, and for a while he lived in

hiding Then, in the name of the Sovereign People, the d'Esgrignon lands were dishonoured by the District, and the woods sold by the Nation in spite of the personal protest made by the Marquis, then turned of forty. Mile d'Esgrignon, his half-sister, saved some portions of the fief, thanks to the young steward of the family, who claimed on her behalf the partage de présuccession, which is to say, the right of a relative to a portion of an émigré's lands. To Mile. d'Esgrignon, therefore, the Republic made over the castle itself and a few farms. Chesnel, the faithful steward, was obliged to buy in his own name the church, the parsonage house, the castle gardens, and other places to which his patron was attached the Marquis advancing the money.

The slow, swift years of the Terror went by, and the Marquis, whose character had won the respect of the whole country, decided that he and his sister ought to return to the castle and improve the property which Maître Chesnel for he was now a notary had contrived to save for them out of the wreck Alas! was not the plundered and dismantled castle all too vast for a lord of the manor shorn of all his ancient rights; too large for the landowner whose woods had been sold piecemeal, until he could scarce draw nine thousand francs of income from the pickings of his old

، estates ک

It was in the month of October 1800 that Chesnel brought the Marquis back to the old feudal castle, and saw with deep emotion, almost beyond control, his patron standing in the midst of the empty courtyard, gazing round upon the moat, now filled up with rubbish, and the castle towers rased to the level of the roof The descendant of the Franks looked for the missing Gothic turrets and the picturesque weather vanes which used to rise above them; and his eyes turned to the sky, as if asking of heaven the reason of this social upheaval. No one but Chesnel could understand the



profound anguish of the great d Esgrignon, now known as Citizen Carol. For a long while the Marquis stood in silence, drinking in the influences of the place, the ancient home of his forefathers, with the air that he hreathed; then he flung out a most melancholy exclama

'Chesnel, he said, 'we will come back again some day when the troubles are over; I could not bring myself to live here until the edict of pacification has been published, they will not allow me to set my scutcheon on the wall."

He waved his hand towards the castle, mounted his horse, and rode back beside his sister, who had driven

over in the notary's shabby basket chaise.

The Hôtel d Esgrignon in the town had been de molished; a couple of factories now stood on the site of the anatocrat's house So Maitre Chesnel spent the Marquis a last hag of lours on the purchase of the old . fashioned building in the square, with its gables, weather vane, turrer, and dovecot. Once it had been the courthouse of the bailtwick, and subsequently the présidial; it had belonged to the d'Esgrignons from generation to generation; and now, in consideration of five hundred louis dor, the present owner made it over with the title given by the Nation to its rightful lord. And so, half in jest, half in earnest, the old house was christened the Hôtel d Esgrignon

In 1800 little or no difficulty was made over erasing names from the fatal list, and some few emigrés began to return Among the very first nohles to come back to the old town were the Baron de Nouastre and his daughter They were completely runed. M d Esgrignon generously offered them the shelter of his roof; and in his house, two months later, the Baron died, worn out with grief The Nounstres came of the best blood of the province; Mile de Nouastre was a girl of two-and twenty; the Marquis d Esgrignon married her

to continue his line. But she died in childbirth, a victim to the unskilfulness of her physician, leaving, most fortunately, a son to bear the name of the d'Esgrignons. The old Marquis he was but fifty-three, but adversity and sharp distress had added months to every year the poor old Marquis saw the death of the loveliest of human creatures, a noble woman in whom the charm of the feminine figures of the sixteenth century lived again, a charm now lost save to men's imaginations With her death the joy died out of his old age. It was one of those terrible shocks which reverberate through every moment of the years that follow For a few moments he stood beside the bed where his wife lay, with her hands folded like a saint, then he kissed her on the forehead, turned away, drew out his watch, broke the mainspring, and hung it up beside the hearth was eleven o'clock in the morning

'Mlle d'Esgrignon,' he said, 'let us pray God that this hour may not prove fatal yet again to our house My uncle the archbishop was murdered at this hour,

at this hour also my father died

He knelt down beside the bed and buried his face in the coverlet, his sister did the same. In another moment they both rose to their feet. Mlle d'Esgrignon burst into tears, but the old Marquis looked with dry eyes at the child, round the room, and again on his dead wife. To the stubbornness of the Frank he united the fortitude of a Christian

These things came to pass in the second year of the nineteenth century. Mlle d'Esgrignon was then twenty-seven years of age. She was a beautiful woman An ex-contractor for forage to the armies of the Republic, a man of the district, with an income of six thousand francs, persuaded Chesnel to carry a proposal of marriage to the lady. The Marquis and his sister were alike indignant with such presumption in their man of business, and Chesnel was almost heartbroken,

he could not forgive himself for yielding to the Sieur du Crosser s hlandishments. The Marquis s manner with his old servant changed somewhat; never again was there quite the old affectionate kindliness, which might almost have been taken for friendship. From that time forth the Marquis was grateful, and his magnanimous and sincere gratitude continually wounded the poor notary's feelings To some sublime natures gratitude seems an excessive payment; they would rather have that sweet equality of feeling which springs from similar ways of thought, and the blending of two spirits by their own choice and will. And Maitre Chesnel had known the delights of such high friendship; the Marquis had raused him to his own level. The old noble looked on the good notary as something more than a servant, something less than a child be was the voluntary liege man of the house, a serf bound to his lord by all the ties There was no balancing of obligations; the sincere affection on either side put them out of the question

In the eyes of the Marquis, Chesnel's official dignity was as nothing; his old servitor was merely disguised as a notary As for Chesnel, the Marquis was now, as always, a being of a divine race; he believed in nobility; he did not blush to remember that his father had thrown open the doors of the salon to announce that 'My Lord Marquis is served. His devotion to the fallen house was due not so much to his creed as to egoism; he looked on himself as one of the family So his veration was intense. Once he had ventured to allude to his mistake in spite of the Marquis s prohibition, and the old noble answered gravely-'Chesnel, before the troubles you would not have permitted yourself to entertain such injurious suppositions What can these

new docurines be if they have spoiled you?'

Maltre Chesnel had gained the confidence of the whole town; people looked up to him; his high integrity and considerable fortune contributed to make him a person of importance. From that time forth he felt a very decided aversion for the Sieur du Croisier, and though there was little rancour in his composition, he set others against the sometime forage-contractor Croisier, on the other hand, was a man to bear a grudge and nurse a vengeance for a score of years Chesnel and the d'Esgrignon family with the smothered, all-absorbing hate only to be found in a country town His rebuff had simply ruined him with the mulicious provincials among whom he had come to live, thinking to rule over them. It was so real a disaster that he was not long in feeling the consequences of it. He betook himself in desperation to a wealthy old maid, and met with a second refusal. Thus failed the ambitious schemes with which he had started. He had lost his hope of a marriage with Mlle, d'Esgrignon, which would have opened the Faubourg Saint-Germain of the province to him, and after the second rejection, his credit fell away to such an extent that it was almost as much as he could do to keep his position in the second rank

In 1805, M de la Roche-Guyon, the oldest son of an ancient family which had previously intermarried with the d'Esgrignons, made proposals in form through Maître Chesnel for Mlle Marie Armande Claire d'Esgrignon She declined to hear the notary.

'You must have guessed before now that I am a mother, dear Chesnel,' she said, she had just put her

nephew, a fine little boy of five, to bed.

The old Marquis rose and went up to his sister, but just returned from the cradle, he kissed her hand reverently, and as he sat down again, found words to

'My sister, you are a d'Esgrignon'

A quiver ran through the noble girl, the tears stood in her eyes M d'Esgrignon, the father of the present Marquis, had married a second wife, the daughter of a farmer of taxes ennobled by Louis xiv It was a shocking mésalitance in the eyes of his family, but for tunately of no importance, since a daughter was the one child of the marriage. Armande knew this. Kind as her hrother had always been, he looked on her as a stranger in blood. And this speech of his had just recognited her as one of the family

And was not her answer the worthy crown of eleven years of her noble life? Her every action since she came of age had borne the stamp of the purest devotion; love for her brother was a sort of religion with

per

'I shall die Mlle. d'Esgrignon, she said simply,

turning to the notary

'For you there could be no fairer title,' returned Chesnel, meaning to convey a compliment Poor Mile

d Etgrignon reddened.

'You have blundered, Chesnel, said the Marquis, fixtered by the steward's words, hut vexed that his sister had been hur 'A d Esgrignon may marry a Montmorency; their descent is not so pure as ours. The d Esgrignons bear or, two bendi, gular he continued, 'and nothing during nine hundred years has changed their scotcheon; as it was at first, so it is to-day Hence our device, Cdl est noite, taken at a tournament in the reign of Philip Augustus, with the supporters, a knight in armour or on the right, and a hon gular on the left.'

"I do not remember that any woman I have ever met has struck my imagination as Mille. d Esgrignon did, said Emile Blondet, to whom contemporary literature is indebted for this history among other things. "Truth to tell, I was a boy, a mere child at the time, and perhaps my memory pictures of her owe something of their vivid colour to a boy; natural turn for the marvellous.

'If I was playing with other children on the Parade, and she came to walk there with her nephew Victurnien, the sight of her in the distance thrilled me with very much the effect of galvanism on a dead body. Child as I was, I felt as though new life had been given me

'Mlle. Armande had hair of tawny gold, there was a delicate fine down on her cheek, with a silver gleam upon it which I loved to catch, putting myself so that I could see the outlines of her face lit up by the daylight, and feel the fascination of those dreamy emerald eyes, which sent a flash of fire through me whenever they fell upon my face I used to pretend to roll on the grass before her in our games, only to try to reach her little feet, and admire them on a closer view soft whiteness of her skin, her delicate features, the clearly cut lines of her forehead, the grace of her slender figure, took me with a sense of surprise, while as yet I did not know that her shape was graceful, nor her brows beautiful, nor the outline of her face a perfect oval. I admired as children pray at that age, without too clearly understanding why they pray. When my piercing gaze attracted her notice, when she asked me (in that musical voice of hers, with more volume in it, as it seemed to me, than all other voices), 'What are you doing, little one? Why do you look at me?" I used to come nearer and wriggle and bite my finger-nails, and redden and say, "I do not know." And if she chanced to stroke my hair with her white hand, and ask me how old I was, I would run away and call from a distance, "Eleven "

'Every princess and fairy of my visions, as I read the Arabian Nights, looked and walked like Mlle d'Esgrignon, and afterwards, when my drawing-master gave me heads from the antique to copy, I noticed that their hair was braided like Mlle d'Esgrignon's Still later, when the foolish fancies had vanished one by one, Mlle. Armande-remained vaguely in my memory as a type,

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that Mlle, Armande for whom men made way respect fully, following the tall brown robed figure with their eyes along the Parade and out of sight. Her exquisitely graceful form, the rounded curves sometimes revealed by a chance gust of wind, and always visible to my eyes in spite of the ample folds of stuff, revisited my young man's dreams. Later yet, when I came to think seri ously over certain mysteries of human thought, it seemed to me that the feeling of reverence was first inspired in me by something expressed in Mile. d Esgri gnon's face and bearing. The wonderful calm of her face, the suppressed passion in 11, the dignity of her movements, the saintly life of duties fulfilled, all this touched and awed me. Children are more susceptible than people imagine to the subtle influences of ideas; they never make game of real dignity; they feel the charm of real graciousness, and beauty attracts them, for childhood itself is beautiful, and there are mysterious ties between things of the same nature.

'Mlle, d Esgrignon was one of my religions To this day I can never climb the staircase of some old manor house but my foolish amagination must needs picture Mile. Armande standing there, like the spirit of feudalism. I can never read old chronicles hut she appears before my eyes in the shape of some famous woman of old time she is Agnes Sorel, Mane Touchet, Gabrielle and I lend her all the love that was lost in her heart, all the love that she never expressed angel shape seen in glimpses through the haze of child ish fancies visits me now sometimes across the mists of

dreams

Keep this portrait in mind, it is a faithful picture and sketch of character Mile, d Esgrignon is one of the most instructive figures in this story she affords an example of the muchief that may be done by the purest goodness for lack of intelligence.

Two-thirds of the émigrés returned to France during 1804 and 1805, and almost every exile from the Marquis d'Esgrignon's province came back to the land of his fathers There were certainly defections. Men of good birth entered the service of Napoleon, and went into the army or held places at the Imperial court, and others made alliances with the upstart families those who cast in their lots with the Empire refrieved their fortunes and recovered their estates, thanks to the Emperor's munificence, and these for the most part went to Paris and stayed there But some eight or nine families still remained true to the proscribed noblesse and loyal to the fallen monarchy The La Roche-Guyons, Nouastres, Verneuils, Castérans, Troisvilles, and the rest were some of them rich, some of them poor, but money, more or less, scarcely counted for anything among them They took an antiquarian view of themselves, for them the age and preservation of the pedigree was the one all-important matter, precisely as, for an amateur, the weight of metal in a coin is a small matter in comparison with clean lettering, a flawless stamp, and high antiquity Of these families, the Marquis d'Esgrignon was the acknowledged head house became their cénacle There His Majesty, Emperor and King, was never anything but 'M de Buonaparte'; there 'the King' meant Louis xviii, then at Mittau, there the Department was still the Province, and the prefecture the intendance

The Marquis was honoured among them for his admirable behaviour, his loyalty as a noble, his undaunted courage, even as he was respected throughout the town for his misfortunes, his fortitude, his steadfast adherence to his political convictions. The man so admirable in adversity was invested with all the majesty of ruined greatness. His chivalrous fair-mindedness was so well known, that litigants many a time had referred their disputes to him for arbitration.

All gently bred Imperialists and the authorities them selves showed as much indulgence for his prejudices as respect for his personal character; but there was another and a large section of the new society which was destined to be known after the Restoration as the Liberal party and these, with du Croisier as their unacknowledged head, laughed at an aristocratic oasis which nobody might enter without proof of irreproach able descent. Their ammonty was all the more bifter because hooest country squires and the higher officials, with a good many worthy folk in the town, were of the opinion that all the best society thereof was to be found in the Marquis d Esgrignon s salon The prefect him self, the Emperor's chamberlain, made overtures to the d Esgrignons, humbly sending his wife (a Grandheu) as ambassadress.

Wherefore, those excluded from the miniature provincial Faubourg Saint German micknamed the saloo 'The Collection of Antiquities, and called the Marquis himself' M. Carol. The receiver of taxes, for instance, addressed his applications to 'M. Carol (a-devont des Grignons), maliciously adopting the obsolete way of spelling

For my own part, said Emile Blondet, 'if I try to call up childth memories, I remember that the nick name of "Collection of Antiquities always made me laugh, in spite of my respect—my love, I ought to say—for Mille. d Esgrignon The Hôtel d Esgrignon stood at the angle of two of the busiest thoroughfares in the town, and not five hundred paces away from the market place. Two of the drawing room windows looked upon the street and two upon the square the room was like a glass cage, every one who came past could look through it from ade to nide. I was only a boy of twelve at the time, but I thought, even then, that the saloo was one of those rare curiosities which seem, when

you come to think of them afterwards, to lie just on the borderland between reality and dreams, so that you can

scarcely tell to which side they most belong.

'The room, the ancient Hall of Audience, stood above a row of cellars with grated air-holes, once the prison cells of the old court-house, now converted into a kitchen. I do not know that the magnificent lofty chimney-piece of the Louvre, with its marvellous carving, seemed more wonderful to me than the vast open hearthof the salon d'Esgrignon when I saw it for the first time It was covered like a melon with a network of tracery Over it stood an equestrian portrait Henri III, under whom the ancient duchy of appanage reverted to the crown, it was a great picture executed in low relief, and set in a carved and gilded frame The ceiling spaces between the chestnut cross-beams in the fine old roof were decorated with scroll-work patterns, there was a little faded gilding still left along the angles The walls were covered with Flemish tapestry, six scenes from the Judgment of Solomon, framed in golden garlands, with satyrs and cupids playing among the leaves. The parquet floor had been laid down by the present Marquis, and Chesnel had picked up the furniture at sales of the wreckage of old châteaux between 1793 and 1795, so that there were Louis Quatorze consoles, tables, clock-cases, andirons, candle-sconces and tapestry-covered chairs, which marvellously completed a stately room, large out of all proportion to the house. Luckily, however, there was an equally lofty antechamber, the ancient Salle des Pas Perdus of the présidial, which communicated likewise with the magistrate's deliberating chamber, used by the d'Esgrignons as a dining-room

Beneath the old panelling, amid the threadbare braveries of a bygone day, some eight or ten dowagers were drawn up in state in a quavering line, some with palsied heads, others dark and shrivelled like mummies,

some erect and stiff, others bowed and bent, but all of them tricked out in more or less fantastle costumes as far as possible removed from the fashion of the day, with be-ribbooed caps above their curled and powdered "heads," and old discoloured lace. No painter how ever earnest, no caricature however wild, ever caught the haunting fascination of those aged women; they come back to me in dreams; their puckered faces shape themselves io my memory whenever I meet an old woman, who puts me in mind of them by some faiot resemblance of dress or feature. And whether it is that misfortune has initiated me into the secrets of irremedi able and overwhelming disaster whether that I have come to understand the whole range of human feelings, and, best of all, the thoughts of Old Age and Re gret; whatever the reason, nowhere and never again have I seen among the living or in the faces of the dying the wan look of certain grey eyes that I re member, nor the dreadful brightness of others that were hlack.

Neither Hoffmann nor Maturin, the two weirdest imaginations of our time, ever gave me such a thrill of terror as I used to feel when I watched the automaton movements of those bodies sheathed to whalebone. The paint oo actors faces never enused me a shock; I could see helow it the rouge in grain, the rouge de naissance, to quote a comrade at least as malicious as I can be. Years had levelled those women a faces, and at the same time furrowed them with wrinkles, till they looked like the heads oo wooden nut-crackers carved in Germany Peeping in through the window panes, I gazed at the battered bodies, and ill-jointed limbs (how they were fastened together, and, rodeed, their whole anatomy was a mystery I oever attempted to explain); I saw the lantern jaws, the protuberant booms, the abnormal development of the hips; and the movements of these figures as they came and went seemed to me no whit

less extraordinary than their sepulchral immobility as

they sat round the card-tables

The men looked grey and faded like the ancient tapestries on the wall, in dress they were much more like the men of the day, but even they were not altogether convincingly alive. Their white hair, their withered waxen-hued faces, their devastated foreheads and pale eyes, revealed their kinship to the women, and neutralised any effects of reality borrowed from their costume.

The very certainty of finding all these folk seated at or among the tables every day at the same hours invested them at length in my eyes with a sort of spectacular interest as it were, there was something

theatrical, something unearthly about them.

'Whenever, in after times, I have gone through museums of old furniture in Paris, London, Munich, or Vienna, with the grey-headed custodian who shows you the splendours of time past, I have peopled the rooms with figures from the Collection of Antiquities Often, as little schoolboys of eight or ten we used to propose to go and take a look at the curiosities in their glass cage, for the fun of the thing. But as soon as I caught sight of Mlle Armande's sweet face, I used to tremble, and there was a trace of jealousy in my admiration for the lovely child Victurnien, who belonged, as we all instinctively felt, to a different and higher order of being from our own It struck me as something indescribably strange that the young fresh creature should be there in that cemetery awakened before the time We could not have explained our thoughts to ourselves, yet we felt that we were bourgeois and insignificant in the presence of that proud court'

The disasters of 1813 and 1814, which brought about the downfall of Napoleon, gave new life to the Collection of Antiquities, and what was more than life, the hope of recovering their past importance, but the events of 1815, the troubles of the foreign occupation, and the vaciliating policy of the Government until the fall of M Decazes, all contributed to defer the fulfilment of the expectations of the personages so widdly described by Blondet. This story, therefore, only begins to shape itself in 1822.

In 1822 the Marquis d Esgrignon's fortunes had not improved in spite of the changes worked by the Restora tion in the condition of emigres. Of all nobles hardly hit by Revolutionary legislation, his case was the bardest Like other great families, the d Esgrignons before 1789 derived the greater part of their income from their rights as lords of the manor in the shape of dues paid by those who held of them; and, naturally, the old sognars had reduced the size of the holdings in order to swell the amounts paid in quit rents and henots | Families in this position were hopelessly rulned. They were not affected by the ordinance by which Louis xviii put the émigres into possession of such of their lands as had not been sold; and at a later date it was impossible that the law of indemnity should indemnify them suppressed rights, as everybody knows, were revived in the shape of a land tax known by the very name of demainer, but the money went into the coffers of the State

The Marquis by his position belonged to that small section of the Royalist party which would hear of no kind of compromise with those whom they styled, not Revolutionaries, but revolted subjects, or, in more parlia mentary language, they had no dealings with Liberals or Constitutionaries. Such Royalists, nicknamed Ultras by the opposition, took for leaders and heroes those coura geous orators of the Right, who from the very beginning attempted, with M de Polignac, to protest against the charter granted by Louis xviii. This they regarded as an ill advised edict extorted from the Crown by the necessity of the moment, only to be annulled later on

on in spite of legislation

The miracles of the Restoration of 1814, the still greater miracle of Napoleon's return in 1815, the portents of a second flight of the Bourbons, and a second re-instatement (that almost fabulous phase of contemporary history), all these things took the Marquis by surprise at the age of sixty-seven. At that time of life, the most high-spirited men of their age were not so much vanquished as worn out in the struggle with the Revolution, their activity, in their remote provincial retreats, had turned into a passionately held and immovable conviction; and almost all of them were shut in by the enervating, easy round of daily life in the country. Could worse luck befall a political party than this to be represented by old men at a time when its ideas are already stigmatised as old-fashioned?

When the legitimate sovereign appeared to be firmly seated on the throne again in 1818, the Marquis asked himself what a man of seventy should do at court, and what duties, what office he could discharge there? The noble and high-minded d'Esgrignon was fain to be content with the triumph of the Monarchy and Religion, while he waited for the results of that unhoped-for, indecisive victory, which proved to be simply an armistice. He continued as before, lord-paramount of his salon, so felicitously named the Collection of

Antiquities.

But when the victors of 1793 became the vanquished

in their turn, the nickname given at first in jest began to be used in bitter earnest. The town was no more to be used in bitter earnest. The town was no more free than other country towns from the hatreds and jealousies bred of party spirit. Du Crossier, contrary to all expectation, married the rich old maid who had refused him at first carrying her off from his rival, the darling of the anstocratic quarter, a certain Chevalier whose illustrious name will be sufficiently hidden by suppressing it altogether, in accordance with the usage former! adopted in the place itself, where he was known by his title only He was the Chevalier' in the town, as the Comte d'Artois was Monsieur at court Now not only had that marriage produced a war after the provincial manner, in which all weapons are fair; it had hastened the separation of the great and little noblesse, of the aristocratic and bourgeois social elements, which had been united for a little space by the heavy weight of Napoleonic rule. After the pressure was removed, there followed that sudden revival of class divisions which did so much harm to the country

The most national of all sentiments in France is vanity. The wounded vanity of the many induced a thirst for Equality; though, as the most ardent innovator will some day discover, Equality Is an Impossibility The Royalists pricked the Liberals in the most sensitive spots, and this happened especially in the provinces, where either party accused the other of unspeakable atrocities. In those days the blackest deeds were done in politics, to secure public opinion on one side or another, to catch the votes of that public of fools which holds up hands for those that are clever enough to serve out weapons to them Individuals are identified with their political opinions, and opponents in public life forthwith become private enemies. It is very difficult in a country town to avoid a man to-man conflict of this kind over interests or questions which in Paris appear in a more general and theoretical form, with the

result that political combatants also rise to a higher level, M Laffitte, for example, or M Casımır Périer can respect M. de Villèle or M de Peyronnet as a man. M Laffitte, who drew the fire on the Ministry, would have given them an asylum in his house if they had fled thither on the 29th of July 1830. Benjamin Constant sent a copy of his work on Religion to the Vicomte de Chateaubriand, with a flattering letter acknowledging benefits received from the former Minister men are systems, whereas in the provinces systems are identified with men, men, moreover, with restless passions, who must always confront one another, always spy upon each other in private life, and pull their opponents' speeches to pieces, and live generally like two duellists on the watch for a chance to thrust six inches of steel between an antagonist's ribs Each must do his best to get under his enemy's guard, and a political hatred becomes as all-absorbing as a duel to the death. Epigram and slander are used against individuals to bring the party into discredit.

In such warfare as this, waged ceremoniously and without rancour on the side of the Antiquities, while du Croisier's faction went so far as to use the poisoned weapons of savages in this warfare the advantages of wit and delicate irony lay on the side of the nobles But it should never be forgotten that the wounds made by the tongue and the eyes, by gibe or slight, are the last of all to heal When the Chevalier turned his back on mixed society and intrenched himself on the Mons Sacer of the aristocracy, his witticisms thenceforward were directed at du Croisier's salon, he stirred up the fires of war, not knowing how far the spirit of revenge was to urge the rival faction None but purists and loyal gentlemen and women sure one of another entered the Hôtel d'Esgrignon, they committed no indiscretions of any kind, they had their ideas, true or false, good or bad, noble or trivial, but there was nothing to laugh at

in all this. If the Liberals meant to make the nobles ridiculous, they were obliged to fasten on the political actions of their opponents; while the intermediate party, composed of officials and others who paid court to the higher powers, kept the nobles informed of all that was done and said in the Liberal camp, and much of it was abundantly laughable. Du Croisier's adherents smarted under a sense of inferiority, which increased their thirst for revenge.

In 1824, du Crosser put himself at the head of the manufacturing interest of the province, as the Marquis of Eagrignon headed the noblesse. Each represented his party But du Crosster, instead of giving himself out frankly for a man of the extreme Left, ostensibly adopted the opinions formulated at a later day by the 221

deputies.

By taking up this position, he could keep in touch with the magnitrates and local officials and the capitalists of the department Du Croisler's salon, a power at least equal to the salon d Eggngnon, larger numerically, as well as younger and more energetic, made itself felt all over the countryside; the Collection of Antiquities, on the other hand, remained thert, a passive appendage, as it were, of a central authority which was often embarrassed by its own partisans; for not merely did they encourage the Government in a mistaken policy, but some of its most fatal blunders were made in consequence of the pressure brought to bear upon it by the Conservative narty

The Liberals, so far, had never contrived to carry their candidate. The department declined to obey their command, knowing that du Croiner, if elected, would take his place on the Left Centre benches, and as far as possible to the Left Du Croisler was in correspondence with the Brothers Keller, the bankers, the oldest of whom shone conspicuous among 'the nineteen deputies of the Left, that phalanx mado famous by the efforts of

the entire Liberal press. This same M. Keller, moreover, was related by marriage to the Comte de Gondreville, a Constitutional peer who remained in favour with For these reasons, the Constitutional Louis xvnr Opposition (as distinct from the Liberal party) was always prepared to vote at the last moment, not for the candidate whom they professed to support, but for du Croisier, if that worthy could succeed in gaining sufficient number of Royalist votes, but at every election du Croisier was regularly thrown out by the Royalists. The leaders of that party, taking their tone from the Marquis d'Esgrignon, had pretty thoroughly fathomed and gauged their man, and with each defeat, du Croisier and his party waxed more bitter. Nothing so effectually stirs up strife as the failure of some snare set with elaborate pains

In 1822 there seemed to be a lull in hostilities which had been kept up with great spirit during the first four years of the Restoration The salon du Croisier and the salon d'Esgrignon, having measured their strength and weakness, were in all probability waiting for opportunity, that Providence of party strife persons were content with the surface quiet which deceived the Government, but those who knew du Crossier better, were well aware that the passion of revenge in him, as in all men whose whole life consists in mental activity, is implacable, especially when political ambitions are involved About this time du Croisier, who used to turn white and red at the bare mention of d'Esgrignon or the Chevalier, and shuddered at the name of the Collection of Antiquities, chose to wear the impassive countenance of a savage He smiled upon his enemies, hating them but the more deeply, watching them the more narrowly from hour to hour. One of his own party, who seconded him in these calculations of cold wrath, was the President of the Tribunal, M du Ronceret, a little country squire, who had

vainly endeavoured to gain admittance among the

The d Esergenous little fortune, carefully administered hy Maitre Chesnel, was barely sufficient for the worthy Marquis a needs for though he lived without the slightest ostentation, he also lived like a noble. The governor found by his Lordship the Bishop for the hope of the house, the young Comte Victurnien d Esgrignon, was an elderly Oratórian who must be paid a certain salary, although he lived with the family. The wages of 2 cook, a waiting woman for Mile, Armande, an old valet for M. le Marquis, and a couple of other servants, together with the daily expenses of the household, and the cost of an education for which nothing was spared. absorbed the whole family income, in spite of Mile. Armande's economies, in spite of Chesnel's careful management, and the servants affection Chesnel had not been able to set about repairs at the runed castle; he was waiting till the leases fell in to raise the rent of the farms, for rents had been rising lately, partly on account of improved methods of agri culture partly by the fall in the value of money of which the landlord would get the benefit at the expira tion of leases granted in 1800

The Marquis himself knew nothing of the details of the management of the house or of his property. He would have been thunderstruck if he had been told of the excessive precautions needed to make both ends of the year meet in December, to use the housewife's saying and he was so near the end of his life, that every one shrank from opening his eyes. The Marquis and his adherents believed that a House, to which no one at Court or in the Government gave a thought, a House that was never heard of beyond the gates of the town, save here and there in the some department, was about to revive its ancient greatness, to shine forth in all its glory. The d Exgrignons line should reappear with

renewed lustre in the person of Victurnien, just as the despoiled nobles came into their own again, and the handsome heir to a great estate would be in a position to go to Court, enter the King's service, and marry (as other d'Esgrignons had done before him) a Navarreins, a Cadignan, a d'Uxelles, a Beauséant, a Blamont-Chauvry; a wife, in short, who should unite all the distinctions of birth and beauty, wit and wealth, and character.

The intimates who came to play their game of cards of an evening the Troisvilles (pronounced Tréville), the La Roche-Guyons, the Castérans (pronounced Catéran), and the Duc de Verneuil had all so long been accustomed to look up to the Marquis as a person of immense consequence, that they encouraged him in such notions as these They were perfectly sincere in their belief, and indeed, it would have been well founded if they could have wiped out the history of the last forty years But the most honourable and undoubted sanctions of right, such as Louis xviii had tried to set on record when he dated the Charter from the one-and-twentieth year of reign, only exist when ratified by the general The d'Esgrignons not only lacked the very rudiments of the language of latter-day politics, to wit, money, the great modern relief, or sufficient rehabilitation of nobility, but, in their case, too, 'historical continuity' was lacking, and that is a kind of renown which tells quite as much at Court as on the battlefield, in diplomatic circles as in Parliament, with a book, or in connection with an adventure; it is, as it were, a sacred ampulla poured upon the heads of each successive generation Whereas a noble family, inactive and forgotten, is very much in the position of a hard-featured, poverty-stricken, simple-minded, and virtuous maid, these qualifications being the four cardinal points of misfortune The marriage of a daughter of the Troisvilles with General Montcornet, so far from opening the eyes of the Antiquities, very nearly brought about rupture between the Troisvilles and the salon

d Esgrignon, the latter declaring that the Troisvilles were mixing themselves up with all sorts of people.

There was one, and one only, among all these folk who did not share their illusions. And that one, needless to say, was Chesnel the notary Although his devotion, sufficiently proved already, was simply un bounded for the great bouse now reduced to three persons; alshough he accepted all their ideas, and thought them nothing less than right, he had too much common sense, he was too good a man of business to more than half the families in the department, to miss the significance of the great changes that were taking place in people a minds or to be blind to the different conditions brought about by industrial development and modern m nners. He had watched the Revolution pass through the violent phase of 1793 when men, women, and children were arms, and heads fell on the scaffold, and victories were won in pitched battles with Europe; and now he saw the same forces quietly at work in men s minds, in the shape of ideas which sanctioned the issues. The soil had been cleared, the seed sown, and now came the harvest. To his thinking the Revolution had formed the mind of the younger generation; be touched the hard facts, and knew that although there were countless unhealed wounds, what had been done was done past recall. The death of a king on the scaffold, the protracted agony of a queen, the division of the nobles lands, in his eyes were so many binding contracts and where so many vested interests were involved, it was not likely that those concerned would allow them to be attacked Chesnel saw clearly His fanatical attachment to the d Esgrignons was whole hearted, but it was not blind, and it was all the fairer for this. The young monk s faith that sees heaven laid open and beholds the angels, is something far below the power of the old monk who points them out to him. The ex steward was like the old monk he would have given his life to defend a worm eaten shrine.

He tried to explain the 'innovations' to his old master, using a thousand tactful precautions, sometimes speaking jestingly, sometimes affecting surprise or sorrow over this or that, but he always met the same prophetic smile on the Marquis's lips, the same fixed conviction in the Marquis's mind, that these follies would go by like others Events contributed in a way which has escaped attention to assist such noble champions of forlorn hopes to cling to their superstitions could Chesnel do when the old Marquis said, with a lordly gesture, 'God swept away Buonaparte with his armies, his new great vassals, his crowned kings, and his vast conceptions! God will deliver us from the rest.' And Chesnel hung his head sadly, and did not dare to answer, 'It cannot be God's will to sweep away France' both of them were grand figures, the one, standing out against the torrent of facts like an ancient block of lichen-covered granite, still upright in the depths of an Alpine gorge, the other, watching the course of the flood to turn it to account Then the good grey-headed notary would groan over the irreparable havoc which these superstitions were sure to work in the mind, the habits, and ideas of the Comte Victurnien d'Esgrignon.

Idolised by his father, idolised by his aunt, the young heir was a spoilt child in every sense of the word, but still a spoilt child who justified paternal and maternal illusions. Maternal, be it said, for Victurnien's aunt was truly a mother to him, and yet, however careful and tender she may be that never bore a child, there is a something lacking in her motherhood. A mother's second sight cannot be acquired. An aunt, bound to her nursling by ties of such a pure affection as united Mlle Armande to Victurnien, may love as much as a mother might, may be as careful, as kind, as tender, as indulgent, but she lacks the mother's instinctive knowledge when and how to be severe, she has no sudden warnings, none of the uneasy presentiments of the

mother's heart; for a mother, bound to her child from the beginglos of life by all the fibres of her being, still is conscious of the communication, still vibrates with the shock of every trouble, and thrills with every 107 to the child's life as if it were her own If Nature has made of woman, physically speaking, a neutral ground, it has not been forhidden to her, under certain conditions, to identify herself completely with her offspring. When she has not merely given life, but given of her whole life, you hehold that wonderful, unexplained, and mexplicable thing-the love of a woman for one of her children above the others The outcome of this story is one more proof of a proven truth-a mother's place cannot be filled A mother foresees danger long before a Mile Armande can admit the possibility of it, even if the mischief is done. The one prevents the evil, the other remedies it. And hesides, in the maiden's motherhood there is an element of blind adoration, she canoot bring herself to scold a beautiful boy

A practical knowledge of life, and the experience of business had taught the old notary a habit of distrustful clear sighted observation something akin to the mother's instinct. But Chesnel counted for so little in the house (especially since he had fallen into something like disgrace over that unlucky project of a marriage hetween a d'Esgrignon and a du Croisier), that he had made up his mind to adhere himdly in future to the family doctrines. He was a common solder, fathful to his post, and ready to give his life it was oever likely that they would take his advice, even in the height of the storm; unless chance should bring him, like the king is bedesman in The Antiquary to the edge of the sea, when the old baronet and his daughter were caught by the high tide

Du Croisier caught a glimpse of his revenge in the anomalous education given to the lad. He hoped, to quote the expressive words of the author quoted above,

'to drown the lamb in its mother's milk' This was the hope which had produced his taciturn resignation and

brought that savage smile on his lips.

The young Comte Victurnien was taught to believe in his own supremacy so soon as an idea could enter his All the great nobles of the realm were his peers, his one superior was the King, and the rest of mankind were his inferiors, people with whom he had nothing in common, towards whom he had no duties They were defeated and conquered enemies, whom he need not take into account for a moment, their opinions could not affect a noble, and they all owed him respect luckily, with the rigorous logic of youth, which leads children and young people to proceed to extremes whether good or bad, Victurnien pushed these conclusions to their utmost consequences His own external advantages, moreover, confirmed him in his beliefs. He had been extraordinarily beautiful as a child, he became as accomplished a young man as any father could wish

He was of average height, but well proportioned, slender, and almost delicate-looking, but muscular had the brilliant blue eyes of the d'Esgrignons, the finely-moulded aquiline nose, the perfect oval of the face, the auburn hair, the white skin, and the graceful gait of his family, he had their delicate extremities, their long taper fingers with the inward curve, and that peculiar distinction of shapeliness of the wrist and instep, that supple felicity of line, which is as sure a sign of race in men as in horses. Adroit and alert in all bodily exercises, and an excellent shot, he handled arms like a St George, he was a paladin on horseback In short, he gratified the pride which parents take in their children's appearance, a pride founded, for that matter, on a just idea of the enormous influence exercised by physical beauty Personal beauty has this in common with noble birth, it cannot be acquired afterwards, it is

everywhere recognised, and often is more valued than either morey or hrains; heauty has only to appear and triumph; nobody asks more of beauty than that it

should simply exist

Fate had endowed Victurnien, over and above the privileges of good looks and noble birth, with a high spirit, a wonderful aptitude of comprehension, and a good memory. His education, therefore, had been com-He knew a good deal more than is usually known by young provincial nobles, who develop into highly-distinguished sportsmen, owners of land, and consumers of tobacco; and are apt to treat art, sciences, letters, poetry, or anything offensively above their intellects, cavalierly enough Such gifts of nature and education surely would one day realise the Marquis d Esgrignon's ambitions; he already saw his son a Marshal of France of Victornien's tastes were for the army; an ambassador if diplomacy held any attrac tions for him; a cabinet minister if that career seemed good in his eyes; every place in the state belonged to Victurnien And, most gratifying thought of all for a father, the young Count would have made his way in the world by his own merits even If he had not been a d Exertenon

All through his happy childhood and golden youth, Victurmen had never met with opposition to his wishes. He had been the king of the house no one curbed the little princes will; and naturally he grew up insolent and audactous, selfish as a prince, self willed as the most high spirited cardinal of the Middle Ages,—defects of character which any one might guess from his qualities.

essentially those of the noble.

The Chevaller was a man of the good old times when the Grey Muketeers were the terror of the Paris theatres, when they horsewhipped the watch and drubbed servers of writs, and played a host of page's pranks, at which Majesty was wont to smile so long as

they were amusing. This charming deceiver and hero of the ruelles had no small share in bringing about the disasters which afterwards befell The amiable old gentleman, with nobody to understand him, was not a little pleased to find a budding Faublas, who looked the part to admiration, and put him in mind of his own young days. So, making no allowance for the difference of the times, he sowed the maxims of a roue of the Encyclopædic period broadcast in the boy's mind. told wicked anecdotes of the reign of His Majesty Louis xv, he glorified the manners and customs of the year 1750, he told of the orgies in petites maisons, the follies of courtesans, the capital tricks played on creditors, the manners, in short, which furnished forth Dancourt's comedies and Beaumarchais's epigrams And unfortunately, the corruption lurking beneath utmost polish tricked itself out in Voltairean wit the Chevalier went rather too far at times, he always added as a corrective that a man must always behave himself like a gentleman

Of all this discourse, Victurnien comprehended just so much as flattered his passions. From the first he saw his old father laughing with the Chevalier. The two elderly men considered that the pride of a d'Esgrignon was a sufficient safeguard against anything unbefitting, as for a dishonourable action, no one in the house imagined that a d'Esgrignon could be guilty of it. Honour, the great principle of Monarchy, was planted firm like a beacon in the hearts of the family; it lighted up the least action, it kindled the least thought of a d'Esgrignon 'A d'Esgrignon ought not to permit himself to do such and such a thing, he bears a name, which pledges him to make the future worthy of the past' a noble teaching which should have been sufficient in itself to keep alive the tradition of noblesse had been, as it were, the burden of Victurnien's cradle song He heard them from

Marguis, from Mile, Armande, from Chesnel, from the intimates of the house. And so it came to pass that good and evil met, and in equal forces, in the boy s soul.

At the age of eighteen, Victurnien went into society He noticed some slight discrepancies between the outer world of the town and the inner world of the Hôtel d Esgrignon, but he in no wise tried to seek the causes of them. And, indeed, the causes were to be found in Paris. He had yet to learn that the men who spoke their minds out so boldly in evening talk with his father, were extremely careful of what they said in the presence of the hostile persons with whom their interests com pelled them to mingle. His own father had won the right of freedom of speech. Nobody dreamed of con tradicting an old man of seventy, and besides, every one was willing to overlook fidelity to the old order of things in a man who had been violently despoiled.

Victurnien was deceived by appearances, and his behaviour set up the backs of the townspeople. In his impetuous way he tried to carry matters with too high a hand over some difficulties in the way of sport, which ended in formidable lawsuits, hushed up by Chesnel for money paid down. Nobody dared to tell the Marquis of these things. You may judge of his astonishment if he had heard that his son had been prosecuted for shooting over his lands, his domains, his covers, under the reign of a son of St. Louis ? People were too much afraid of the possible consequences to tell him about such

trifles, Cheanel said

The young Count indulged in other escapades in the town. These the Chevalier regarded as amountates, but they cost Chesnel something considerable in portions for forsaken damsels seduced under imprudent promises of marriage yet other care there were which came under an article of the Code as to the abduction of minors and but for Chesnel s timely intervention, the new law would have been allowed to take its brutzl course, and it is hard to

say where the Count might have ended Victurnien grew the bolder for these victories over chourgeois justice. He was so accustomed to be pulled out of scrapes, that he never thought twice before any prank Courts of law, in his opinion, were bugbears to frighten people who had no hold on him Things which he would have blamed in common people were for him only pardonable amusements His disposition to treat the new laws cavalierly while obeying the maxims of a Code for aristocrats, his behaviour and character, were all pondered, analysed, and tested by a few adroit persons in du Croisier's interests These folk supported each other in the effort to make the people believe that Liberal slanders were revelations, and that the Ministerial policy at bottom meant a return to the old order of things

What a bit of luck to find something by way of proof of their assertions! President du Ronceret, and the public prosecutor likewise, lent themselves admirably, so far as was compatible with their duty as magistrates, to the design of letting off the offender as easily as possible, indeed, they went deliberately out of their way to do this, well pleased to raise a Liberal clamour against their overlarge concessions. And so, while seeming to serve the interests of the d'Esgrignons, they stirred up ill feeling against them The treacherous du Ronceret had it in his mind to pose as incorruptible at the right moment over some serious charge, with public opinion to back him up. The young Count's worst tendencies, moreover, were insidiously encouraged by two or three young men who followed in his train, paid court to him, won his favour, and flattered and obeyed him, with a view to confirming his belief in a noble's supremacy, and all this at a time when a noble's one chance of preserving his power lay in using it with the utmost discretion for half a century to come

Du Croisier hoped to reduce the d'Esgrignons to the

last extremity of poverty; he hoped to see their eastle demolished, and their lands sold piecemeal by auction, through the follies which this harehrained boy was pretty certain to commit. This was as far as he went he did not thick, with President du Ronceret, that Victurnien was likely to give justice another kind of hold upoo him Both men found an ally for their schemes of revenge in Victurnieo's overweening vanity and love of pleasure. President du Ronceret s soo. 2 lad of seventeen, was admirably fitted for the part of instigator He was one of the Count's companions, a ocw kind of spy in du Croisier's pay; du Croisier taught him his lesson, set him to track down the noble and beautiful boy through his better qualities, and sardoni cally prompted him to encourage his victim in his worst faults. Fabien du Ronceret was a sophisticated youth, to whom such a mystification was attractive; be had precisely the keen brain and envious nature which finds in such a pursuit as this the absorbing amusement which a man of an ingenious turn lacks in the provinces.

In three years, between the ages of eighteen and one-and twenty, Victurnien cost poor Chesnel oearly eighty thousand france I And this without the know ledge of Mile. Armande or the Marquis. More than half of the money had been spent in buying off lawsuits; the lad a extravagance had squandered the rest. Of the Marquis s socome of ten thousand livres, five thousand were necessary for the housekeeping; two thousand more represented Mile. Armandes allowance (pars momous though she was, and the Marquis s The handsome young helr presumptive, therefore, had not a hundred louis to spend. And what sort of figure can a man make on two thousand livres? Victurnien's tailor's bills alone absorbed his whole allowance. He had his linen, his clothes, gloves, and perfumery from Paris. He wanted a good English

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saddle-horse, a tilbury, and a second horse M. du Croisier had a tilbury and a thoroughbred "Was the bourgeoisie to cut out the noblesse? Then, the young Count must have a man in the d'Esgrignon livery. He prided himself on setting the fashion among young men in the town and the department, he entered that world of luxuries and fancies which suit youth and good looks and wit so well. Chesnel paid for it all, not without using, like ancient parliaments, the right of protest, albeit he spoke with angelic kindness

'What a pity it is that so good a man should be so tiresome!' Victurnien would say to himself every time that the notary staunched some wound in his purse

Chesnel had been left a widower, and childless, he had taken his old master's son to fill the void in his heart. It was a pleasure to him to watch the lad driving up the High Street, perched aloft on the box-seat of the tilbury, whip in hand, and a rose in his button-hole, handsome, well turned out, envied by every one

Pressing need would bring Victurnien with uneasy eyes and coaxing manner, but steady voice, to the modest house in the Rue du Bercail; there had been losses at cards at the Troisvilles, or the Duc de Verneuil's, or the prefecture, or the receiver-general's, and the Count had come to his providence, the notary. He had only to show himself to carry the day

'Well, what is it, M le Comte? What has happened?' the old man would ask, with a tremor in his voice

On great occasions Victurnien would sit down, assume a melancholy, pensive expression, and submit with little coquetries of voice and gesture to be questioned. Then when he had thoroughly roused the old man's fears (for Chesnel was beginning to fear how such a course of extravagance would end), he would own up to a peccadillo which a bill for a thousand francs would

absolve. Chesnel possessed a private income of some twelve thousand livres, but the fund was not mexhaustible. The eighty thousand francs thus squandered represented his savings, accumulated for the day when the Marquis should send his son to Paris, or open

negotiations for a wealthy marriage.

Chesnel was clear sighted so long as Victurnien was not there before him One by one he lost the illusions which the Marquis and his sister still fondly cherished He saw that the young fellow could not be depended upon in the least, and wished to see him married to some modest, sensible girl of good birth, wondering within himself how a young man could mean so well and do so ill, for he made promises one day only to break them all on the next

But there is never any good to he expected of young men who confess their sins and repent, and sirughtway fall into them again A man of strong character only confesses his faults to himself, and punishes himself for them as for the weak, they drop back into the old ruts when they find that the bank is too steep to climb The springs of pride which lie in a great man's secret soul had been slackened in Victurnien. With such guar dians as he had, such company as he kept, such a life as he had led, he had suddenly become an enervated voluptuary at that turning point in his life when a man most stands in oced of the harsh discipline of misfortune and poverty to bring out the strength that is in him, the pinch of adversity which formed a Prioce Eugene, 2 Frederick II., 2 Napoleoo Chesnel saw that Victurnien possessed that no cootrollable appetite for enjoyments which should be the prerogative of men endowed with grant powers the men who feel the need of counterbalancing their gigantic labours by pleasures which bring one sided mortals to the pit

At times the good man stood aghast then, agaio, some profound sally, some sign of the lad s remarkable range of intellect, would reassure him He would say, as the Marquis said at the rumour of some escapade, Boys will be boys' Chesnel had spoken to the Chevalier, lamenting the young lord's propensity for getting into debt, but the Chevalier manipulated his pinch of snuff, and listened with a smile of amusement

'My dear Chesnel, just explain to me what a national debt is,' he answered 'If France has debts, cegad' why should not Victurnien have debts? At this time and at all times princes have debts, every gextleman has debts Perhaps you would rather that Victurnien should bring you his savings? Do you know what our great Richelieu (not the Cardinal, a pitiful fellow that put nobles to death, but the Maréchal), do you know what he did once when his grandson the Prince de Chinon, the last of the line, let him see that he had not spent his pocket-money at the University?'

'No, M. le Chevalier.'

'Oh, well, he flung the purse out of the window to a sweeper in the courtyard, and said to his grandson, 'Then they do not teach you to be a prince here?'

Chesnel bent his head and made no answer But that night, as he lay awake, he thought that such doctrines as these were fatal in times when there was one law for everybody, and foresaw the first beginnings of the ruin of the d'Esgrignons.

But for these explanations which depict one side of provincial life in the time of the Empire and the Restoration, it would not be easy to understand the opening scene of this history, an incident which took place in the great salon one evening towards the end of October 1822 The card-tables were forsaken, the Collection of Antiquities elderly nobles, elderly countesses, young marquises, and simple baronesses had settled their losses and winnings The master of the house was pacing up and down the room, while Mlle.

Armande was putting out the candles on the cardtables He was not taking exercise alone, the Chevalier was with him, and the two wrecks of the eighteenth century were talking of Victurnien The Chevalier had underraken to broach the subject with the Marquis.

'Yes, Marquis, he was saying, 'your son is wasting his time and his youth you ought to send him to court.

'I have always thought, said the Marquis, 'that if my great age prevents me from going to court-where, hetween ourselves, I do not know what I should do among all these new people whom His Majesty receives, and all that is going on there-that if I could not go myself, I could at least send my son to present our homage to His Majesty The King surely would do something for the Count-give him a company, for instance, or a place in the Household, a chance, in short, for the boy to win his spurs. My uncle the Archbishop suffered a cruel martyrdom; I have fought for the cause without deserting the camp with those who thought it their duty to follow the Princes. I held that while the King was in France, his nobles should rally round him.-Ah well, no one gives us a thought; a Henri IV would have written before now to the d Esgrignons, "Come to me, my friends we have won the day !"-After all, we are something better than the Troisvilles, yet here are two Troisvilles made peers of France; and another, I hear, represents the nobles in the Chamber (He took the upper electoral colleges for assemblies of his nwn nrder) 'Really, they think no more of us than if we did not exist. I was waiting for the Princes to make their journey through this part of the world; but as the Princes do not come to us, we must go to the Princes.

'I am enchanted to learn that you think of introduc ing our dear Victurnien into society, the Chevalier put in adroitly 'He ought not to hury his talents in a hole

like this town. The best fortune that he can look for here is to come across some Norman girl' (mimicking the accent), 'country-bred, stupid, and rich. What could he make of her? his wife? Oh! good Lord!'

'I sincerely hope that he will defer his marriage until he has obtained some great office or appointment under the Crown,' returned the grey-haired Marquis. ^a Still, there are serious difficulties in the way'

And these were the only difficulties which the Mar-

quis saw at the outset of his son's career

'My son, the Comte d'Esgrignon, cannot make his appearance at court like a tatterdemalion,' he continued after a pause, marked by a sigh, 'he must be equipped. Alas! for these two hundred years we have had no retainers Ah! Chevalier, this demolition from top to bottom always brings me back to the first hammer stroke delivered by M de Mirabeau. The one thing needful nowadays is money, that is all that the Revolution has done that I can see. The King does not ask you whether you are a descendant of the Valois or a conqueror of Gaul, he asks whether you pay a thousand francs in tailles which nobles never used to pay. So I cannot well send the Count to court without a matter of twenty thousand crowns.

'Yes,' assented the Chevalier, 'with that trifling sum

he could cut a brave figure?

'Well,' said Mlle Armande, 'I have asked Chesnel to come to-night Would you believe it, Chevalier, ever since the day when Chesnel proposed that I should marry that miserable du Croisier'

'Ah! that was truly unworthy, mademoiselle!' cried

the Chevalier.

'Unpardonable!' said the Marquis

'Well, since then my brother has never brought himself to ask anything whatsoever of Chesnel,' continued Mile Armande 'Of your old household servant? Why, Marquis, you would do Chesnel honour-an honour which he

would gratefully remember till his latest breath '

'No, said the Marquis, 'the thing is beneath one's

dignity, it seems to me.

There is not much question of dignity; it is a matter of necessity, said the Chevalier, with the trace of a shrug

Never, said the Marquis inposting with a gesture which decided the Chevalier to risk a great stroke to

open his old friend s eyes.

'Very well, he said, 'since you do not know it, I will tell you myself that Chesnel has let your son have something already, something like

'My son is incapable of accepting anything whatever from Chesnel,' the Marquis broke in, drawing himself up as he spoke. 'He might have come to you to ask you for twenty five louis

Something like a hundred thousand livres, said the

Chevalier, finishing his sentence.

'The Comte d'Esgrignon owes 2 hundred thousand livres to a Chesoell cried the Marquis, with every sign of deep pain. 'Ohl if he were not an only son, he should set out to-night for Mexico with a captain a commission. A man may be in deht to money-lenders, they charge a heavy interest, and you are quits; that is right enough hut Chennell 2 man to whom one is attached!

'Yes, our adorable Victurinen has run through a hundred thousand livres, dear Marquis, resumed the Chevalier, flicking a trace of snuff from his waistcoat it is not much, I know I myself at his age But, after all let us let old memories be, Marquis The Count is living in the provinces; all things taken into consideration, it is not so much amiss. He will go far; these irregularities are common in men who do great things afterwards.

And he is sleeping upstairs, without a word of this

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to his father,' exclaimed the Marquis.

'Sleeping innocently as a child who has merely got five or six little bourgeoises into trouble, and now must have duchesses,' returned the Chevalier

Why, he deserves a lettre de cachet!'

"They" have done away with lettres de cachet,' said the Chevalier. 'You know what a hubbub there was when they tried to institute a law for special cases. We could not keep the provost's courts, which M. de Buonaparte used to call commissions militaires'

'Well, well, what are we to do if our boys are wild, or turn out scapegraces? Is there no locking them up

in these days? 'asked the Marquis

The Chevalier looked at the heartbroken father and lacked courage to answer, 'We shall be obliged to

bring them up properly'

'And you have never said a word of this to me, Mlle d'Esgrignon,' added the Marquis, turning suddenly round upon Mlle Armande. He never addressed her as Mlle. d'Esgrignon except when he was vexed, usually she was called 'my sister.'

'Why, monsieur, when a young man is full of life and spirits, and leads an idle life in a town like this, what else can you expect?' asked Mlle. d'Esgrignon.

She could not understand her brother's anger.

'Debts et le why, hang it all!' added the Chevalier He plays cards, he has little adventures, he shoots, all these things are horribly expensive nowadays'

'Come,' said the Marquis, 'it is time to send him to the King I will spend to-morrow morning in writing

to our kinsmen'

'I have some acquaintance with the Ducs de Navarreins, de Lenoncourt, de Maufrigneuse, and de Chaulieu,' said the Chevalier, though he knew, as he spoke, that he was pretty thoroughly forgotten

'My dear Chevalier, there is no need of such formali-

ties to present a d'Esgrignon at court, the Marquis broke in.—'A hundred thousand livres,' he muttered 'this Chesnel makes very free. This is what comes of these accursed troubles Mons Chesnel protects my son And now I must ask him No, sister, you must undertake this husiness. Chesnel shall secure himself for the whole amount by a mortgage on our lands. And just give this harebrained boy a good scolding he will end by running himself if he goes on like this.

The Chevalier and Mile, d Esgrignon thought these words perfectly simple and natural, absurd as they would have sounded to any other listener. So far from seeing anything ridiculous in the speech, they were both very much touched by a look of something like anguish in the old noble s face. Some dark premonition seemed to weigh upon M d Esgrignon at that moment, some glimmering of an insight into the changed times. He went to the settee by the fireside and sat down, for getting that Chesnel would be there before long; that Chesnel, of whom he could not hring himself to ask

anything

Just then the Marquis d Esgriginon looked exactly as any singination with a touch of romance could wish the was almost bald, but a fringe of silken, white looks, curled at the tips, covered the back of his head. All the pride of race might be seen in a noble forchead, such as you may admire in a Louis Xv., a Beaumarchais, a Marechal de Richelieu; it was not the square, broad brow of the portraits of the Maréchal de Saxe; nor yet the small hard circle of Volture, compact to over fulness it was graciously rounded and finely moulded, the temples were ivory tinted and soft; and mettle and spirit, unquenched by age, flished from the brilliant eyes. The Marquis had the Condé nose and the lovable Bourbon mouth, from which, as they used to say of the Comte d Artois, only witty and urbane words proceed

His cheeks, sloping rather than foolishly rounded to the chin, were in keeping with his spare frame, thin legs, and plump hands. The strangulation cravat at his throat was of the kind which every marquis wears in all the portraits which adorn eighteenth century literature; it is common alike to Saint-Preux and to Lovelace, to the elegant Montesquieu's heroes and to Diderot's homespun characters (see the first chitions of those writers' works)

The Marquis always wore a white, gold-embroidered, high waistcoat, with the red ribbon of a commander of the Order of St Louis blazing upon his breast, and a blue coat with wide skirts, and fleurs-de-lys on the flaps, which were turned back an odd costume which the King had adopted But the Marquis couldinot bring himself to give up the Frenchman's knee-breeches nor yet the white silk stockings or the buckles at the knees After six o'clock in the evening he appeared in full dress.

He read no newspapers but the Quotidianne and the Gazette de France, two journals accused by the Constitutional press of obscurantist views and uncounted monarchical and religious' enormities, while the Marquis d'Esgrignon, on the other hand, found heresies and revolutionary doctrines in every issue. No matter to what extremes the organs of this or that opinion may go, they will never go quite far enough to please the purists on their own side, even as the portrayer of this magnificent personage is pretty certain to be accused of exaggeration, whereas he has done his best to soften down some of the cruder tones and dim the more startling tints of the original

The Marquis d'Esgrignon rested his elbows on his knees and leant his head on his hands. During his meditations Mlle Armande and the Chevalier looked at one another without uttering the thoughts in their minds. Was he pained by the discovery that his son's future must depend upon his sometime land steward?

Was he doubtful of the reception awaiting the young Count? Did he regret that he had made no preparation for launching his heir into that brilliant world of court? Poverty had kept him in the depths of his province; how should he have appeared at court? He sighed heavily as he raised his head

That sigh, in those days, came from the real aristocracy all over France from the loyal provincial noblesse, consigned to neglect with most of those who had drawn sword and braved the storm for the cause

What have the Princes done for the du Guénica, or the Fontaines, or the Bauvans, who never submitted? he muttered to himself 'They fling miserable pen sions to the men who fought most bravely, and give them a royal heutenancy in a fortress somewhere on the outskirts of the kingdom.

Evidently the Marquis doubted the reigning dynasty Mile, d Esgrignon was trying to reassure her brother as to the prospects of the journey, when a step outside on the dry narrow footway gave them notice of Chesnel a coming In another moment Chesnel appeared Joséphin, the Count's grey haired valet, admitted the

notary without announcing him

'Chesnel, my boy (Chesnel was a white haired man of sixty nine, with a square jawed, venerable countenance; he wore knee breeches, ample enough to fill several chapters of dissertation in the manner of Sterne, ribbed stockings, shoes with silver clasps, an ecclesiastical looking coat and a high waistcoat of scholastic cut.

'Chesnel, my boy, it was very presumptuous of you to lend money to the Comte d Esgrignon! If I repaid you at once and we never saw each other again, it would be no more than you deserve for giving wings to his vices."

There was a pause, a silence such as there falls at court when the King publicly reprimands a courtier The old notary looked humble and contrite.

'I am an ious about that boy, Chesnel,' continued the Marquis in a kindly tone; 'I should like to send him to Paris to serve His Majesty. Make arrangements with my sister for his suitable appearance at court. And we will settle accounts

The Marquis looked grave as he left the room with a

friendly gesture of farewell to Chesnel.

'I thank M. le Marquis for all his goodness,' returned

the old man, who still remained standing.

Mlle Armanderose to go to the door with her brother, she had rung the bell, old Joséphin was in readiness to

light his master to his room.

Take a seat, Chesnel,' said the lady, as she returned, and with womanly tact she explained away and softened the Marquis's harshness. And yet beneath that harshness Chesnel saw a great affection. The Marquis's attachment for his old servant was something of the same order as a man's affection for his dog; he will fight any one who kicks the animal, the dog is like a part of his existence, a something which, if not exactly himself, represents him in that which is nearest and dearest—his sensibilities.

'It is quite time that M. le Comte should be sent away from the town, mademoiselle,' he said sententiously.

'Yes,' returned she. 'Has he been indulging in some

new escapade?

'No, mademoiselle.'

'Well, why do you blame him?'

'I am not blaming him, mademoiselle. No, I am not blaming him. I am very far from blaming him. I will even say that I shall never blame him, whatever he may do'

There was a pause. The Chevalier, nothing if not quick to take in a situation, began to yawn like a sleep-ridden mortal. Gracefully he made his excuses and went, with as little mind to sleep as to go and drown

himself The imp Curiosity kept the Chevalier wide awake, aid with airy fingers plueked away the cotton wool from his cars

'Well, Chesnel, is it something new? Mile Armande

began anxiously

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Yes, things that cannot be told to \1 le \1arquis

he would drop down in an apoplectic fit

'Speak out, she said With her heautiful head leant on the back of her low chair and her arms extended listlessly by her side, she looked as if she were waiting passively for her deathblow

"Mademouselle, M. le Comte, with all his eleverness, is a plaything in the hands of mean creatures, petty natures on the lookout for a crushing revenge. They want to ruin us and bring us low! There is the President of the Tribunal, M. du Ronceret he has, as you know, a very great notion of his descent

'His grandfather was an attorney,' interposed Mile.

Armande.

'I know be was. And for that reason you have not received him; nor does he go to M. de Troisville s, nor to M. le Duc de Verneull's, nor to the Marquis de Castéran s; but he is one of the pillars of du Croisier s salon Your nephew may rub shoulders with young M Fabien du Ronceret without condescendiog too far for he must have companions of his own age good. That young fellow is at the bottom of all M le Comtes follies; he and two or three of the rest of them belong to the other side, the side of M. le Chevalier s enemy, who does nothing but breathe threats of ven geance against you and all the nobles together all hope to ruin you through your nephew. The ring leader of the conspiracy is this sycophant of a du Croisier, the pretended Royalist. Du Crossler's wife, poor thing, knows oothing about it; you know her, I should have heard of it before this if she had ears to hear evil For some time these wild young fellows were not in the secret, nor was anybody else, but the ringleaders let something drop in jest, and then the fools got to know about it, and after the Count's recent escapades they let fall some words while they were drunk. And those words were carried to me by others who are sorry to see such a fine, handsome, noble, charming lad ruining himself with pleasure. So far people feel sorry for him, before many days are over they will I am afraid to say what

'They will despise him, say it out, Chesnell' Mlle.

Armande cried piteously

'Ah! How can you keep the best people in the town from finding out faults in their neighbours? They do not know what to do with themselves from morning to night. And so M le Comte's losses at play are all reckoned up. Thirty thousand francs have taken flight during these two months, and everybody wonders where he gets the money. If they mention it when I am present, I just call them to order. Ah! but 'Do you suppose' (I told them this morning), 'do you suppose that if the d'Esgrignon family have lost their manorial rights, that therefore they have been robbed of their hoard of treasure? The young Count has a right to do as he pleases, and so long as he does not owe you a halfpenny, you have no right to say a word'

Mile. Armande held out her hand, and the notary

kissed it respectfully

Good Chesnel! . But, my friend, how shall we find the money for this journey? Victurnien must appear as befits his rank at court?

'Oh! I have borrowed money on Le Jard,

mademoiselle'

'What? You had nothing left! Ah, heaven! what

can we do to reward you?'

'You can take the hundred thousand francs which I hold at your disposal You can understand that the loan was negotiated in confidence, so that it might not

reflect on you; for it is known in the town that I am closely connected with the d Esgrignon family?

Tears came into Mile Atmande's eyes. Chesnel saw them, took a fold of the noble woman's dress in his hands, and kissed it.

'Never mind, he said, 'a lad must sow his wild oats. In great salons in Paris his boysth ideas will take a new turn. And, really, though our old friends here are the worthiest folk in the world, and no one could have nobler hearts than they, they are not amusing. If M le Comte wants amusement, he is obliged to look below his tank, and he will end by getting into low company

Next day the old travelling coach saw the light, and wassent to be put in repair. In a solemn interview after herekfast, the hope of the bouse was duly informed of his father's intentions regarding him—he was to go to court and ask to serve His Majesty. He would have time during the journey to make up his mind about his career. The navy or the army, the privy council an embassy, or the Royal Household,—all were open to a desgrignon, a desgrignon had only in choose. The king would certainly look favourably upon the desgrignons, because they had asked nothing of him and had sent the youngest representative of their house to receive the recognition of Majesty.

But young d Esgrigmon, with all his wild pranks, had guessed instinctively what society in Paris meant, and formed his own opinions of life. So when they talked of his leaving the country and the paternal roof he listened with a grave countenance to his revered parent s lecture, and refrained from giving him a good deal of information in reply. As, for instance, that young men no longer went into the army or the navy as they used to do; that if a man had a mind to be a second heutenant in a cavalry regiment without passing through a special training in the Ecoles, he must first serve in the Pages; that some of the greatest houses went exactly like com-

moners to Saint-Cyr and the École polytechnique, and took their chances of being beaten by base blood. If he had enlightened his relatives on these points, funds might not have been forthcoming for a stay in Paris, so he allowed his father and aunt Armande to believe that he would be permitted a seat in the King's carriages, that he must support his dignity at court as the d'Esgrignon of the time, and rub shoulders with great lords of

It grieved the Marquis that he could send but one servant with his son, but he gave him his own old valet Joséphin, a man who could be trusted to take care of his young master, and to watch faithfully over his interests The poor father must do without Joséphin, and hope to

replace him with a young lad

Remember that you are a Carol, my boy,' he said, remember that you come of an unalloyed descent, and that your scutcheon bears the motto Cil est nostre; with such arms you may hold your head high everywhere, and aspire to queens. Render grace to your father, as I to mine We owe it to the honour of our ancestors, kept stainless until now, that we can look all men in the face, and need bend the knee to none save a mistress, the King, and God This is the greatest of your privileges'

Chesnel, good man, was breakfasting with the family He took no part in counsels based on heraldry, nor in the inditing of letters addressed to diverse mighty personages of the day, but he had spent the night in writing to an old friend of his, one of the oldest established notaries of Paris Without this letter it is not possible to understand Chesnel's real and assumed fatherhood. It almost recalls Dædalus' address to Icarus, for where, save in old mythology, can you look for comparisons worthy of this man of antique mould?

^{&#}x27;My dear and estimable Sorbier, I remember

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with no little pleasure that I made my first campaign in our honourable profession under your father, and that you had a liking for me, poor little clerk that I was. And now I appeal to old memories of the days when we worked in the same office, old pleasant memories for our bearts, to ask you to do me the one service that I have ever asked of you in the course of our long lives, crossed as they have been by political catastrophes, to which, perhaps, I owe it that I have the honour to be your colleague. And now I ask this service of you, my friend, and my white hairs will be brought with sorrow to the grave if you should refuse my entresty It is no question of myself or of mine, Sorbier, for I lost poor Mme. Chesnel, and I have no child of my own thing more to me than my own family (if I had had one) is involved—it is the Marquis d Esgrignon's only son I have had the bonour to be the Marquise land steward ever since I left the office to which his father sent me at his own expense, with the idea of providing for me. The bouse which nurtured me has passed through all the troubles of the Revolution I have managed to save some of their property; but what is it, after all, in comparison with the wealth that they have lost? I cannot tell you, Sorbier, how deeply I am attached to the great house, which has been all hut swallowed up under my eyes by the ahyss of time. M. le Marquis was proscribed, and his lands confiscated, he was getting on in years, he had no child. Misfortunes upon misfortunes! Then M le Marquis married, and his wife died when the young Count was born, and to-day this noble, dear, and precious child is all the life of the d Esgrignon family; the fate of the house hangs upon him. He has got into deht here with amusing him self. What else should he do in the provinces with an allowance of a miserable hundred lours? Yes, my friend, a hundred louis, the great house has come to this-

In this extremity his father thinks it necessary

to send the Count to Paris to ask for the King's favour at court. Paris is a very dangerous place for a lad, if he is to keep steady there, he must have the grain of sense which makes notaries of us Besides, I should be heartbroken to think of the poor boy living amid such hardships as we have known remember the pleasure with which you shared my roll in the pit of the Théâtre-Français when we spent a day and a night there waiting to see The Marriage of Figaro? Oh, blind that we were! We were happy and poor, but a noble cannot be happy in poverty. noble in want it is a thing against nature! Sorbier, when one has known the satisfaction of propping one of the grandest genealogical trees in the kingdom in its fall, it is so natural to interest oneself in it and to grow fond of it, and love it and water it and look to see it blossom. So you will not be surprised at so many precautions on my part, you will not wonder when I beg the help of your lights, so that all may go well with our young man.

'The family has allowed a hundred thousand francs for the expenses of M le Comte's journey. There is not a young man in Paris fit to compare with him, as you will see! You will take an interest in him as if he were your only son, and lastly, I am quite sure that Mme. Sorbier will not hesitate to second you in the office of guardian. M le Comte Victurnien's monthly allowance is fixed at two thousand francs, but give him ten thousand for his preliminary expenses The family have provided in this way for a stay of two years, unless he takes a journey abroad, in which case we will see about making other arrangements Join me in this work, my old friend, and keep the purse-strings fairly tight. Represent things to M le Comte without reproving him, hold him in as far as you can, and do not let him anticipate his monthly allowance without sufficient reason, for he must not be

driven to desperation if honour is involved

'Keep yourself informed of his movements and doings, of the company which he keeps, and watch over his connections with women M le Chevalier says that an opera dancer often costs less than a court lady Obtain information on that point and let me know. If you are too husy, perhaps Mme. Sorbier might know what becomes of the young man, and where he goes. The idea of play ing the part of guardian angel to such a noble and charm ing boy might have attractions for her remember her for accepting the sacred trust. Perhaps when you see M. le Comte Victurnien, her heart may tremble at the thought of all the dangers awaiting him in Paris he is very young, and very handsome; elever, and at the same time disposed to trust others. If he forms a connection with some designing woman, Mme Sorbier could counsel him better than you yourself could do The old man servant who is with him can tell you many things; sound Joséphin, I have told him to go to you in delicate matters.

But why should I say more? We once were clerks together, and a pair of scamps; remember our escapades, and be a little bit young again, my old friend, in your dealings with him. The sixty thousand francis will be remitted to you in the shape of a bill oo the Treasury hy a gentleman who is going to Paris, and so forth

If the old couple to whom this epistle was addressed had followed out Chesnel's instructions, they would have been compelled to take three private detectives into their pay And yet there was ample wisdom shown in Chesnel's choice of a depositary A banker pays money to any one accredited to him so long as the money lasts; whereas, Victurnien was obliged every time that he was in want of money, to make a personal visit to the notary, who was quite sure to use the right of remonstrance.

Victurnien heard that he was to be allowed two

thousand francs every month, and thought that he betrayed his joy He knew nothing of Faris. He fancied that he could keep up princely state on such a sum

Next day he started on his journey All the benedictions of the Collection of Antiquities went with him; he was kissed by the dowagers, good wishes were heaped on his head, his old father, his aunt, and Chesnel went with him out of the town, tears filling the eyes of all the three The sudden departure supplied material for conversation for several evenings, and what was more, it stirred the rancorous minds of the salon du Croisier to the depths. The forage-contractor, the president, and others who had vowed to ruin the d'Esgrignons, saw their prey escaping out of their hands They had based their schemes of revenge on a young man's follies, and now he was beyond their reach.

The tendency in human nature, which often gives a bigot a rake for a daughter, and makes a frivolous woman the mother of a narrow pietist, that rule of contraries, which, in all probability, is the 'resultant' of the law of similarities, drew Victurnien to Paris by a desire to which he must sooner or later have yielded. Brought up as he had been in the old-fashioned provincial house, among the quiet, gentle faces that smiled upon him, among sober servants attached to the family, and surroundings tinged with a general colour of age, the boy had only seen friends worthy of respect. All of those about him, with the exception of the Chevalier, that example of venerable age, were elderly men and women, sedate of manner, decorous and sententious of speech. He had been petted by those women in the grey gowns and embroidered mittens described by Blondet. The antiquated splendours of his father's house were as little calculated as possible to suggest frivolous thoughts, and lastly, he had been educated by a sincerely religious abbé, possessed of all the

charm of an old age, which has dwelt in two centuries, and brings to the Present its gifts of the dried roses of ex perience, the faded flowers of the old customs of its youth Everything should have combined to fashion Victuralen to serious habits; his whole surroundings from childhood hade him continue the glory of a historic name, by taking his life as something noble and great; and yet

Victurnien listened to dangerous promptings.

For him, his noble hirth was a stepping stone which raised Ifim above other men. He felt that the idol of Noblesse, before which they burned incense at home, was hollow he had come to be one of the commonest as well as one of the worst types from a social point of view-a consistent egoist. The aristocratic cult of the Ego simply taught him to follow his own fancies he had been idolised by those who had the care of him in childhood, and adored by the companions who shared in his boyish escapades, and so he had formed a habit of looking and judging everything as it affected his own pleasure; he took it as a matter of course when good souls saved him from the consequences of his follies, 2 piece of mistaken kindness which could only lead to his rule. Victurnien's early training, noble and pious though it was, had isolated him too much. He was out of the current of the life of his time, for the life of a provincial town is certainly not in the main current of the age, Victurnien's true destiny lifted him above He had learned to think of an action, not as it affected others, nor relatively, but absolutely from his own point of view. Like despots, he made the law to suit the circumstance, a system which works in the lives of prodigal sons the same confusion which fancy brings into art.

Victurnien was quick sighted, he saw clearly and without illusion, but he acted on impulse, and unwisely An indefinable flaw of character, often seen in young men, hut impossible to explain, led him to will one

thing and do another In spite of an active mind, which showed itself in unexpected ways, the senses had but to assert themselves, and the darkened brain seemed to exist no longer He might have astonished wise men, he was capable of setting fools agape His desires, like a sudden squall of bad weather, overclouded all the clear and lucid spaces of his brain in a moment, and then, after the dissipations which he could not resist, he sank, utterly exhausted in body, heart, and mind, into a collapsed condition bordering upon imbecility "Such a character will drag a man down into the mire if he is left to himself, or bring him to the highest heights of political power if he has some stern friend to keep him in hand Neither Chesnel, nor the lad's father, nor Aunt Armande had fathomed the depths of a nature so nearly akin on many sides to the poetic temperament, yet smitten with a terrible weakness at its core

By the time the old town lay several miles away, Victurnien felt not the slightest regret, he thought no more about the father, who had loved ten generations in his son, nor of the aunt, and her almost insane devotion. He was looking forward to Paris with vehement illstarred longings, in thought he had lived in that fairyland, it had been the background of his brightest dreams He imagined that he would be first in Paris, as he had been in the town and the department where his father's name was potent, but it was vanity, not pride, that filled his soul, and in his dreams his pleasures were to be magnified by all the greatness of Paris The distance was soon crossed The travelling coach, like his own thoughts, left the narrow horizon of the province for the vast world of the great city, without a break in the journey He stayed in the Rue de Richelieu, in a handsome hotel close to the boulevard, and hastened to take possession of Paris as a famished horse rushes into a meadow

He was not long in finding out the difference between country and town, and was rather surprised than abashed by the change. His mental quickness soon discovered how small an entity he was in the midst of this all-comprehending Babylon how insane it would be to attempt to stem the torrent of new ideas and new ways. A single incident was enough He delivered his father's letter of introduction to the Duc de Lenoncourt, a noble who stood high in favour with the King He saw the duke in his splendid mansion, among surroundings befitting his rank, Next day he met him again This time the Peer of France was lounging on foot along the boulevard, just like any ordinary mortal, with an umbrella in his hand; he did not even wear the Blue Ribbon, without which no knight of the order could have appeared in public in other times. And, duke and peer and first gentleman of the bedchamber though he was, M de Lenoncour, spite of his high courtesy, could not repress a smule as he read his relative s letter; and that smile told Victurnien that the Collection of Annquines and the Tuilenes were separated by more than sixty leagues of road; the distance of several centuries lay between them

The names of the families grouped about the throne are quite different in each successive reign, and the characters change with the names. It would seem that, in the sphere of court, the same thing happens over and over again in each generation; but each time there is a quite different set of personages. If history did not prove that this is so, it would seem incredible. The prominent men at the court of Louis avilla, for instance, had scarcely any connection with the Rivieres, Bl cas, d'Avaraya, Vitrolles, d'Autichempa, Pasquiers, Larochejaqueleina, Decezes, Dambraya, Lainés, de Villeles, La Bourdonnayes, and others who shone at the court of Louis xv Compare the courtiers of Henri IV

with those of Louis XIV, you will hardly find five great families of the former time still in existence. The nephew of the great Richelieu was a very insignificant person at the court of Louis XIV, while His Majesty's favourite, Villeroi, was the grandson of a secretary ennobled by Charles IX. And so it befell that the d'Esgrignons, all but princes under the Valois, and all-powerful in the time of Henri IV, had no fortune whatever at the court of Louis XVIII, which gave them not so much as a thought. At this day there are names as famous as those of royal houses the Foix-Graillys, for instance, or the d'Hérouvilles left to obscurity tantamount to extinction for want of money, the one power of the time.

All which things Victurnien beheld entirely from his own point of view, he felt the equality that he saw in Paris as a personal wrong. The monster Equality was swallowing down the last fragments of social distinction in the Restoration. Having made up his mind on this head, he immediately proceeded to try to win back his place with such dangerous, if blunted weapons, as the age left to the noblesse. It is an expensive matter to gain the attention of Paris. To this end, Victurnien adopted some of the ways then in vogue. He felt that it was a necessity to have horses and fine carriages, and all the accessories of modern luxury; he felt, in short, 'that a man must keep abreast of the times,' as de Marsay said

de Marsay, the first dandy that he came across in the first drawing-room to which he was introduced. For his misfortune, he fell in with a set of roues, with de Marsay, de Ronquerolles, Maxime de Trailles, des Lupeaulx, Rastignac, Ajuda-Pinto, Beaudenord, de la Roche-Hugon, de Manerville, and the Vandenesses, whom he met wherever he went, and a great many houses were open to a young man with his ancient name and reputation for wealth. He went to the Marquise d'Espard's, to the Duchesses de Grandlieu, de Carigliano, and de Chaulieu,

to the Marquises d'Aiglemant and de Listamere, to Mme. de Serazy's, to the Opera, to the embassies and elsewhere. The Faubourg Saint Germain has its provincial genealogies at its fingers ends; a great name once recognised and adopted therein is a passport which opens many a door that will scarcely turn an its binges for unknown names or the hons of a lower rank

Victuraien found his relatives both annable and ready to welcome him so long as he did not appear as a supplicat; he saw at once that the surest way of obtaining nothing was to ask for something. At l'aris, if the first impulse moves people to protect, second throughts (which last a good deal longer) impel them to despise the protege. Independence, vanity, and pride, all the young Count's better and worse feelings combined, led him, on the contrary, to assume an aggressive attitude. And therefore the Dues de Verneuil, de Lenoncourt, de Chaulieu, de Navarreins, d'Herouville, de Grandlieu, and de Maufingneue, the Princes de Cadignan and de Blamont Chauvry, were delighted in present the charming survivor of the wreck of an ancient family at court.

Victumen went to the Tuilenes in a splendid carriage with his armoral bearings on the panels; but his presentation to His Majesty made it abundantly clear to him that the penple occupied the royal mind so much that his nobility was like to be forgotten. The restored dynasty, moreover, was surrounded by triple ranks of eligible old men and grey beaded courtiers; the young noblesse was reduced to a cipher, and this Victumen guessed at once. He saw that there was no suitable place for him at court, nor in the government, nor the army, nor, indeed, anywhere else. So he launched out into the world of pleasure. Introduced at the Elysée Bourbon, at the Duchesse d Angoulème s, at the Pavillon Marsan he met on all sides with the surface civilities due to the heir of an old family, not so old but

it could be called to mind by the sight of a living member And, after all, it was not a small thing to be remembered. In the distinction with which Victurnien was honoured lay the way to the peerage and a splendid marriage, he had taken the field with a false appearance of wealth, and his vanity would not allow him to declare his real position Besides, he had been so much complimented on the figure that he made, he was so pleased with his first success, that, like many other young men, he felt ashamed to draw back He took a suite of rooms in the Rue du Bac, with stables and a complete equipment for the fashionable life to which he had committed himself These preliminaries cost him fifty thousand francs, which money, moreover, the young gentleman managed to draw in spite of all Chesnel's wise precautions, thanks to a series of unforeseen events.

Chesnel's letter certainly reached his friend's office, but Maître Sorbier was dead, and Mme Sorbier, a matter-of-fact person, seeing that it was a business letter, handed it on to her husband's successor Maître Cardot, the new notary, informed the young Count that a draft on the Treasury made payable to the deceased would be useless, and by way of reply to the letter, which had cost the old provincial notary so much thought, Cardot despatched four lines intended not to reach Chesnel's heart, but to produce the money Chesnel made the draft payable to Sorbier's young successor, and the latter, feeling but little inclination to adopt his correspondent's sentimentality, was delighted to put himself at the Count's orders, and gave Victurnien as much

money as he wanted

Now those who know what life in Paris means, know that fifty thousand francs will not go very far in furniture, horses, carriages, and elegance generally, but it must be borne in mind that Victurnien immediately contracted some twenty thousand francs' worth of debts besides, and his tradespeople at first were not at all

anxious to be paid, for our young gentleman's fortune had been prodigiously increased, partly by rumour, partly by Josephin, that Chesnel in livery

Victurnien had oot been in town a month before he was obliged to repair to his man of husiness for ten thousand france; he had only been playing whist with the Ducs de Navarreins de Chauheu, and de Lenon courteand now and again at his club. He had begun hy winning some thousands of francs, but pretty soon lost fire or six thousand, which brought home to him the necessity of a purse for play. Victurnien had the spirit that gains goodwill everywhere, and puts a young man of a great family on a level with the very highest He was not merely admitted at once into the band of patrician youth, but was even envied by the rest. It was intoxicating to him to feel that he was envied nor was he in this mood very likely to think of reform Indeed, he had completely lost his head He would not thick of the means; he dipped into his money bags as If they could be refilled indefinitely; he deliberately shut his eyes to the inevitable results of the system. In that dissipated set, in the continual whirl of gaiety, people take the actors in their brilliant costumes as they find them ; no one loquires whether a man can afford to make the figure he does, there is oothing in worse taste than inquiries as to ways and means. A man ought to renew his wealth perpetually, and as Nature does-below the surface and out of sight. People talk if somebody comes to grief; they joke about a new-comer's fortune ull their miods are set at rest, and at this they draw the Victuralen d Esgrigaon, with all the Faubourg Saint-Germain to back him, with all his protectors exaggerating the amount of his fortune (were it only to rid themselves of responsibility) and magnifying his presessions in the most refined and well bred way, with a hint or a word with all these advantages-to repeat-Victurnien was, 10 fact, an eligible Count. He was

handsome, witty, sound in politics, his father still possessed the ancestral castle and the lands of the marquisate. Such a young fellow is sure of an admirable reception in houses where there are marriageable daughters, fair but portionless partners at dances, and young married women who find that time hangs heavy on their hands. So the world, smiling, beckoned him to the foremost benches in its booth, the seats reserved for marquises are still in the same place in Paris, and if the names are changed, the things are the same as ever

In the most exclusive circle of society in the Faubourg Saint-Germain, Victurnien found the Chevalier's double in the person of the Vidame de Pamiers The Vidame was a Chevalier de Valois raised to the tenth power, invested with all the prestige of wealth, enjoying all the advantages of high position The dear Vidame was a repositary for everybody's secrets, and the gazette of the Faubourg besides, nevertheless, he was discreet, and, like other gazettes, only said things that might safely be Again Victurnien listened to the Chevalier's esoteric doctrines The Vidame told young d'Esgrignon, without mincing matters, to make conquests among women of quality, supplementing the advice with anecdotes from his own experience The Vicomte de Pamiers, it seemed, had permitted himself much that it would serve no purpose to relate here; so remote was it all from our modern manners, in which soul and passion play so large a part, that nobody would believe But the excellent Vidame did more than this.

Dine with me at a tavern to-morrow,' said he, by way of conclusion. 'We will digest our dinner at the Opéra, and afterwards I will take you to a house where several people have the greatest wish to meet you'

The Vidame gave a delightful little dinner at the Rocher de Cancale, three guests only were asked to meet Victurnien—de Marsay, Rastignac, and Blondet

Émile Blondet, the young Couot's fellow townsman, was a mad of letters on the outskirts of society to which he had been introduced by a charming woman from the same province. This was ooe of the Vicomte de Troisvilles daughters, now married to the Comte de Montcornet, one of those of Napoleon's generals who woot over to the Bourbons. The Vidame held that a dinoer party of mare than six persons was beneath contempt. In that case, according to him, there was an end alike of cookery and conversatioo, and a man could not sip his wine in a proper frame of mind.

I have not yet told you, my dear boy, where I mean to take you to-night, he said, taking Victurnien a hands and tapping on them. You are going to see Mile, dear Touches all the pretty women with any pretensions to wit will be at her house expetit comit! Literature, art, poetry, any sort of genius, in short, is held to great esteem there. It is one of our old-world bureaux d'esprit, with a veneer of monarchical doctrine, the livery of this present age.

'It is sometimes as tiresome and tedious there as a pair of new boots, but there are women with whom you

cannot meet anywhere else, said de Marsay

'If all the poets who went there to rub up their muse were like our friend here, said Raitgoac, tapping Blondet familiarly on the shoulder, we should have some fun But a plague of odes, and ballads, and divelling mediations, and novels with wide margins, pervades the sofas and the atmosphere

'I don't dislike them, said de Marsay, 'so long as

they corrupt girls minds, and don't spoil women

Gentlemen, smiled Blondet, you are encroaching on my field of literature

You need not talk. You have robbed us of the most charming woman in the world, you lucky rogue we may be allowed to steal your less brilliant ideas, cried

Rastignac.

'Yes, he is a lucky rascal,' said the Vidame, and he twitched Blonder's ear. 'But perhaps Victurnien here

will be luckier still this evening

'Already!' exclaimed de Marsay 'Why, he only came here a month ago, he has scarcely had time to shake the dust of his old manor house off his feet, to wipe off the brine in which his aunt kept him preserved, he has only just set up a decent horse, a tilbury in the latest style, a groom '

'No, no, not a groom,' interrupted Rastignac, 'he has some sort of an agricultural labourer that he brought with him "from his place" Buisson, who understands a livery as well as most, declared that the man was

physically incapable of wearing a jacket'

'I will tell you what, you ought to have modelled yourself on Beaudenord,' the Vidame said seriously. 'He has this advantage over all of you, my young friends, he has a genuine specimen of the English tiger '

'Just see, gentlemen, what the noblesse have come to in France!' cried Victurnien. 'For them the one important thing is to have a tiger, a thoroughbred, and

baubles

'Bless me!' said Blondet. '"This gentleman's good sense at times appals me" Well, yes, young moralist, you nobles have come to that. You have not even left to you that lustre of lavish expenditure for which the dear Vidame was famous fifty years ago We revel on a second floor in the Rue Montorgueil. There are no more wars with the Cardinal, no Field of the Cloth of Gold You, Comte d'Esgrignon, in short, are supping in the company of one Blondet, younger son of a miserable provincial magistrate, with whom you would not shake hands down yonder; and in ten years' time you may sit beside him among peers of the realm Believe in yourself after that, if you can'

'Ah, well,' said Rastignac, 'we have passed from

action to thought, from brute force to force of intel

lect, we are ralking

Let us not talk of our reverses, protested the Vidame; I have made up my mind to die merrily

If our friend here has not a tiger as yet, he comes of a race of hons, and can dispense with one.

'He cannot do without a tiger, said Blondet, 'he is

too newly come to town.

'His elegance may be new as yet, returned de Marsay, 'but we are adopting it. He is worthy of us, he understands his age, he has brains, he is nobly born and gently bred; we are going to like him, and serve him, and push him.

'Whither? inquired Blondet

'Inquisitive soul | said Rastignac.

'With whom will be take up to-night? de Marsay

With a whole seraglio, said the Vidame.

'Plague take it! What can we have done that the dear Vidame is punn hing us by keeping his word to the infanta? I should be pitiable indeed if I did not know her

'And I was once a coxcomb even as he, said the

Vidame, indicating de Marsay

The conversation continued pitched in the same key, charmingly scandalous, and agreeably corrupt. The dunner went off very pleasantly Rastingnae and de Mariay went to the Opera with the Vidame and Victurnien, with a view to following them afterwards to Mile. des Touches salon. And tinther, accordingly, this pair of rakes betook themselves, calculating that by that time the tragedy would have been read; for of all things to be taken between eleven and twelve o clock at might, a tragedy in their opinion was the most unwhole some. They went to keep a watch on Victurnien and to embarrass bim, a piece of schoolboy's mischief em bittered by a jealous dandy's spite. But Victurnien was

gifted with that page's effrontery which is a great help to ease of manner, and Rastignac, watching thim as he made his entrance, was surprised to see how quickly he caught the tone of the moment

'That young d'Esgrignon will go far, will he not?'

he said, addressing his companion

'That is as may be,' returned de Marsay, 'but he is in a fair way'

The Vidame introduced his young friend to one of the most amiable and frivolous duchesses of the day, a lady whose adventures caused an explosion five years later. Just then, however, she was in the full blaze of her glory, she had been suspected, it is true, of equivocal conduct, but suspicion, while it is still suspicion and not proof, marks a woman out with the kind of distinction which slander gives to a man Nonentities are never slandered, they chafe because they are left in peace This woman was, in fact, the Duchesse de Maufrigneuse, a daughter of the d'Uxelles, her father-in-law was still alive, she was not to be the Princesse de Cadignan for some years to come A friend of the Duchesse de Langeais and the Vicomtesse de Beauséant, two glories departed, she was likewise intimate with the Marquise d'Espard, with whom she disputed her fragile sovereignty as queen of fashion Great relations lent her countenance for a long while, but the Duchesse de Maufrigneuse was one of those women who, in some way, nobody knows how, or why, or where, will spend the rents of all the lands of earth, and of the moon likewise, if they were not out of reach. The general outline of her character was scarcely known as yet, de Marsay, and de Marsay only, really had read her That redoubtable dandy now watched the Vidame de Pamier's introduction of his young friend to that lovely woman, and bent over to say in Rastignac's ear

'My dear fellow, he will go up whizz ! like a rocket,

and come down like a stick,' an atrociously vulgar say

ing which was remarkably fulfilled

The Duchesse de Mausingneuse bad iost ber heart to Victumien after first giving ber mind to a serious study of him. Any iover who should have eaught the glance by which she exprised ber gratitude to the Vidame might well have been jealous of such friendship Womgn are like horses let loose on a steppe when they feel, as the Duchess selt with the Vidame de Pamiers, that the ground is safe; at such moments they are themselves; perhaps it pleases them to give, as it were, samples of their tenderness in intimacy in this way. It was a guarded glance, nothing was lost between eye and eye; there was no possibility of reflection in any marror. Nobody intercepted it.

'She how she has prepared herself, Rastignac said, turning to de Marsay 'What a virginal toilette what swans grace in that snow white throat of hers! How white her gown is, and she is wearing a sash like a little girl she looks round like a madonna inviolate. Who would think that you had passed that way!

'The very reason why she looks as she does,' returned

de Marsay, with a triumphant air

The two young men exchanged a smile. Mme, de Maufigneuse saw the smile and guessed at their conversation, and gave the pair a broadude of ber eyes, an art acquired by Frenchwomen since the Peace, when Englishwomen imported it into this country, together with the shape of their silver plate, their hories and harness, and the piles of insular lee which inspart a refreshing coolness to the atmosphere of any room in which a certain number of British females are gathered together. The young men grew serious as a couple of clerks at the end of a homily from headquarters hefore the receipt of an expected bonus.

The Duchess when she lost her heart to Victurnien had made up her mind to play the part of romantic

Innocence, a rôle much understudied subsequently by other women, for the misfortune of modeln youth. Her Grace of Maufrigneuse had just come out as an angel at a moment's notice, precisely as she meant to turn to literature and science somewhere about her fortieth year instead of taking to devotion. She made a point of being like nobody clsc. Her parts, her dresses, her caps, opinions, toilettes, and manner of acting were all entirely new and original. Soon after her marriage, when she was scarcely more than a girl, she had played the part of a knowing and almost depraved woman, she ventured on risky repartees with shallow people, and betrayed her ignorance to those who knew better. the date of that marriage made it impossible abstract one little year from her age without the knowledge of Time, and as Her Grace had reached her twenty-sixth year, she had taken it into her head to be immaculate. She scarcely seemed to belong to earth, she shook out her wide sleeves as if they had been wings Her eyes fled to heaven at too warm a glance, or word, or thought

There is a madonia painted by Piola, the great Genoese painter, who bade fair to bring out a second edition of Rafiel till his career was cut short by jealousy and murder, his madonna, however, you may dimly discern through a pane of glass in a little street in Genoa

A more chiste-cycl madonni than Piola's does not exist, but compared with Mme, de Maufrigneuse, that hervenly creature was a Messalina. Women wondered imong themselves how such a giddy young thing had been transformed by a change of dress into the far veiled scraph who seemed (to use an expression now in vogue) to have a soul as white as new fallen snow on the highest Alpine creats. How had she solved in such short space the Jesuitical problem how to displiy a bosom whiter than her soul by hiding it in gauze?

How could she look so ethereal while her eyes drooped so murdefously? Those almost wanton glances seemed to give promise of untold languorous delight, while by an ascetic s sigh of aspiration after a better life the mouth appeared to add that none of those promises would be fulfilled. Ingenuous youths (for there were a few to be found in the Guards of that day) privately wondered whether, in the most intlmate moments, it were possible to speak familiarly to this White Lady, this statry vapour slidden down from the Milky Way This system, which answered completely for some years at a stretch, was turned to good account by women of fashion, whose breasts were lined with a stout philosophy, for they could cloak no inconsiderable exactions with these little airs from the sacristy. Not one of the celestral ereatures but was quite well aware of the possibilities of less ethereal love which lay in the longing of every well-conditioned male to recall such beings to earth. It was a fashion which permitted them to abide in a semi religious, semi Ossianie empyrean they could, and did, ignore all the practical details of daily life, a short and easy method of disposing of many questions. De Marsay, foreseeing the future developments of the system, added a last word, for he saw that Rastignac was jealous of Victurnien

'My boy, said he, 'stay as you are Our Nucingen will make your fortune, whereas the Duchess would

ruin you She is too expensive.

Rastiguae allowed de Marsay to go without asking further questions. He knew Paris. He knew that the most refined and noble and duanterested of women-a woman who cannot be induced to accept anything but a bouquet-can be as dangerous an acquaintance for a young man as any opera girl of former days. As a matter of fact, the opera girl is an almost mythical being As things are now at the theatres, dancers and actresses are about as amusing as a declaration of the

and unfeigned rapture which pleased the Duchess; for women are no more to be deceived by the comedies which men play than by their own Mine. de Maufri gneuse calculated, not without dismay, that the young Count a infatuation was likely to hold good for six whole months of disinterested love. She looked so lovely in this dove a mood, quenching the light in her eyes by the golden fringe of their lashes, that when the Marquise d Espard bade her friend good-night, she whispered, 'Goodd very good, dear! And with those farewell words, the fair Marquise left her rival to make the tour of the modern Pays du Tendre which, by the way, 18 not so absurd a conception as some appear to think New maps of the country are engraved for each general tion and if the names of the rontes are different, they still lead to the same capital city

In the course of an hour's tete-à tite, on a corner sofa, under the eyes of the world, the Duchess brought young d Esgriguon as far as Scipio s Generosity, the Devotion of Amadia, and Chivalrous Self abnegation (for the Middle Ages were just coming into fashion, with their daggers, machicolations, hauberks, chainmail, peaked shoes, and romantic painted card board properties) She had an admirable turn, moreover, for leaving things unsaid, for leaving ideas in a discreet, seeming careless way, to work their way down, one by one, into Victurnien e heart, like needles into a cushion She powered a marvellous skill in reticence; she was charming in hypocrisy, lavish of subtle promises, which revived hope and then melted away like ice in the sun if you looked at them closely, and most treacherous in the desire which she felt and inspired At the close of this charming encounter she produced the running noose of an invitation to call, and flung it over him with a dainty demureness which the printed page can never set forth

'You will forget me, she said 'You will find so

many women eager to pay court to you instead of enlightening you. But you will come back to me undeceived. Are you coming to me first?... As you will For my own part, I tell you frankly that your visits will be a great pleasure to me People of soul are so rare, and I think that you are one of them

Come, good-bye, people will begin to talk about us

if we talk together any longer'

She made good her words and took flight Victurnien went soon afterwards, but not before others had guessed his ecstatic condition, his face wore the expression peculiar to happy men, something between an Inquisitor's calm discretion and the self-contained beatitude of a devotee, fresh from the confessional and absolution.

'Mme de Maufrigneuse went pretty briskly to the point this evening,' said the Duchesse de Grandlieu, when only half-a-dozen persons were left in Mlle. des Touches' little drawing-room to wit, des Lupeaulx, a Master of Requests, who at that time stood very well at court, Vandenesse, the Vicomtesse de Grandlieu, Canalis, and Mme de Sérizy

'D'Esgrignon and Maufrigneuse are two names that are sure to cling together,' said Mme de Sérizy, who

aspired to epigram.

For some days past she has been out at grass on Platonism,' said des Lupeaulx

'She will ruin that poor innocent,' added Charles de

Vandenesse.

'What do you mean?' asked Mlle des Touches

'Oh, morally and financially, beyond all doubt,' said the Vicomtesse, rising.

The cruel words were cruelly true for young

d'Esgrignon.

Next morning he wrote to his aunt describing his introduction into the high world of the Faubourg Saint-Germain in bright colours flung by the prism of love, explaining the reception which met him everywhere in a way which gratified his father's family pride The Marquis would have the whole long letter read to him twice he rubbed his hands when he heard of the Vidame des Pamiers dinner-the Vidame was an old acquaintance-and of the subsequent introduction to the Duchess hut at Blondets name he lost himself in conjectures What could the younger son of a judge, a public prosecutor during the Revolution, have been

doing there?

There was 107 that evening among the Collection of Antiquities. They talked over the young Count's success So discreet were they with regard to Mme. de Maufrigneuse, that the one man who heard the secret was the Chevalier There was no financial post script at the end of the letter, no unpleasant concluding reference to the sinews of war, which every young man makes in such a case Mile. Armande showed it to Chesnel Chesnel was pleased and raised not a single objection It was clear, as the Marquis and the Chevalier agreed, that a young man in favour with the Duchesse de Maufrigneuse would shortly be a hero at court, where in the old days women were all powerful The Count had not made a bad choice The dowagers told over all the gallant adventures of the Maufrigneuses from Louis XIII to Louis XVL-they spared to inquire into preceding reigns—and when all was done they were enchanted Mme, de Maufrigneuse was much praised for interesting herself in Victurnien. Any writer of plays in search of a piece of pure comedy would have found it well worth his while to listen to the Antiquities in conclave.

Victurnien received charming letters from his father and aunt, and also from the Chevaller That gentleman recalled himself to the Vidame s memory Ho had been at Spa with M de Pamiers in 1778, after a certain

journey made by a celebrated Hungarian princess And Chesnel also wrote The fond flattery to which the unhappy boy was only too well accustomed shone out of every page, and Mile Armande seemed to share half of Mme de Maufrigneuse's happiness.

Thus happy in the approval of his family, the young Count made a spirited beginning in the perilous and costly ways of dandyism. He had five horses he was moderate de Marsay had fourteen! He returned the Vidame's hospitality, even including Blondet an the invitation, as well as de Marsay and Rastignac. The dinner cost five hundred francs, and the noble provincial was fêted on the same scale Victurnien played a good deal, and, for his misfortune, at the fashionable game of whist

He laid out his days in busy idleness. Every day between twelve and three o'clock he was with the Duchess, afterwards he went to meet her in the Bois de Boulogne and ride beside her carriage Sometimes the charming couple rode together, but this was early in fine summer mornings. Society, balls, the theatre, and gaiety filled the Count's evening hours Everywhere Victurnien made a brilliant figure, everywhere he flung the pearls of his wit broadcast He gave his opinion on men, affairs, and events in profound sayings; he would have put you in mind of a fruit-tree putting forth all its strength in blossom. He was leading an enervating life, wasteful of money, and even yet more wasteful, it may be, of a man's soul, in that life the fairest talents are buried out of sight, the most incorruptible honesty perishes, the best-tempered springs of will are slackened.

The Duchess, so white and fragile and angel-like, felt attracted to the dissipations of bachelor life, she enjoyed first nights, she liked anything amusing, anything improvised Bohemian restaurants lay outside her experience; so d'Esgrignon got up a charming little party at the Recher de Cancale for her henefit, asked all the amiable scamps whom she cultivated and sermonised, and there was a vast amount of merriment, wit, and gaiety, and a corresponding bill to pay That supper party led to others. And through it all Vic turnien worshipped her as an angel 11me de Mau frigheuse for him was still an angel, untouched by any taiot of earth; an angel at the Varietes, where she sat out the half-obscene, vulgar farces, which made her laugh, an angel through the cross-fire of highly flavoured jests and scandalous ancedotes, which enlivened a stolen frolic; a languishing angel in the latticed box at the Vaudeville; an angel while she criticised the postures of opera dancers with the experience of an elderly habitue of le coin de la reine; an angel at the Porte Saint Martin, at the little boulevard theatres, at the masked balls, which she enjoyed like any schoolboy She was an angel who asked him for the love that lives by self aborgation and herotsm and self sacrifice angel who would have her lover live like an English lotd, with an income of a million francs D Esgrtgnon once exchanged a horse because the animal's coat did not satisfy her notions At play she was an angel, and certainly no bourgeoise that ever lived could have hidden d Esgrignon 'Stake for me! in such an angelic way She was so divenely reckless in her folly, that a man might well have sold his soul to the devil lest this angel should lose her taste for earthly pleasures.

The first wroter went by The Count had drawn on M. Cardot for the trifling sum of thirty thousand france over and above Chesnel's remittance As Cardot very carefully refrained from using his right of remonstrance, Victurnien now learned for the first time that he had overdrawn his account. He was the more offended hy an extremely polite refusal to make any further advance, since it so happened that he had just lost six thousand

francs at play at the club, and he could not very well show himself there until they were paid.

After growing indignant with Maître Cardot, who had trusted him with thirty thousand francs (Cardot had written to Chesnel, but to the fair Duchess's favourite he made the most of his so-called confidence in him), after all this, d'Esgrignon was obliged to ask the lawyer to tell him how to set about raising, the money, since debts of honour were in question

'Draw bills on your father's banker, and take them to his correspondent, he, no doubt, will discount them for you. Then write to your family, and tell them to remit the amount to the banker'

An inner voice seemed to suggest du Croisier's name in this predicament. He had seen du Croisier on his knees to the aristocracy, and of the man's real disposition he was entirely ignorant. So to du Croisier he wrote a very offhand letter, informing him that he had drawn a bill of exchange on him for ten thousand francs, adding that the amount would be repaid on receipt of the letter either by M Chesnel or by Mlle Armande d'Esgrignon Then he indited two touching epistles one to Chesnel, another to his aunt matter of going headlong to ruin, a young man often shows singular ingenuity and ability, and fortune In the morning Victurnien happened favours him on the name of the Paris bankers in correspondence with du Croisier, and de Marsay furnished him with the Kellers' address. De Marsay knew everything in The Kellers took the bill and gave him the sum without a word, after deducting the discount. The balance of the account was in du Croisier's favour.

But the gaming debt was as nothing in comparison with the state of things at home. Invoices showered in upon Victurnien

'I say! Do you trouble yourself about that sort of thing?' Rastignac said, laughing 'Are you putting

them in order, my dear boy? I did not think you were so husiness like.'

'My dear fellow, it is quite time I thought about it

there are twenty odd thousand francs there

De Marsay, coming in to look up d Esgrignon for a steeple-chase, produced a dainty little pocket book took out twenty thousand francs, and handed them to him.

'It is the best way of keeping the money safe,' said he 'I am twice enchanted to have won it yesterday

from my honoured father, Milord Dudley '

Such French grace completely fascinated d Esgrignon; he took it for friendship; and as to the money, pune tually forgot to pay his dehts with it, and spent it on his pleasures The fact was that de Marsay was looking on with an unspeakable pleasure while young d Eigrignon 'got out of his depth,' in dandy a idiom; it pleased de Marsay in all sorts of fondling ways to lay an arm on the lad s shoulder; by and by he should feel its weight, and disappear the sooner For de Marsay was jealous; the Duchess flaunted her love affair; she was not at home to other visitors when d Esgrignon was with her And besides, de Marsay was one of those savage humourists who delight in mischief, as Turkish women in the bath So, when he had carried off the prize, and bets were settled at the tavern where they breakfasted, and a bottle or two of good wine had appeared, de Marsay turned to d Esgrignon with a laugh-

'Those hills that you are worrying over are not yours,

I am sure,'

'Eh l if they weren't, why should he worry himself? asked Rastignac.

'And whose should they be?' d Esgrignon inquired. 'Then you do not know the Duchess's position?'

queried de Marsay, as he sprang into the saddle. 'No, said d Esgrignon, his currosity aroused

Well dear fellow,it is like this, returned de Marsaythirty thousand france to Victorine, eighteen thousand francs to Houbigaut, lesser amounts to Herbault, Nattier, Nourtier, and those Latour people, Atogether a hundred thousand francs'

'An angel!' cried d'Esgrignon, with eyes uplifted to

heaven.

'This is the bill for her wings,' Rastignac cried face-

tiously.

'She owes all that, my dear boy,' continued de Marsay, 'precisely because she is an angel. But we have all seen angels in this position,' he added, glancing at Rastignac, 'there is this about women that is sublime, they understand nothing of money, they do not meddle with it, it is no affair of theirs, they are invited guests at the "banquet of life," as some poet or other said that came to an end in the workhouse'

'How do you know this when I do not?' d'Esgrignon artlessly returned

'You are sure to be the last to know it, just as she

is sure to be the last to hear that you are in debt.'

'I thought she had a hundred thousand livres a year,'

said d'Esgrignon

'Her husband,' replied de Marsay, 'lives apart from her He stays with his regiment and practises economy, for he has one or two little debts of his own as well, has our dear Duke Where do you come from? Just learn to do as we do and keep our friends' accounts for them Mlle. Diane (I fell in love with her for the name's sake), Mlle. Diane d'Uxelles brought her husband sixty thousand livres of income, for the last eight years she has lived as if she had two hundred thousand. It is perfectly plain that at this moment her lands are mortgaged up to their full value; some fine morning the crash must come, and the angel will be put to flight by must it be said? by sheriff's officers that have the effrontery to lay hands on an angel just as they might take hold of one of us.'

' Poor angell'

Lordel It costs a great deal to dwell in a Parisian heaven; you must whiten your wings and your com

plexico every morning, said Rastignac

Now as the thought of confessing his dehts to his beloved Diane had passed through d'Esgrignon's mind, something like a shudder ran through him wheo he remembered that he still owed sixty thousand france, to say nothing of hills to come for another ten thousand He weot back melancholy enough His friends re marked his ill-disguised preoccupation, and spoke of it among themselves at dinner

'Young d'Esgrignoo is getting out of his depth. He is oot up to Paris. He will blow his hrains out A

little fool 1 and so on and so on

D Esgrignon, however, promptly took comfort His servant brought him two letters. The first was from Chesnel. A letter from Chesnel smacked of the stale grumbling faithfulness of honesty and its consecrated formulas. With all respect he put it ande till the even ing. But the second letter he read with unspeakable pleasure. In Ciceronian phrases, du Croisier grovelled before him, like a Sganarelle before a Géronte, begging the young Count in future to spare him the affront of first depositing the amount of the hills which he should " condescend to draw The concluding phrase seemed meant to convey the idea that here was an open cashbox full of coro at the service of the noble d Esgrignon family So strong was the impression that Victuroien, like Sganarelle or Mascarille in the play, like everybody else who feels a twioge of conscience at his finger tips, made an involuntary gesture.

Now that he was sure of unlimited credit with the Kellers, he opened Chesnel's letter gally He had expected four full pages, full of expostulation to the hrim he glanced down the sheet for the familiar words 'prudence,' 'honour, 'determination to do right, and

the like, and saw something else instead which made his head swim.

Monsieur le Comte, Of all my fortune I have now but two hundred thousand francs left I beg of you not to exceed that amount, if you should do one of the most devoted servants of your family the honour of taking it. I present my respects to you. Chesnel

'He is one of Plutarch's men,' Victurnien said to himself, as he tossed the letter on the table He felt chagrined, such magnanimity made him feel very small

'There! one must reform,' he thought, and instead of going to a restaurant and spending fifty or sixty francs over his dinner, he retrenched by dining with the Duchesse de Maufrigneuse, and told her about the letter

'I should like to see that man,' she said, letting her

eyes shine like two fixed stars

'What would you do?'

'Why, he should manage my affairs for me'

Diane de Maufrigneuse was divinely dressed, she meant her toilet to do honour to Victurnien The levity with which she treated his affairs or, more

properly speaking, his debts fascinated him

The charming pair went to the Italiens Never had that beautiful and enchanting woman looked more seraphic, more ethereal Nobody in the house could have believed that she had debts which reached the sumtotal mentioned by de Marsay that very morning No single one of the cares of earth had touched that sublime forehead of hers, full of woman's pride of the highest kind In her, a pensive air seemed to be some gleam of an earthly love, nobly extinguished. The men for the most part were wagering that Victurnien, with his handsome figure, laid her under contribution, while the women, sure of their rival's subterfuge,

admired her as Michel Angelo admired Rafael, in petto Victurnion loved Diane, according to one of these ladies, for the sake of her hair—she had the most beautiful fair hair in France, another maintained that Diane's pallor was her principal merit, for she was not really well shaped, her dress made the most of her figure; yet others thought that Victurnien loved her for her foot, her one good point, for she had a flat figure But (and this hrings the present-day manner of Paris before you in an astonishing manner) whereas all the men said that the Duchess was subsidising Victurnien's splendour, the women, on the other hand, gave people to understand that it was Victurnien who paid for the angel s wings, as Rastignac said

As they drove back again, Victurnien had it on the tip of his tongue a score of times to open this chapter, for the Duchess's debts weighed more heavily upon his mind than his own; and a score of times his purpose died away before the attitude of the divine creature beside him. He could see her by the light of the carriage lamps; she was bewitching in the love-languor which always seemed to be extorted by the violence of passion from her madonna's purity The Duchess did not fall into the mistake of talking of her virtue, of her angels estate, as provincial women, her imitators, do. She was far too elever. She made him for whom she made such great sacrifices, think these things for him elf. At the end of six months she could make him feel that a harm less kiss on her hand was a deadly sin; she contrived that every grace should be extorted from her, and this with such consummate art, that it was impossible not to feel that she was more an angel than ever when she vielded

None hut Pansian women are clever enough always to give a new charm to the moon, to romanticise the stars, to roll in the same sack of charcoal and emerge each time whiter than ever This is the highest refine

ment of intellectual and Parisian civilisation. Women beyond the Rhine or the English Channel believe nonsense of this sort when they utter it, while your Parisienne makes her lover believe that she is an angel, the better to add to his bliss by flattering his vanity on both sides temporal and spiritual. Certain persons, detractors of the Duchess, maintain that she was the first dupe of her own white magic. A wicked slander.

The Duchess believed in nothing but herself

By the end of the year 1823 the Kellers had supplied Victurnien with two hundred thousand francs, and neither Chesnel nor Mlle Armande knew anything about it He had had, besides, two thousand crowns from Chesnel at one time and another, the better to hide the sources on which he was drawing He wrote lying letters to his poor father and aunt, who lived on, happy and deceived, like most happy people under the sun. The insidious current of life in Paris was bringing a dreadful catastrophe upon the great and noble house, and only one person was in the secret of it This was du Croisier He rubbed his hands gleefully as he went past in the dark and looked in at the Antiquities He had good hope of attaining his ends, and his ends were not, as heretofore, the simple ruin of the d'Esgrignons, but the dishonour of their house. felt instinctively at such times that his revenge was at hand, he scented it in the wind! He had been sure of it indeed from the day when he discovered that the young Count's burden of debt was growing too heavy for the boy to bear

Du Croisier's first step was to rid himself of his most hated enemy, the venerable Chesnel The good old man lived in the Rue du Bercail, in a house with a steep-pitched roof There was a little paved courtyard in front, where the rose-bushes grew and clambered up to the windows of the upper story Behind lay a little country garden, with its box-edged borders, shut in by

damp, gloomy looking walls. The prim, grey painted street door, with its wicket opening and hell attached, anonunced quite as plainly as the official scutcheon that

'a notary lives here.

It was half past five o clock in the afternoon, at which hour the old man usually sat digesting his dinner He had drawn his black leather-covered armchair before the fire, and put on his armour, a painted pasteboard con trivance shaped like a top boot, which protected his stockinged legs from the heat of the fire for it was one of the good man's habits to sit for a while after dinner with his feet oo the dogs and to stir up the glowing coals. He always ate too much; he was fond of good living Alas I if it had not been for that little failing, would he not have been more perfect than it is per mitted to mortal man to be? Chesnel had finished his cup of coffee. His old housekeeper had just taken away the tray which had been used for this purpose for the last twenty years. He was waiting for his clerks to go before he himself went out for his game at cards, and meanwhile he was thicking-no oeed to ask of whom or what. A day seldom passed hut he asked himself. Where is he? What is he doing? He thought that the Count was in Italy with the fair Duchesse de Maufrigneuse

When every franc of a man a fortune has come to him, not hy inheritance, but through his own earning and saving, it is one of his sweetest pleasures to look back upon the pains that have gone to the making of it, and then to plan out a future for his crowns. This it is to conjugate the verb 'to enjoy in every tense. And the old lawyer, whose affections were all bound up in a single attachment, was thinking that all the carefully chosen, well-titled land which he had proched and scriped to buy would one day go to round out the d Engrigoon estates, and the thought doubled his pleasure. His pride swelled as be six at his sease in the old armchair

and the building of glowing coals, which he raised with the tongs, sometimes seemed to him to be the old noble house built up again, thanks to his care. He pictured the young Count's prosperity, and told himself that he had done well to live for such an aim. Chesnel was not lacking in intelligence; sheer goodness was not the sole source of his great devotion, he had a pride of his own, he was like the nobles who used to rebuild a pillar in a cathedral to inscribe their name upon it, he meant his name to be remembered by the great house which he had restored. Future generations of d'Esgrignons should speak of old Chesnel. Just at this point his old house-keeper came in with signs of extreme alarm in her countenance.

'Is the house on fire, Brigitte?'

'Something of the sort,' said she 'Here is M du

Croisier wanting to speak to you

'M du Croisier,' repeated the old lawyer A stab of cold misgiving gave him so sharp a pang at the heart that he dropped the tongs 'M du Croisier here!'

thought he, 'our chief enemy!'

Du Croisier came in at that moment, like a cat that scents milk in a dairy He made a bow, seated himself quietly in the easy-chair which the lawyer brought forward, and produced a bill for two hundred and twentyseven thousand francs, principal and interest, the total amount of sums advanced to M Victurnien in bills of exchange drawn upon du Croisier, and duly honoured by him Of these, he now demanded immediate repayment, with a threat of proceeding to extremities with the heir-presumptive of the house Chesnel turned the unlucky letters over one by one, and asked the enemy to keep the secret This he engaged to do if he were paid within forty-eight hours He was pressed for money; he had obliged various manufacturers, and there followed a series of the financial fictions by which neither notaries nor borrowers are deceived Chesnel's eyes were dim,

he could scarcely keep back the tears. There was but one way of raising the money; he must mortgage his own lands up to their full value. But when du Croisier learned the difficulty in the way of repayment, he forgot that he was hard pressed; he no longer wanted ready money, and suddenly came out with a proposal to buy the old lawyer's property The sale was completed within two days. Poor Chesnel could not hear the thought of the son of the house undergoing a five years imprisonment for debt So in a few days time nothing remained to him but his practice, the sums that were due to him, and the house in which he lived Chesnel, stripped of all his lands, paced to and fro in his private office, panelled with dark oak, his eyes fixed on the bevelled edges of the chestnut cross-beams of the ceiling, or on the trellised vines in the garden outside. He was not thinking of his farms now, nor of Le Jard, his dear house in the country : not be

What will become of him? He ought to come back; they must marry him to some rich heiress, he said to himself and his eyes were dim, his head heavy

How to approach Mlle. Armande, and in what words to break the news to her, he did not know who had just paid the debts of the family quaked at the thought of confessing these things. He went from the Rue du Bercail to the Hôtel d'Esgrignon with pulses throbbing like some girls heart when she leaves her father's roof by stealth, not to return again till she is a mother and her heart is broken

Mile. Armande had just received a charming letter, charming in its hypocrisy. Her nephew was the happiest man under the son. He had been to the baths, he had been travelling in Italy with Mme. de Maufrigneuse, and now sent his journal to his aunt Every sentence was instinct with love. There were enchanting descriptions of Venice, and fascinating appreciations of the great works of Venetian art; there were most wonder

ful pages full of the Duomo at Milan, and again of Florence; he described the Apennines, and kow they differed from the Alps, and how in some village like

Chiavari happiness lay all around you, ready made

The poor aunt was under the spell She saw the faroff country of love, she saw, hovering above the land, the angel whose tenderness gave to all that beauty a burning glow She was drinking in the letter at long draughts, how should it have been otherwise? The girl who had put love from her was now a woman upened by repressed and pent-up passion, by all the longings continually and gladly offered up as a sacrifice on the altar of the hearth Mlle. Armande was not like the Duchess. She did not look like an angel. was rather like the little, straight, slim and slender, ivory-tinted statues, which those wonderful sculptors, the builders of cathedrals, placed here and there about the buildings Wild plants sometimes find a hold in the damp niches, and weave a crown of beautiful bluebell flowers about the carved stone moment the blue buds were unfolding in the fair saint's eyes Mlle Armande loved the charming couple as if they stood apart from real life, she saw nothing wrong in a married woman's love for Victurnien, any other woman she would have judged harshly, but in this case, not to have loved her nephew would have been the unpardonable sin Aunts, mothers, and sisters have a code of their own for nephews and sons and brothers

Mlle Armande was in Venice, she saw the lines of fairy palaces that stand on either side of the Grand Canal, she was sitting in Victurnien's gondola, he was telling her what happiness it had been to feel that the Duchess's beautiful hand lay in his own, to know that she loved him as they floated together on the breast of the amorous Queen of Italian seas But even in that moment of bliss, such as angels know, some one appeared in the garden walk It was Chesnel! Alas! the sound

of his tread on the gravel might have heen the sound of the sands running from Death's hour glass to be trodden under his unshed feet. The sound, the sight of a dreadful hopelessness in Chesnel's face, gave her that painful shock which follows a sudden recall of the senses when the soul has sent them forth into the world of dreama

'What is it?' she cried, as if some stab had pierced to her heart.

'All'is lost! said Chesnel. 'M le Comte will hring dishonour upon the house if we do not set it in order He held out the bills, and described the agony of the last few days in a few simple but vigorous and touching words.

"He is deceiving us! The miserable boy! cried Mile. Armande, her heart swelling as the blood surged

back to it in heavy throbs.

'Let us both say mea culpa, mademoiselle, the old lawyer said stoutly; 'we have always allowed him to have his own way he needed stern guidance he could not have it from you with your inexperience of life nor from me, for he would not listen to me. He has had no mother

Fate sometimes deals terribly with a noble house in

decay, said Mile. Armande, with tears in her eyes. The Marquis came up as she spoke. He had been walking up and down the garden while he read the letter sent by his son after his return. Victurnien gave his itinerary from an aristocrat's point of view telling how he had been welcomed by the greatest Italian families of Genoa, Turin, Milan, Florence, Venice, Rome, and Naples. This flattering reception he owed to his name, he said, and partly, perhaps, to the Duchess as well short, he had made his appearance magnificently, and as befitted a d Esemenon.

'Have you been at your old tricks, Chesnel? asked

the Marquis.

Mlle Armande made Chesnel an eager sign, dreadful to see They understood each other The poor father, the flower of feudal honour, must die with all his illusions. A compact of silence and devotion was ratified between the two noble hearts by a simple inclination of the head

Ah! Chesnel, it was not exactly in this way that the d'Esgrignons went into Italy at the end of the fourteenth century, when Marshal Trivulzio, in the service of the King of France, served under a d'Esgrignon, who had a Bayard too under his orders. Other times, other pleasures. And, for that matter, the Duchesse de Maufrigneuse is at least the equal of a Marchesa di Spinola'

And, on the strength of his genealogical tree, the old man swung himself off with a coxcomb's air, as if he himself had once made a conquest of the Marchesa di

Spinola, and still possessed the Duchess of to-day

The two companions in unhappiness were left together on the garden bench, with the same thought for a bond of union. They sat for a long time, saying little save vague, unmeaning words, watching the father walk away in his happiness, gesticulating as if he were talking to himself.

'What will become of him now?' Mlle Armande

asked after a while

Du Croisier has sent instructions to the MM Keller, he is not to be allowed to draw any more without authorisation

'And there are debts,' continued Mlle Armande

'I am afraid so'

'If he is left without resources, what will he do?'

'I dare not answer that question to myself.'

'But he must be drawn out of that life, he must come

back to us, or he will have nothing left'

'And nothing else left to him,' Chesnel said gloomily But Mlle Armande as yet did not and could not understand the full force of those words 'Is there any hope of getting him away from that woman, that Duchess? Perhaps she leads him on'

'He would not stick at a crime to be with her, said Chesnel, trying to pave the way to an iotolerable

thought hy others less intolerable.

Crime, repeated Mlle. Armande. Oh, Chesnel, no one hut you would think of such a thing! she added, with a withering look; hefore such a look from a woman seyes oo mortal can stand There is but ooc crime that a noble can commit—the crime of high treason; and when he is beheaded, the block is covered with a black cloth, as it is for kings.

'The times have changed very much, said Cheanel, shaking his head Victurnien had thioned his last thin, white hairs. 'Our Martyr King did not die like the English King Charles.

That thought soothed Mile. Armandes splendid in dignation; a shudder ran through her but still she did not realise what Chesnel meant.

'To-morrow we will decide what we must do, she said; 'it needs thought At the worst, we have our

lands 1

'Yes, said Chesnel 'You and M. le Marquis own the estate conjointly; but the larger part of it is yours. You can raise money upon it without saying a word to him'

The players at whist, reversis, boston, and backgammon noticed that evening that Mile. Armande a features, usually so serene and pure, showed signs of agitation.

'That poor heroic' child! said the old Marquise de Casteran, 'she must be sufferiog still. A woman never knows what her sacrifices to her family may cost her

Next day it was arranged with Chesnel that Mile-Armande should go to Paris to snatch her nephew from perditioo If any one could carry off Victurnien, was it not the woman whose mother's heart yearoed over him? Mlle. Armande made up her mind that she would go to the Duchesse de Maufrigneuse and tell her all. Still, some sort of pretext was necessary to explain the journey to the Marquis and the whole town. At some cost to her maidenly delicacy, Mlle Armande allowed it to be thought that she was suffering from a complaint which called for a consultation of skilled and celebrated physicians. Goodness knows whether the town talked of this or no! But Mlle Armande saw that something far more to her than her own reputation was at stake. She set out Chesnel brought her his last bag of louis, she took it, without paying any attention to it, as she took her white capuchine and thread mittens.

'Generous girl' What grace!' he said, as he put her into the carriage with her maid, a woman who

looked like a grey sister.

Du Croisier had thought out his revenge, as provincials think out everything For studying out a question in all its bearings, there are no folk in this world like savages, peasants, and provincials, and this is how, when they proceed from thought to action, you find every contingency provided for from beginning to end Diplomatists are children compared with these classes of mammals, they have time before them, an element which is lacking to those people who are obliged to think about a great many things, to superintend the progress of all kinds of schemes, to look forward for all sorts of contingencies in the wider interests of human affairs Had du Croisier sounded poor Victurnien's nature so well, that he foresaw how easily the young Count would lend himself to his schemes of revenge? Or was he merely profiting by an opportunity for which he had been on the watch for years? One circumstance there was, to be sure, in his manner of preparing his stroke, which shows a certain skill. Who was it that gave du Croisier warning of the moment? Was it the Kellers? Or could it have been President du Ronceret's son, theo finishing

Du Croisier wrote to Victurnieo, telling him that the Kellers had been instructed to advance no more money; and that letter was timed to arrive just as the Duchesse de Maufrigneuse was in the utmost perplexity, and the Comte d'Esgrignon coosumed by the sense of a poverty as dreadful as it was cunningly hidden. The wretched young man was exerting all his ingenuity to seem as if he were wealthy!

Now in the letter which informed the victim that in future the Kellers would make no further advances without security, there was a tolerably wide space left between the forms of an exaggerated respect and the signature. It was quite easy to tear off the best part of the letter and convert it into a bill of exchange for any amount. The diabolical missive had even been enclosed in an envelope, so that the other side of the sheet was blank. When it arrived, Victurnien was writhing to the lowest depths of despair After two years of the most prosperous, sensual, thoughtless, and luxurious life, he found himself face to face with the most inexorable poverty; it was an absolute impossibility to procure money There had been some throes of crisis before the journey came to an end With the Duchess s help he had managed to extort various sums from bankers t but it had been with the greatest difficulty, and, moreover, those very amounts were about to start up again before ... him as overdue hills of exchange in all their rigour, with a stern summons to pay from the Bank of France and the commercial court. All through the enjoyments of those last weeks the unhappy boy had felt the point of the Commander s sword at every supper party he heard, like Don Juan, the heavy tread of the statue outside upon the stairs. He felt an unaccountable creeping of the flesh, a warning that the strocco of debt is nigh at hand He reckoned on chance. For five years he had never

turned up a blank in the lottery, his purse had always been replenished. After Chesnel had come du, Croisier (he told himself), after du Croisier surely another gold mine would pour out its wealth. And besides, he was winning great sums at play, his luck at play had saved him several unpleasant steps already, and often a wild hope sent him to the Salon des Étrangers only to lose his winnings afterwards at whist at the club. His life for the past two months had been like the immortal finale of Mozart's Don Giovanni, and of a truth, if a young man has come to such a plight as Victurnien's, that finale is enough to make him shudder Can anything better prove the enormous power of music than that sublime rendering of the disorder and confusion arising out of a life wholly given up to sensual indulgence? that fearful picture of a deliberate effort to shut out the thought of debts and duels, deceit and evil luck? In that music Mozart disputes the palm with Molière The terrific finale, with its glow, its power, its despair and laughter, its grisly spectres and elfish women, centres about the prodigal's last effort made in the after-supper heat of wine, the frantic struggle which ends the drama Victurnien was living through this infernal poem, and alone He saw visions of himself a friendless, solitary outcast, reading the words carved on the stone, the last words on the last page of the book that had held him spellbound THE END I

Yes, for him all would be at an end, and that soon. Already he saw the cold, ironical eyes which his associates would turn upon him, and their amusement over his downfall. Some of them he knew were playing high on that gambling-table kept open all day long at the Bourse, or in private houses, at the clubs, and anywhere and everywhere in Paris, but not one of these men could spare a banknote to save an intimate. There was no help for it. Chesnel must be ruined. He had

devoured Chesnel's living

He sat with the Duchess in their box at the Italians. the whole house envying them their happiness, and while he smiled at her, all the Furies were tearing at his heart. Indeed, to give some idea of the depths of doubt, despair, and incredulity in which the boy was grovel ling he who so clung to life-the life which the angel had made so fair-who so loved it, that he would have stooped to baseness merely to live he, the pleasure loving scapegrace, the degenerate d Esgrignon, had even taken out his pistols, had gone so far as to think of He who would never have brooked the appearance of an insult was ahusing bimself in language which no man is likely to hear except from himself

He left du Croisier's letter lying open on the bed Joséphin had hrought it in at nine o'clock. Victurnien s furniture had been seized, but he slept none the less After he came back from the Opera, he and the Duchess had gone to a voluptuous retreat, where they often spent a few hours together after the most brilliant court balls and evening parties and gaieties. Appearances were very cleverly saved. Their love-nest was a garret like any other to all appearance Mme, de Maufrigneuse was obliged to bow her head with its court feathers or wreath of flowers to enter in at the door but within all the pens of the East had made the chamber fair And now that the Count was on the brink of ruin, he had longed to bid farewell to the dainty nest, which he had built to realise a day-dream worthy of his angel. Presently adversity would break the enchanted eggs; there would be no brood of white doves no hrilliant tropical birds, no more of the thousand bright winged fancies which hover above our heads even to the last days of our lives. Alas I alas I in three days he must be gone his hills bad fallen into the hands of the moneylenders, the law proceedings had reached the last stage.

An evil thought crossed his hrain. He would fly with the Duchess; they would live in some undiscovered nook in the wilds of North or South America, but would fly with a fortune, and leave his creditors to confront their bills. To carry out the plan, he had only to cut off the lower portion of that letter with du Croisier's signature, and to fill in the figures to turn it into a bill, and present it to the Kellers There was a dreadful struggle with temptation, tears were shed, but the honour of the family triumphed, subject to one condi-Victurnien wanted to be sure of his beautiful Diane, he would do nothing unless she should consent to their flight So he went to the Duchess in the Rue Faubourg Saint-Honoré, and found her in coquettish morning dress, which cost as much in thought as in money, a fit dress in which to begin to play the part of Angel at eleven o'clock in the morning.

Mme de Maufrigneuse was somewhat pensive Cares of a similar kind were gnawing her mind, but she took them gallantly Of all the various feminine organisations classified by physiologists, there is one that has something indescribably terrible about Such women combine strength of soul and clear insight, with a faculty for prompt decision, and a recklessness, or rather resolution in a crisis which would shake a man's nerves And these powers lie out of sight beneath an appearance of the most graceful helplessness women only among womankind afford examples of a phenomenon which Buffon recognised in men alone, to wit, the union, or rather the disunion, of two different natures in one human being Other women are wholly women, wholly tender, wholly devoted, wholly mothers, completely null and completely tiresome, nerves and brain and blood are all in harmony, but the Duchess, and others like her, are capable of rising to the highest heights of feeling, or of showing the most selfish insensibility. It is one of the glories of Molière that he has given us a wonderful portrait of such a woman, from one point of view only, in that greatest of his

full-length figures-Celimene ; Celimene is the typical aristocratic woman, as Figure, the second edition of

Paourge, represents the people.

So the Duchess, being overwhelmed with deht, laid it upon herself to give no more than a moment's thought to the avalanche of cares, and to take her resolution once and for all; Napoleon could take up or lay down the hurden of his thoughts in precisely the same way Duchess possessed the faculty of standing aloof from herself, she could look on as a spectator at the crash when it came, instead of submitting to be buried beneath. This was certainly great, but repulsive in a woman. When she awoke in the morning she collected her thoughts ; and by the time she had begun to dress she had looked at the danger in its fullest extent and faced the possibilities of terrific downfall. She pondered Should she take refuge in a foreign country? Or should she go to the King and declare her dehts to him? Or again, should she fascinate a du Tillet or a Nucingen. and gamble on the stock exchange to pay her creditors i The city man would find the money he would be intelligent enough to bring her nothing but the profits, without so much as mentioning the losses, a piece of delicacy which would gloss all over The catastrophe, and these various ways of averting it, had all been reviewed quite coolly, calmly, and without trepidation

As a naturalist takes up some king of butterflies and fastens him down on cotton wool with a pin, so Mme. de Maufrigneuse had plucked love out of her heart while she pondered the necessity of the moment, and was quite ready to replace the heautiful passion on its imm culate setting so soon as her duchess a coronet was safe She knew none of the hesitation which Cardinal Richelieu hid from all the world hut Père Joseph; cone of the doubts that Napoleon kept at first entirely to himself 'Either the one or the other, she told

herself

She was sitting by the fire, giving orders for her toilette for a drive in the Bois if the weather should be fine, when Victurnien came in.

The Comte d'Esgrignon, with all his stifled capacity, his so keen intellect, was in exactly the state which might have been looked for in the woman. His heart was beating violently, the perspiration broke out over him as he stood in his dandy's trappings, he was afraid as yet to lay a hand on the corner-stone which upheld the pyramid of his life with Diane. So much it cost him to know the truth. The cleverest men are fain to deceive themselves on one or two points if the truth once known is likely to humiliate them in their own eyes, and damage themselves with themselves. Victurnien forced his own irresolution into the field by committing himself.

'What is the matter with you?' Diane de Maufrigneuse had said at once, at the sight of her beloved

Victurnien's face

Why, dear Diane, I am in such perplexity, a man gone to the bottom and at his last gasp is happy in comparison.

'Pshaw 1 it is nothing,' said she, 'you are a child

Let us see now, tell me about it?

'I am hopelessly in debt I have come to the end of my tether'

'Is that all?' said she, smiling at him 'Money matters can always be arranged somehow or other,

nothing is irretrievable except disasters in love.'

Victurnien's mind being set at rest by this swift comprehension of his position, he unrolled the bright-coloured web of his life for the last two years and a half, but it was the seamy side of it which he displayed with something of genius, and still more of wit, to his Diane He told his tale with the inspiration of the moment, which fails no one in great crises, he had sufficient artistic skill to set it off by a varnish of delicate

scorn for men and things. It was an aristocrat who spoke. And the Duchess listened as she could listen.

One knee was raised, for she sat with her foot on a stool. She rested her elbow on her knee and leant her face on her hand so that her fingers closed daintily over her shapely chin Her eves never left his; but thoughts by myriads flitted under the blue surface, like gleams of stormy light between two clouds. Her forehead was calm her mouth gravely intent grave with love; her lips were knotted fast by Victurnien's lips. To have her listening thus was to believe that a divine love flowed from her heart. Wherefore, when the Count had proposed flight to this soul, so closely knit to

his own, he could not help crying, You are an angel!

The fair Maufrigneuse made silent answer; hut she

had not spoken as yet

'Good, very good, she said at last. (She had not given herself up to the love expressed in her face her mind had been entirely absorbed by deep-laid schemes which she kept to herself) But that is not the question, dear (The angel was only that hy this time.) 'Let us think of your affairs Yes, we will go, and the sooner the better Arrange it all; I will follow you It is glorious to leave Paris and the world behind. I will set about my preparations in such a way that no one can suspect anything

I will follow you? Just so Mile. Mars might have spoken those words to send a thrill through two thousand listening men and women When a Duchesse de Manfrigneuse offers, in such words, to make such a sacrifice to love, she has paid her debt. How should Victuralen speak of sordid details after that? He could so much the better hide his schemes, because Diane was particularly careful not to inquire into them. She was now, and always, as de Marsay said, an invited guest at a banquet wreathed with roses, a hanquet which mankind,

as in duty bound, made ready for her

Victurnien would not go till the promise had been sealed. He must draw courage from his happiness before he could bring himself to do a deed on which, as he inwardly told himself, people would be certain to put a bad construction. Still (and this was the thought that decided him) he counted on his aunt and father to hush up the affair, he even counted on Chesnel. Chesnel would think of one more compromise. Besides, 'this business,' as he called it in his thoughts, was the only way of raising money on the family estate. With three hundred thousand francs, he and Diane would lead a happy life hidden in some palace in Venice, and there they would forget the world. They went through their romance in advance.

Next day Victurnien made out a bill for three hundred thousand francs, and took it to the Kellers The Kellers advanced the money, for du Croisier happened to have a balance at the time, but they wrote to let him know that he must not draw again on them without giving them notice Du Croisier, much astonished, asked for a statement of accounts It was sent. Everything was explained The day of his vengeance had arrived

When Victurnien had drawn 'his' money, he took it to Mme de Maufrigneuse. She locked up the banknotes in her desk, and proposed to bid the world farewell by going to the Opéra to see it for the last time Victurnien was thoughtful, absent, and uneasy. He was beginning to reflect. He thought that his seat in the Duchess's box might cost him dear, that perhaps, when he had put the three hundred thousand francs in safety, it would be better to travel post, to fall at Chesnel's feet, and tell him all. But before they left the operahouse, the Duchess, in spite of herself, gave Victurnien an adorable glance, her eyes were shining with the desire to go back once more to bid farewell to the nest

a night.

The next day at three o clock, he was back again at the Hotel de Maufraneuse he had come to take the Duchess orders for that night s escape. And, 'Why should we go?' asked she I have thought it all out The Vicomtesse de Beauscant and the Duchesse de Langeais disappeared If I go too, it will be something quite commonplace. We will brave the storm. It will be a far finer thing to do I am sure of success Victumiens eyes day rled; he felt as if his skin were dissolving and the blood oozing out all over him

which she loved so much. And how that he was, he lost

"What is the matter with you? cried the fair Diane, noticing a heutation which a woman never forgives. Your truly addoit lover will hasten to agree with any fancy that Woman may take into her head, and suggest reasons for doing otherwise, while leaving her free exercise of her right to chango her mind, her intentions, and sentiments generally as often as she pleases. Vic turnien was angry for the first time, angry with the wrath of a weak man of poetic temperament; it was a storm of rain and lightning fluthes, but no thinder

followed The angel on whose faith he had risked more than his life, the honour of his house, was very roughly

handled
'So, said she, 'we have come to this after eighteen
months of tenderness! You are unkind, very unkind
Go away!—I do not want to see you again. I thought

that you loved me. You do not 'I do not love you?' repeated he, thunderstruck by the reproach

No, monsieur

'And yet he cried 'Ahl if you but knew

what I have just done for your take!

'And how have you done so much for me, monsieur?
As if a man ought not to do anything for a woman that has done so much for him?

'You are not worthy to know it!' Victurnien cried in a passion of anger.

'Oh !

After that sublime 'Oh!' Diane bowed her head on her hand and sat, still, cold, and implacable as angels naturally may be expected to do, seeing that they share none of the passions of humanity. At the sight of the woman he loved in this terrible attitude, Victurnien forgot his danger. Had he not just that moment wronged the most angelic creature on earth? He longed for forgiveness, he threw himself before her, he kissed her feet, he pleaded, he wept. Two whole hours the unhappy young man spent in all kinds of follies, only to meet the same cold face, while the great silent tears dropping one by one, were dried as soon as they fell lest the unworthy lover should try to wipe them away. The Duchess was acting a great agony, one of those hours which stamp the woman who passes through them as something august and sacred

Two more hours went by By this time the Count had gained possession of Diane's hand, it felt cold and spiritless. The beautiful hand, with all the treasures in its grasp, might have been supple wood; there was nothing of Diane in it, he had taken it, it had not been given to him. As for Victurnien, the spirit had ebbed out of his frame, he had ceased to think. He would not have seen the sun in heaven. What was to be done? What course should he take? What resolution should he make? The man who can keep his head in such circumstances must be made of the same stuff as the convict who spent the night in robbing the Bibliothèque Royale of its gold medals, and repaired to his honest brother in the morning with a request to melt down the plunder. What is to be done? cried the brother 'Make me some coffee,' replied the thief. Victurnien sank into a bewildered stupor, darkness settled down over his brain. Visions of past rapture flitted across the

misty gloom like the figures that Rafael painted against a black background; to these he must hid farewell Inexorable and disdainful, the Duchess played with the tip of her scarf She looked in irritation at Victurnien from time to time; she coquetted with memories, she spoke to her lover of his rivals as if anger had finally decided her to prefer one of them to a man who could so change in one moment after twenty-eight months of love

Ab.1 that charming young Félix de Vandenesse, so faithful as he was to Mme. de Morisauf, would never have permitted himself such a scene! He can love, can de Vandenesse! De Marsay, that terrible de Marsay, such a tiger as every one thought him, was rough with other men but, like all strong men, he kept his gentleness for women. Montriveau trampled the Duchesse de Langeais under foot, as Othello killed Desdemona, in a burst of fury which at any rate proved the extravagance of his love. It was not like a paltry squisble. There was rapture in being so crushed Little, fair haired, silm, and slender men loved to torment women they could only reign over poor, weak creatures; it pleased them to have some ground for believing that they were men. The tyranny of love was their one chance of asserting their power. She did not know why she had put herself at the mercy of fair hair. Such men as de Marsay, Montriveau, and Vandenesse, dark haired and well grown, had a ray of sunlight in their eyes.

It was a storm of epigrams. Her speeches, like bullets, came hissiog past his cars. Every word that Diane hurled at him was triple barbed, she humiliated, stung, and wounded him with an art that was all her own, as half a score of savages can torture an enemy bound to a stake

'You are mad!' he cried at last, at the end of his patience, and out he went in God knows what mood

He drove as if he had never handled the reins before, locked his wheels in the wheels of other vehicles, collided with the kerb-stone in the Place Louis-Quinze, went he knew not whither The horse, left to its own devices, made a bolt for the stable along the Quai d'Orsay, but as he turned into the Rue de l'Université, Joséphin appeared to stop the runaway.

'You cannot go home, sir,' the old man said, with a scared face, 'they have come with a warrant to arrest

you '

Victurnien thought that he had been arrested on the criminal charge, albeit there had not been time for the public prosecutor to receive his instructions. He had forgotten the matter of the bills of exchange, which had been stirred up again for some days past in the form of orders to pay, brought by the officers of the court with accompaniments in the shape of bailiffs, men in possession, magistrates, commissaries, policemen, and other representatives of social order. Like most guilty creatures, Victurnien had forgotten everything but his crime

'It is all over with me,' he cried.

'No, M le Comte, drive as fast as you can to the Hôtel du Bon la Fontaine, in the Rue de Grenelle Mlle Armande is waiting there for you, the horses have

been put in, she will take you with her?

Victurnien, in his trouble, caught like a drowning man at the branch that came to his hand, he rushed off to the inn, reached the place, and flung his arms about his aunt. Mlle Armande cried as if her heart would break, any one might have thought that she had a share in her nephew's guilt. They stepped into the carriage. A few minutes later they were on the road to Brest, and Paris lay behind them. Victurnien uttered not a sound, he was paralysed. And when aunt and nephew began to speak, they talked at cross purposes, Victurnien, still labouring under the unlucky misapprehension which flung

him into Alle Armandes arms, was thinking of his forgery ? his aunt had the dehts and the hills on her mind

'You know all, aunt, he had said

Poor boy, yes, hut we are here. I am not going to scold you just yet Take heart.'

'I must hide somewhere'

Cerbaps. Yes, it is a very good idea.

Perhaps I might get into Chesnel's house without being seen if we timed ourselves to arrive in the middle of the night?'

'That will be best. We shall be hetter able to hide this from my brother -Poor angel! how unhappy he is! said she, petting the unworthy child

'Ah! now I begin to know what dishonour means

it has chilled my love.

'Unhappy boy what bliss and what misery l' And Mile. Armande drew his fevered face to her breast and kissed his forehead, cold and damp though it was, as the holy women might have kissed the brow of the dead Christ when they laid Him in His grave clothes. Following out the excellent scheme suggested by the produgal son, he was brought by night to the quiet house in the Rue du Bercail; but chance ordered it that hy so doing he ran straight into the wolf's laws, as the saying goes. That evening Chesnel had been mak ing arrangements to sell his connection to M Lepressoir's head-clerk. M Lepressoir was the notary employed by the Liberals, just as Chesnel's practice by among the aristocratic families. The young fellow's relatives were rich enough to pay Chesnel the consider able sum of a hundred thousand france in cash

Chesnel was rubbing his hands. 'A hundred thou sand france will go a long way in buying up debts, he 'The young man is paying a high rate of interest on his loans. We will lock him up down here I will go yonder myself and bring those curs to terms.

Chesnel, honest Chesnel, upright, worthy Chesnel, called his darling Comte Victurnien's creditors curs.

Meanwhile his successor was making his way along the Rue du Bercail just as Mlle. Armande's travelling carriage turned into it. Any young man might be expected to feel some curiosity if he saw a travelling carriage stop at a notary's door in such a town and at such an hour of the night, the young man in question was sufficiently inquisitive to stand in a doorway and watch He saw Mlle Armande alight

'Mlle Armande d'Esgrignon at this time of night!' said he to himself 'What can be going forward at the

d'Esgrignons?'

At the sight of mademoiselle, Chesnel opened the door circumspectly and set down the light which he was carrying, but when he looked out and saw Victurnien, Mile Armande's first whispered word made the whole thing plain to him He looked up and down the street, it seemed quite deserted, he beckoned, and the young Count sprang out of the carriage and entered the courtyard All was lost Chesnel's successor had discovered Victurnien's hiding-place

Victurnien was hurried into the house and installed in a room beyond Chesnel's private office could enter it except across the old man's dead body

'Ah | M le Comte | 'exclaimed Chesnel, notary no

longer.

'Yes, monsieur,' the Count answered, understanding his old friend's exclamation 'I did not listen to you, and now I have fallen into the depths, and I must

perish'

'No, no,' the good man answered, looking triumphantly from Mlle Armande to the Count T have sold my connection I have been working for a very long time now, and am thinking of retiring By noon to-morrow I shall have a hundred thousand francs, many things can be settled with that. Mademoiselle,

you are tired, he added; 'go back to the carriage and go home and sleep Business to-morrow

'Is he safe?' returned she, looking at Victurnien

'Yes.

She kissed her nephew, a few tears fell on his forehead. Then she went

'My good Chesnel,' said the Count, when they began to talk of hustness, 'what are your hundred thousand francs in such a position as mine? You do not know the full extent of my troubles, I think'

Victurnien explained the 'situation' Chesnel was thunderstruck. But for the strength of his devotion, ho would have succombed to this blow. Tears streamed from the eyes that might well have had no tears left to shed. For a few moments he was a child again, for a few moments he was bereft of his senses he stood like a man who should find his own house on fire, and through a window see the cradle ablaze and hear the hiss of the flames on his children's cutis. He rose to his full height—if se dresse in pied, as Amyot would have said; he seemed to grow taller; he raised his withered hands and wrung them despainingly and wildly

'If only your father may die and never know this, young man! To be a forger is enough; a parricide you must not be Fly, you say? No They would condemn you for contempt of court! Oh, wretched boy! Why did you not forge my signature? I would have paid; I should not have taken the bill to the public prosecutor.—Now I can do nothing You have brought me to a stand in the lowest pit in hell! Du Croisier! What will come of it? What is to be done?—If you had killed a man, there might be some help for it. But forgery—forger? And time—the time is flying, he went on, shaking his fist towards the old clock. 'You will want a sham passport now One crime leads to another First, he added, after a pause, 'first of all we must save the house of d'Esgrignon.

'But the money is still in Mme. de Maufrigneuse's

keeping,' exclaimed Victurnien

'Ah!' exclaimed Chesnel 'Well, there is some hope left a faint hope Could we soften du Croisier, I wonder, or buy him over? He shall have all the lands if he likes I will go to him, I will wake him and offer him all we have. Besides, it was not you who forged that bill, it was I. I will go to jail, I am too old for the hulks, they can only put me in prison.'

'But the body of the bill is in my handwriting,' objected Victurnien, without a sign of surprise at this

reckless devotion

'Idiot! . that is, pardon, M. le Comte Joséphin should have been made to write it,' the old notary cried wrathfully 'He is a good creature, he would have taken it all on his shoulders. But there is an end of it, the world is falling to pieces,' the old man continued, sinking exhausted into a chair. 'Du Croisier is a tiger, we must be careful not to rouse him. What time is it? Where is the draft? If it is at Paris, it might be bought back from the Kellers, they might accommodate us. Ah! but there are dangers on all sides, a single false step means ruin. Money is wanted in any case. But, there! nobody knows you are here, you must live buried away in the cellar if needs must I will go at once to Paris as fast as I can, I can hear the mail coach from Brest'

In a moment the old man recovered the faculties of his youth his agility and vigour. He packed up clothes for the journey, took money, brought a six-pound loaf to the little room beyond the office, and turned the key

on his child by adoption

'Not a sound in here,' he said, 'no light at night, and stop here till I come back, or you will go to the hulks Do you understand, M le Comte? Yes, to the hulks! if anybody in a town like this knows that you are here'

With that Chesnel went out, first telling his house keeper to give out that he was ill, to allow no one to come into the house, to send everybody away, and to postpone business of every kind for three days. wheedled the manager of the coach-office, made up a tale for his benefit—he had the makings of an iogenious novelist in him-and obtained a promise that if there should be a place, he should have it, passport or no passport, as well as a further promise to keep the burried departure a secret. Luckily, the coach was empty when it arrived.

In the middle of the following night Chesnel was set down in Paris. At nine o clock in the morning he waited on the Kellers, and learned that the fatal draft had returned to du Croisier three days since; hut while ohtaining this information, he in no way committed himself Before he went away he inquired whether the draft could be recovered if the amount were refunded. Francois Keller's answer was to the effect that the document was do Croisier's property, and that it was entirely in his power to keep or return it. Then, in desperation, the old man went to the Duchess.

Mme, de Maufrigneuse was not at home to any visitor at that hour Chesnel, feeling that every moment was precious, sat down in the hall, wrote a few lines, and succeeded to sending them to the lady by dint of wheed ling, fascinating, bribing, and commanding the most insolent and inaccessible servants in the world. The Duchess was still in bed; but, to the great astonishment of her household, the old man to black knee breeches, ribbed stockings, and shoes with buckles to them, was shown into her room

'What is it, monsieur?' she asked, posing in her disorder What does he want of me, ungrateful that be is?

'It is this, Mme. la Durhesse, the good man exclaimed, 'you have a hundred thousand crowns belonging to us.

'Yes,' began she 'What does it signify ?

The money was gained by a forgery, for which we are going to the hulks, a forgery which we committed for love of you,' Chesnel said quickly 'How is it that you did not guess it, so clever as you are? Instead of scolding the boy, you ought to have had the truth out of him, and stopped him while there was time, and saved him'

At the first words the Duchess understood, she felt ashamed of her behaviour to so impassioned a lover, and afraid besides that she might be suspected of complicity. In her wish to prove that she had not touched the money left in her keeping, she lost all regard for appearances, and besides, it did not occur to her that a notary was a man. She flung off the eider-down quilt, sprang to her desk (flitting past the lawyer like an angel out of one of the vignettes which illustrate Lamartine's books), held out the notes, and went back in confusion to bed

'You are an angel, madame' (She was to be an angel for all the world, it seemed) 'But this will not be the end of it I count upon your influence to save us'

'To save you! I will do it or die! Love that will not shrink from a crime must be love indeed. Is there a woman in the world for whom such a thing has been done? Poor boy! Come, do not lose time, dear M. Chesnel, and count upon me as upon yourself?

'Mme la Duchesse! Mme la Duchesse!' It was all that he could say, so overcome was he He cried, he could have danced, but he was afraid of losing his

senses, and refrained

'Between us, we will save him,' she said, as he left the

Chesnel went straight to Joséphin Joséphin unlocked the young Count's desk and writing-table Very luckily, the notary found letters which might be useful; letters





from du Croisier and the Kellers. Then he took a place in a diligence which was just about to start, and by dint of fees to the postillions, the lumbering vehicle went as quickly as the coach. His two fellow passengers on the journey happened to he in as great a hurry as he himself, and readily agreed to take their meals in the carriage. Thus swept over the road, the notary reached the Rue du Bercail, after three days of absence, an hour before midnight. And yet he was too late He saw the gandarmes at the gate, croised the threshold, and met the young Count in the courtyard. Victurnien had been arrested. If Chesnel had had the power, he would beyond a doubt have killed the officers and men; as it was, he could only fall on Victurnien s neck.

If I cannot hush this matter up, you must kill your self before the indictment is made out, he whippered. But Victumien had sunk into such stupor, that he stared

back uncomprehendingly

Kill myself? he repeated.

Yes. If your courage should fail, my boy, count upon me, said Chesnel, squeezing Victurnien's hand.

In spice of his anguish of mind and cottering limbs, he stood firmly planted, to watch the son of his heart, the Comte d Esgrignon, go out of the courtyard between two gendarmes, with the commissary, the justice of the peace, and the clerk of the court; and not until the figures had disappeared, and the sound of fooisteps had died away into silence, did he recover his firmness and presence of mind

'You will catch cold, sir, Brigitte remonstrated

'The devil take you cried her exasperated master Never in the nine-and-twenty years that Brigatte had been in his service had she heard such words from him! Her candle fell out of her hands, hut Chesnel neither heeded his housekeeper's alarm nor heard her exclaim He hurned off towards the Val-Noble.

'He is out of his mind,' said she; 'after all, it is no

wonder But where is he off to? I cannot possibly go after him What will become of him? Suppose that he should drown himself!?

And Brigitte went to waken the head-clerk and send him to look along the river bank, the river had a gloomy reputation just then, for there had lately been two cases of suicide one a young man full of promise, and the other a girl, a victim of seduction. Chesnel went straight to the Hôtel du Croisier. There lay his only hope. The law requires that a charge of forgery must be brought by a private individual. It was still possible to withdraw if du Croisier chose to admit that there had been a misapprehension, and Chesnel had hopes, even then, of buying the man over.

M and Mme du Croisier had much more company

than usual that evening Only a few persons were in the secret M du Ronceret, President of the Tribunal, M Sauvager, deputy Public Prosecutor, and M. du Coudrai, a registrar of mortgages, who had lost his post by voting on the wrong side, were the only persons who were supposed to know about it, but Mesdames du Ronceret and du Coudrai had told the news, in strict confidence, to one or two intimate friends, so that it had spread half over the semi-noble, semi-bourgeois assembly at M du Croisier's. Everybody felt the gravity of the situation, but no one ventured to speak of it openly, and, moreover, Mme du Croisier's attachment to the upper sphere was so well known, that people scarcely dared to mention the disaster which had befallen the d'Esgrignons or to ask for particulars. The persons

Du Croisier's adherents, knowing the secret and the plans of the great commercial power, looked round when the lady of the house disappeared, but there were still

possible out of her husband's sight.

most interested were waiting till good Mme du Croisier retired, for that lady always retreated to her room at the same hour to perform her religious exercises as far as

several persons present whose opinions or interests marked them out as untrustworthy, so they continued to play. About half past eleven all had gone save intimates. M. Sauvager, M. Camusot, the examining magistrate, and his wife, M. and Mme. du Ronceret and their son Fabien, M. and Mme. du Coudrai, and Joseph Blondet, the eldest son of an old judge, ten persons in all.

It is told of Talleyrand that one fatal day, three hours after midnight, he suddenly interrupted a game of cards in the Duchesse de Luynes house hy laying down his watch on the table and asking the players whether the Prince de Condé had any child but the Duc

d'Enghien

'Why do you ask ?' returned Mme. de Luynes, when

you know so well that he has not.

Because if the Prince has no other son, the House of

Conde is now at an end.

There was a moment's pause, and they finished the game.—President du Ronceret now did something very similar Perhaps he had heard the anecdote; perhaps, in political life, little minds and great minds are apt to hit upon the same expression. He looked at his watch, and interrupted the game of boston with—

'At this moment M, le Comte d Esgrignon is arrested, and that house which has held its head so high is dis-

honoured for ever '

'Then, have you got hold of the boy? du Coudras cried gleefully

Cried Riecitilia

Every one in the room, with the exception of the President, the deputy, and du Croisier, looked startled.

'He has just been arrested in Chesnel's house, where he was hiding, said the deputy public prosecutor, with the air of a capable but unappreciated public servant, who ought by rights to be Minister of Police M. Sauvager, the deputy was a thin, tall young man of five-and twenty, with a lengthy olive hued counternance,

black frizzled hair, and deep-set eyes, the wide, dark rings beneath them were completed by the wrinkled purple eyelids above. With a nose like the beak of some bird of prey, a pinched mouth, and cheeks worn lean with study and hollowed by ambition, he was the very type of a second-rate personage on the lookout for something to turn up, and ready to do anything if so he might get on in the world, while keeping within the limitations of the possible and the forms of law His pompous expression was an admirable indication of the time-serving eloquence to be expected of him Chesnel's successor had discovered the young Count's hiding-place to him, and he took great credit to himself for his penetration

The news seemed to come as a shock to the examining magistrate, M Camusot, who had granted the warrant of arrest on Sauvager's application, with no idea that it was to be executed so promptly. Camusot was short, fair, and fat already, though he was only thirty years old or thereabouts, he had the flabby, livid look peculiar to officials who live shut up in their private study or in a court of justice, and his little, pale, yellow eyes were full of the suspicion which is often mistaken for

shrewdness

Mme Camusot looked at her spouse, as who should say, 'Was I not right?'

'Then the case will come on,' was Camusot's com-

ment

'Could you doubt it?' asked du Coudrai 'Now

they have got the Count, all is over'

'There is the jury,' said Camusot 'In this case, M le Préfet is sure to take care that after the challenges from the prosecution and the defence, the jury to a man will be for an acquittal My advice would be to come to a compromise, he added, turning to du Croisier 'Compromise' echoed the President, 'why, he is in

the hands of justice.'

Acquitted or convicted, the Comte d Esgrignon will

be dishonoured all the same, put in Sauvager
'I am bringing an action,'I said du Croisier 'I shall

'I am bringing an action,' said du Croisier 'I shall bave Dupin senior We shall see how the d Esgrignon family will escape out of his clutches'

'The d'Esgrignons will defend the case and have counsel from Paris they will have Berryer, said Mme. Camusot. 'You will have a Roland for your Oliver

Dif Crosser, M Sauvager, and the President du Ronceret looked at Camusot, and one thought troubled their minds. The lady's tone, the way in which she flung her proverh in the faces of the eight conspirators against the bouse of d Esgrignon, caused them inward perturbation, which they dissembled as provincials can dissemble, by dint of lifelong practice in the shifts of a monastic existence. Little Mme. Camusot saw their change of countenance and subsequent composure when they scented opposition on the part of the examining magniturate. When her busband unveiled the thoughts in the back of his own mind, she had tried to plumb the depths of hate in du Croisser's adherents. She wanted to find out how du Croisser had gained over this deputy public prosecutor, who had acted so promptly and so directly in opposition to the views of the central power 'In any case, continued she, 'if celebrated counsel

'In any case, continued she, 'if celebrated counsel come down from Paris, there is a prospect of a very interesting session in the Court of Assize; but the matter will be snuffed out between the Tribunal and the Court of Appeal. It is only to be expected that the Government should do all that can be done, below the surface, to save a young man who comes of a great family, and has the Duchesso de Maufrigneuse for friend. So I do not think that we shall have "a sensa

tion at Landernau."?

¹A trial for an offsece of this kind in France is an action brought by private person (partic droid) to the adminger, and at the same time crimin | p = | ion conducted on behalf of the Government.—Th.

'How you go on, madame!' the President said sternly. Can you suppose that the Court of First Instance will be influenced by considerations which have nothing to do with justice 3,

'The event proves the contrary,' she said meaningly, looking full at Sauvager and the President, who glanced

coldly at her.

'Explain yourself, madame,' said Sauvager. 'You speak as if we had not done our duty'

'Mme Camusot meant nothing,' interposed her husband.

'But has not M le Président just said something prejudicing a case which depends on the examination of the prisoner?' said she 'And the evidence is still to be taken, and the Court has not given its decision?

'We are not at the law-courts,' the deputy public prosecutor replied tartly, 'and besides, we know all

that'

But the public prosecutor knows nothing at all about it yet,' returned she, with an ironical glance. 'He will come back from the Chamber of Deputies in all haste. You have cut out his work for him, and he, no doubt, will speak for himself'

The deputy prosecutor knitted his thick bushy brows Those interested read tardy scruples in his countenance A great silence followed, broken by no sound but the dealing of the cards M and Mme. Camusot, sensible of a decided chill in the atmosphere, took their departure to leave the conspirators to talk at their ease.

'Camusot,' the lady began in the street, 'you went Why lead those people to suspect that you will have no part in their schemes? They will play you

some ugly trick '

'What can they do? I am the only examining

magistrate?

'Cannot they slander you in whispers, and procure your dismissal.'

At that very moment Chesnel ran up against the couple. The old notary recognised the examining magistrate and with the lucidity which comes of an experience of husiness, he saw that the fate of the d'Esgrignons lay in the hands of the young man before him.

'Ah, sir!' he exclaimed, 'we shall soon need you badly Just a word with you -Your pardon, madame,'

he added, as he drew Camusot aside.

Mme. Camusot, as a good conspirator, looked towards du Crossier's house, ready to break up the conversation if anybody appeared; but she thought and thought rightly, that their enemies were husy discussing this unexpected turn which she had given to the affair Chesnel meanwhile drew the magistrate into a dark corner under the wall, and lowered his voice for his companioo s car

'If you are for the house of d Esgrignon, he said, 'Mme la Duchesse de Maufrigneuse, the Prince de Cadignan, the Dues de Navarreins and de Lenoncourt, the Keeper of the Seals, the Chancellor, the King him self, will interest themselves in you. I have just come from Paris. I knew all about this; I went post haste to explain everything at Court. We are counting on you, and I will keep your secret. If you are hostile, I shall go back to Paris to-morrow and lodge a com plaint with the Keeper of the Seals that there is a sus picion of corruption Several functionaries were at du Crouser's house to-night, and no doubt, ate and drank there, contrary to law; and besides, they are friends of his.

Chesnel would have brought the Almighty to inter vene If he had had the power He did not wait for an answer; he left Camusot and fled like a deer towards du Crosser's house Camusot, meanwhile, bidden to reveal the notary's confidences, was at nace assailed with, "Was I not right, dear? - wifely formula used on all

occasions, but rather more vehemently when the fair speaker is in the wrong. By the time they reached home, Camusot had admitted the superiority of his partner in life, and appreciated his good fortune in belonging to her, which confession, doubtless, was the prelude of a blissful night.

Chesnel met his foes in a body as they left du Croisier's house, and began to fear that du Croisier had gone to bed In his position he was compelled to act quickly,

and any delay was a misfortune

'In the King's name!' he cried, as the man-servant was closing the hall door He had just brought the King on the scene for the benefit of an ambitious little official, and the word was still on his lips. He fretted and chafed while the door was unbarred, then, swift as a thunderbolt, dashed into the antechamber, and spoke to the servant

'A hundred crowns to you, young man, if you can wake Mme du Croisier and send her to me this instant.

Tell her anything you like'

Chesnel grew cool and composed as he opened the door of the brightly lighted drawing-room, where du Croisier was striding up and down. For a moment the two men scanned each other, with hatred and enmity, twenty years' deep, in their eyes One of the two had his foot on the heart of the house of d'Esgrignon, the other, with a lion's strength, came forward to pluck it away

'Your humble servant, sir,' said Chesnel 'Have you

made the charge?

'Yes, sir'

'When was it made?'

'Yesterday'

'Have any steps been taken since the warrant of arrest was issued ?'

'I believe so'

'I have come to treat with you'

'Justice must take its course, nothing can stop it, the

arrest has been made."

Never mind that, I am at your orders, at your feet. The old man knelt besore du Crossier, and stretched out

his hands entreatingly

'What do you want? Our lands, our castle? Take all; withdraw the charge leave us nothing hut life and And over and besides all this, I will be your servant, command and I will obey '

Du Croisier sat down in an easy chair and left the old

man to kneel.

'You are not vindictive, pleaded Chesnel; 'you are good-bearted, you do not bear us such a gradge that you will not listen to terms. Before daylight the young man ought to be at liberty

'The whole town knows that he has been arrested,

returned do Croisier, enjoying his revenge.

'It is a great misfortune; but as there will neither be proofs nor trial, we can easily manage that.

Du Croisier reflected. He seemed to be struggling with self interest; Chesnel thought that he had gained a hold on his enemy through the great motive of human action At that supreme moment Mme, du Crossier appeared

'Come here and help me to soften your dear husband, madame? said Chesnel, still on his knees Crosser made him rise with every sign of profound astonishment. Chesnel explained his errand; and when she knew it, the generous daughter of the intendants of the Dues d'Alençon turned to du Crosser with tears in her eyes.

'Ah I monsieur, can you heatate? The d'Esgrignons,

the honour of the province! she said

'There is more in it than that, exclaimed du Croisier,

rung to begin his restless walk again

'More? What more? asked Chesnel in amazement 'France is involved, M Chesnel. It is a question of the country, of the people, of giving my lords your

nobles a lesson, and teaching them that there is such a thing as justice, and law, and a bourgeoisie, a lesser nobility as good as they, and a match for them! There shall be no more trampling down half a score of wheat fields for a single hare, no bringing shame on families by seducing unprotected girls, they shall not look down on others as good as they are, and mock at them for ten whole years, without finding out at last that these things swell into avalanches, and those avalanches will fall and crush and bury my lords the nobles You want to go back to the old order of things You want to tear up the social compact, the Charter in which our rights are set forth

'And so?'

'Is it not a sacred mission to open the people's eyes?' cried du Croisier 'Their eyes will be opened to the morality of your party when they see nobles going to be tried at the Assize Court like Pierre and Jacques. They will say, then, that small folk who keep their selfrespect are as good as great folk that bring shame on themselves The Assize Court is a light for all the world Here, I am the champion of the people, the friend of law You yourselves twice flung me on the side of the people once when you refused an alliance, twice when you put me under the ban of your society. You are reaping as you have sown'

If Chesnel was startled by this outburst, so no less was Mme du Croisier To her this was a terrible revelation of her husband's character, a new light not merely on the past but on the future as well. Any capitulation on the part of the colossus was apparently out of the question, but Chesnel in no wise retreated

before the impossible.

'What, monsieur '' said Mme du Croisier you not forgive? Then you are not a Christian?

'I forgive as God forgives, madame, on certain conditions.

'And what are they?' asked Chesnel, thinking that he saw array of hope

The elections are coming on a I want the votes at vour disposal.

'You shall have them

I wish that we, my wife and I, should be received familiarly every evening, with an appearance of friendli oess at any rate, hy M le Marquis d'Esgrignon and his circle, continued du Croisier

"I do not know how we are going to compass it, hut

you shall be received.

"I wish to have the family bound over by a surety of four hundred thousand france, and hy a written document stating the nature of the compromise, so as to keep a

loaded cannon pointed at its heart.
"We agree, said Chesnel, without admitting that the three hundred thousand france was in his possession i but the amount must be deposited with a third party and returned to the family after your election and recayment.

'No 1 after the marriage of my grand niece, Mile, Duval. Sho will very likely have four million france some day; the reversion of our property (mine and my wife's) shall be settled upon her hy her marriage-con tract, and you shall arrange a match between her and the young Count.

Never 1

"Never / repeated du Crossler, quito iotoxicated with triumph, 'Good-night !

'Idiot that I am,' thought Chesnel, 'why did I shriok

from a lie to such a man?

Du Croisier took himself off; he was pleased with himself he had enjoyed Chesnel's humiliation; he had held the destinies of a proud house, the representative of the anstocracy of the province, suspended in his hand; he had set the priot of his heel on the very heart of the d Esgrigoons; and, finally, he had broken off the whole negotiation on the score of his wounded pride went up to his room, leaving his wife alone with Chesnel. In his intoxication, he saw his victory clear before him He firmly believed that the three hundred thousand francs had been squandered, the d'Esgrignons must sell or mortgage all that they had to raise the money, the Assize Court was inevitable to his mind.

An affair of forgery can always be settled out of court in France if the missing amount is returned The losers by the crime are usually well-to-do, and have no wish to blight an imprudent man's character. But du Croisier had no mind to slacken his hold until he knew what he was about. He meditated until he fell asleep on the magnificent manner in which his hopes would be fulfilled by way of the Assize Court or by marriage. The murmur of voices below, the lamentations of Chesnel and Mme. du Croisier, sounded sweet in his ears

Mme du Croisier shared Chesnel's views of the d'Esgrignons She was a deeply religious woman, a Royalist attached to the noblesse, the interview had been in every way a cruel shock to her feelings She, a staunch Royalist, had heard the roaring of that Liberalism, which, in her director's opinion, wished to crush the Church The Left benches for her meant the popular upheaval and the scaffolds of 1793

What would your uncle, that sainted man who hears us, say to this?' exclaimed Chesnel. Mme. du Croisier made no reply, but the great tears rolled down her

cheeks.

'You have already been the cause of one poor boy's death, his mother will go mourning all her days,' continued Chesnel (he saw how his words told, but he would have struck harder and even broken this woman's heart to save Victurnien). 'Do you want to kill Mlle Armande, for she would not survive the dishonour of the house for a week? Do you wish to be the death of

poor Chesnel, your old notary? For I shall kill the Count in prison before they shall bring the charge against him, and take my own life afterwards, before they shall try me for murder in an Assize Court.

'That is enough! that is enough, my friend? would do anything to put a stop to such ao affair; hut I never koew M. du Crossier's real character until a few mioutes ago. To you I can make the admission there is oothing to be door 1

But what if there is?

I would give half the blood in my veins that it were so,' said she, finishing her sentence by a wistful shake of the head

As the First Consul, beaten on the field of Marengo till five o clock in the evening, by six o'clock saw the tide of battle turned by Desaix's desperate attack and Kellermann's terrific charge, so Chesnel in the midst of defeat saw the beginnings of victory. No one but a Chesnel, an old notary, an ex steward of the manor, old Mattre Sorbier's junior clerk, in the audden flash of lucidity which comes with despair, could rise thus, high as a Napoleon, nay, higher This was not Marengo, It was Waterloo, and the Prussians had come up; Chesnel saw this, and was determined to beat them off the field

'Madame, he said, 'remember that I have been your man of business for twenty years; remember that if the d Esgrignons mean the honour of the province, you represent the honour of the bourgeoisie; it rests with you, and you alone, to save the ancient house. Now, answer me are you going to allow dis-hooour to fall on the shade of your dead uncle, oo the d Eigrignons, on poor Chesnel! Do you want to kill Mlle. Armande weeping yonder? Or do you wish to expirate wrongs done to others by a deed which will rejoice your ancestors, the intendants of the dukes of Alencon, and bring comfort to the soul of our dear

Abbé. If he could rise from his grave, he would command you to do this thing that I beg of you upon my

'What is it?' asked Mme. du Croisier.

'Well Here are the hundred thousand crowns,' said Chesnel, drawing the bundles of notes from his pocket 'Take them, and there will be an end of it.

'If that is all,' she began, 'and if no harm can come

of it to my husband

'Nothing but good,' Chesnel replied 'You are saving him from eternal punishment in hell, at the cost of a slight disappointment here below.

'He will not be compromised, will he?' she asked,

looking into Chesnel's face

Then Chesnel read the depths of the poor wife's mind Mme du Croisier was hesitating between her two creeds, between wifely obedience to her husband as laid down by the Church, and obedience to the altar and the throne Her husband, in her eyes, was acting wrongly, but she dared not blame him, she would fain save the d'Esgrignons, but she was loyal to her husband's interests

'Not in the least,' Chesnel answered, 'your old notary swears it by the Holy Gospels'

He had nothing left to lose for the d'Esgrignons but his soul, he risked it now by this horrible perjury, but Mme du Croisier must be deceived, there was no other choice but death Without losing a moment, he dictated a form of receipt by which Mme du Croisier acknowledged payment of a hundred thousand crowns five days before the fatal letter of exchange appeared, for he recollected that du Croisier was away from home, superintending improvements on his wife's property at the time.

'Now swear to me that you will declare before the examining magistrate that you received the money on

that date,' he said, when Mme du Croisier had taken the notes and he held the receipt in his hand.

'It will be a he, will it not?'

Venual sun, said Chesnel

'I could not do it without consulting my director,

M. I Abbe Couturier '

'Very well, said Chesnel, 'will you be guided entirely by his advice in this affair?'

'I promise that,

'And you must not give the money to M du Croisier until you have been hefore the magistrate.

'No Ah! God givo me strength to appear in a

Court of Justice and maintain a he before men!

Chesnel kissed Mme. du Croisier a hand, then stood upright, and majestic as one of the prophets that Rafael

painted in the Vatican

'Your uncle's soul is thrilled with joy, he said; 'you have wiped out for ever the wrong that you dld by marrying an enemy of altur and throne—words that made a lively impression on Mme du Croisier's timorous mind.

Then Chesnel all at once bethought himself that he must make sure of the lady's director, the Abbé du Croisier. He knew how obstinately devout souls can work for the triumph of their views when once they come forward for their side, and wished to secure the concurrence of the Church as early as possible. So he went to the Hoteld Esgrignon, roused up Mile Armande, gave her an account of that night's work, and sped her to fetch the Bishop himself into the forefront of the battle.

'Ah, God in heaven! Thou must save the house of degrigation! he exclaimed, as he went slowly home again. 'The affair is developing now into a fight in a Court of Law. We are face to face with men that have passions and interests of their own we can get any thing out of them. This du Croisier has taken advan

tage of the public prosecutor's absence, the public prosecutor is devoted to us, but since the opening of the Chambers he has gone to Paris. Now, what can they have done to get round his deputy? They have induced him to take up the charge without consulting his chief. This mystery must be looked into, and the ground surveyed to-morrow, and then, perhaps, when I have unravelled this web of theirs, I will go back to Paris to set great powers at work through Mme de Maufrigneuse.'

So he reasoned, poor, aged, clear-sighted wrestler, before he lay down half dead with bearing the weight of so much emotion and fatigue And yet, before he fell asleep he ran a searching eye over the list of magistrates, taking all their secret ambitions into account, casting about for ways of influencing them, calculating his chances in the coming struggle. Chesnel's prolonged scrutiny of consciences, given in a condensed form, will perhaps serve as a picture of the judicial world in a country town

Magistrates and officials generally are obliged to begin their career in the provinces, judicial ambition there ferments At the outset every man looks towards Paris, they all aspire to shine in the vast theatre where great political causes come before the courts, and the higher branches of the legal profession are closely connected with the palpitating interests of society But few are called to that paradise of the man of law, and nine-tenths of the profession are bound sooner or later to regard themselves as shelved for good in the provinces Wherefore, every Tribunal of First Instance and every Court-Royal is sharply divided in two The first section has given up hope, and is either torpid or content, content with the excessive respect paid to office in a country town, or torpid with tranquillity. The second section is made up of the younger sort, in whom the desire of success is untempered as yet by disappointment, and of the really elever men urged on continually by ambition as with a goad—and these two are possessed

with a sort of fanatical belief in their order

At this time the younger men were full of Royalist zeal against the enemies of the Bourbons. The most insignificant deputy official was dreaming of conducting a prosecution and praying with all his might for one of thos; political cases which bring a man's zeal into prominence, draw the attention of the higher powers, and mean advancement for kings men. Was there a member of any official staff of prosecuting counsel who could hear of a Bonapartist conspiracy breaking out somewhere else without a feeling of envy? Where was the man that did not hurn to discover a Caron, or a Berton, or a revolt of some sore? With reasons of State and the necessity of diffusing the monarchical spirit throughout France as their basis, and a ficree ambition stirred up whenever party spirit ran high, these ardent politicians on their promotion were lucid, clear sighted, and perspicacious. They kept up a vigorous detective system throughout the kingdom; they did the work of spies, and urged the nation along a path of obedience, from which it had no business to swerve

Justice, thus informed with monarchical enthusiasm, atoned for the errors of the ancient parliaments, and walked, perhaps, too osteniatiously hand in hand with religion. There was more zeal than discretion shown; hit justice sinned not so much in the direction of machiavellism as by giving too candid expression to its views, when those views appeared to be opposed to the general interests of a country which must be put safely out of reach of revolutions. But taken as a whole, there was still too much of the bourgeols element in the administration; it was too readily moved by petty Liberal agitation; and as a result, it was inevitable that it should incline sooner or later to the Constitutional party, and join ranks with the bourgeoise to the

day of battle In the great body of legal functionaries, as in other departments of the administration, where was not wanting a certain hypocrisy, or rather that spirit of imitation which always leads France to model herself on the Court, and, quite unintentionally, to deceive the powers that be

Officials of both complexions were to be found in the court in which young d'Esgrignon's fate depended. M le Président du Ronceret and an elderly judge, Blondet by name, represented the section of functionaries skelved for good, and resigned to stay where they were, while the young and ambitious party comprised the examining magistrate M Camusot, and his deputy M. Michu, appointed through the interest of the Cinq-Cygnes, and certain of promotion to the Court of Appeal of Paris at the first opportunity.

President du Ronceret held a permanent post; it was impossible to turn him out. The aristocratic party declined to give him what he considered to be his due, socially speaking, so he declared for the bourgeoisie, glossed over his disappointment with the name of independence, and failed to realise that his opinions condemned him to remain a president of a court of first instance for the rest of his life. Once started on this track, the sequence of events led du Ronceret to place his hopes of advancement on the triumph of du Croisier and the Left. He was in no better odour at the Prefecture than at the Court-Royal He was compelled to keep on good terms with the authorities, the Liberals distrusted him, consequently he belonged to neither party. He was obliged to resign his chances of election to du Croisier, he exercised no influence, and played a secondary part. The false position reacted on his character, he was soured and discontented, he was tired of political ambiguity, and privately had made up his mind to come forward openly as leader of the Liberal party, and so to strike ahead of du Croisier. His behaviour in the d'Esgrignoo affair was the first step in this direction. To begin with, he was an admirable representative of that section of the middle classes which allows its petty passions to obscure the wider interests of the country; a class of crotchery politicians, upholding the government ooe day and opposing it the oext, compromising every raise and helping oone; helpless after they have done the mischief till they set about hrewing more; unwilling to face their own incompetence, thwarting authority while professing to serve it. With a compound of arrogance and humility they demand of the people more submission than kings expect, and fret their souls because those above them are not brought down to their level, as if greatness could be little, as if power existed without force

President du Ronceret was a tall, spare man with a receding forehead and scanty, auhurn hair He was wall-eyed, his complexion was blotched, his lips thin and hard, his scarcely audible voice came out like the husky wheezings of asthma. He had for a write a great, solemn, clumsy creature, tricked out in the most ridiculous fashion, and outrageously overdressed la Présidente gave herself the alrs of a queen; she wore vivid colours, and always appeared at balls adorned with the turban, dear to the British female, and lovingly cultivated 10 out-of the way districts 10 France Each of the pair had an income of four or five thousand francs, which, with the President's salary, reached a total of some twelve thousand In spite of a decided tendency to parsimony, vanity required that they should receive one evening in the week Du Cromer might import modern luxury into the town, M. and Mme. du Ronceret were furthful to the old traditions always lived in the old fashioned house belonging to Mme. du Ronceret and had made no changes in it sioce their marriage. The house stood between a garden and a courtyard The grey old gable end, with one window in each story, gave upon the road. High walls enclosed the garden and the yard, but the space taken up beneath them in the garden by a walk shaded with chestnut trees was filled in the yard by a row of outbuildings. An old rust-devoured iron gate in the garden wall balanced the yard gateway, a huge, double-leaved carriage entrance with a buttress on either side, and a mighty shell on the top. The same shell was repeated over the house-door

The whole place was gloomy, close, and airless. The row of iron-grated openings in the opposite wall, as you entered, reminded you of prison windows Every passer-by could look in through the railings to see how the garden grew, the flowers in the little square borders never seemed to thrive there

The drawing-room on the ground floor was lighted by a single window on the side of the street, and a French window above a flight of steps, which gave upon the garden. The dining-room on the other side of the great ante-chamber, with its windows also looking out into the garden, was exactly the same size as the drawing-room, and all three apartments were in harmony with the general air of gloom. It wearied your eyes to look at the ceilings all divided up by huge painted cross-beams and adorned with a feeble lozenge pattern or a rosette in the middle The paint was old, startling in tint, and begrimed with smoke. The sun had faded the heavy silk curtains in the drawing-room, the oldfashioned Beauvais tapestry which covered the whitepainted furniture had lost all its colour with wear. A Louis Quinze clock on the chimney-piece stood between two extravagant, branched sconces filled with yellow wax candles, which the Présidente only lighted on occasions when the old-fashioned rock-crystal chandelier emerged from its green wrapper Three card-tables, covered with threadbare baize, and a backgammon box, sufficed for the recreations of the company, and Mme.

du Ronceret treated them to such refreshments as cider, chestnuts, pastry puffs, glasses of can sucrée, and home-made orgent. For some time past she had made a practice of giving a party once a fortnight, when tea and some pitiable attempts at pastry appeared to grace the occasion

Once a quarter the du Roncerets gave a grand threecourse dinner, which made a great sensation in the town, a dinner served up in execrable ware, but prepared with the science for which the provincial cook is remark able. It was a Gargantuan repast, which lasted for six whole hours, and hy abundance the President tried to

vie with du Crouser's elegance

And so du Ronceret's life and its accessories were just what might have been expected from his character and his false position. He felt dissatisfied at home without precisely knowing what was the matter but he dared oot go to any expense to change existing conditions, and was only too glad to put by seven or eight thousand francs every year, so as to leave his son Fabien a hand some private fortune Fahien du Rooceret had no miod for the magistracy, the bar, or the civil service, and his pronounced turn for doing nothing drove his parent to despur

On this head there was rivalry between the President and the Vice-president, old M Blondet M Blondet, for a long time past, had been sedulously cultivating an acquaintance hetween his son and the Blandureau family The Blandureaus were well to-do linen manufacturers, with an only daughter, and it was on this daughter that the President had fixed his choice of a wife for Fabien Now, Joseph Blondet s marriage with Mile. Blandureau depended on his nomination to the post which his father, old Blondet, hoped to obtain for him when he himself should retire But President du Ronceret, in underhand ways, was thwarting the old man's plans, and working indirectly upon the Blandureaus. Indeed,

if it had not been for this affair of young d'Esgrignon's, the astute President might have cut them out, father

and son, for their rivals were very much richer.

M Blondet, the victim of the machiavellian President's intrigues, was one of the curious figures which lie buried away in the provinces like old coins in a crypt He was at that time a man of sixty-seven or thereabouts, but he carried his years well, he was very tall, and in build reminded you of the canons of the good old trans. The smallpox had riddled his face with numberless dints, and spoilt the shape of his nose by imparting to it a gimlet-like twist, it was a countenance by no means lacking in character, very evenly tinted with a diffused red, lighted up by a pair of bright little eyes, with a sardonic look in them, while a certain sarcastic twitch of the purpled lips gave expression to that feature

Before the Revolution broke out, Blondet senior had been a barrister, afterwards he became the public accuser, and one of the mildest of those formidable functionaries Goodman Blondet, as they used to call him, deadened the force of the new doctrines by acquiescing in them all, and putting none of them in practice. He had been obliged to send one or two nobles to prison, but his further proceedings were marked with such deliberation, that he brought them through to the 9th Thermidor with a dexterity which won respect for him on all sides As a matter of fact, Goodman Blondet ought to have been President of the Tribunal, but when the courts of law were reorganised he had been set aside, Napoleon's aversion from Republicans was apt to reappear in the smallest appointments under his government The qualification of ex-public accuser, written in the margin of the list against Blondet's name, set the Emperor inquiring of Cambacérès whether there might not be some scion of an ancient parliamentary stock to appoint instead. The

consequence was that du Ronceret, whose father had been a gouocillor of parliament, was nomicated to the presidency; but, the Emperor's repugnance notwith standing, Cambaceres allowed Blondet to remain on the bench, saying that the old barnster was one of the best

jurisconsults io France.

Bloodet's talents, his knowledge of the old law of the land and subsequent legislation, should by rights have brought him far in his profession; but he had this much in commoo with some few great spirits he entertained a prodigious contempt for his own special knowledge, and reserved all his pretentions, leisure, and capacity for a second pursuit unconnected with the law pursuit he gave his almost exclusive attention. The good man was passionately fond of gardening. He was in correspondence with some of the most celebrated amateurs it was his amhition to create new species; he took an interest in botanical discovenes, and lived, in short, in the world of flowers. Like all florists, he had a predilection for one particular plant the pelargonium was his especial favourite. The court, the cases that came before it, and his outward life were as nothing to him compared with the inward life of fancies and ahundant emotions which the old man led. He fell more and more in love with his flower seraglio and the pains which he hestowed on his garden, the sweet round of the labours of the months, held Goodman Blondet fast in his green house. But for that hobby he would have been a deputy under the Empire, and shooe conspicuous beyond a doubt in the Corps Legislatif

His marriage was the second cause of his obscurity.

As a man of forty, he was rash enough to marry a girl of eighteen, by whom he had a son named Joseph in the first year of their marriage. Three years afterwards Mme. Blondet, then the prettiest wom n in the town, inspired in the prefect of the department a passion which ended only with her death. The prefect was the father

of her second son Émile, the whole town knew this, old Blondet himself knew it The wife who might have roused her husband's ambition, who might have won him away from his flowers, positively encouraged the judge in his botanical tastes. She no more cared to leave the place than the prefect cared to leave his prefecture so long as his mistress lived

Blondet felt himself unequal at his age to a contest with a young wife. He sought consolation in his greenhouse, and engaged a very pretty servant-maid to assist him to tend his ever-changing beyy of beauties. So while the judge potted, pricked out, watered, layered, slipped, blended, and induced his flowers to break, Mme Blondet spent his substance on the dress and finery in which she shone at the prefecture. One interest alone had power to draw her away from the tender care of a romantic affection which the town came to admire in the end, and this interest was Émile's education The child of love was a bright and pretty boy, while Joseph was no less heavy and plain-featured The old judge, blinded by paternal affection, loved Joseph as his wife loved Emile

For a dozen years M Blondet bore his lot with perfect resignation He shut his eyes to his wife's intrigue with a dignified, well-bred composure, quite in the style of an eighteenth century grand seigneur, but, like all men with a taste for a quiet life, he could cherish a profound dislike, and he hated his younger son. When his wife died, therefore, in 1818, he turned the intruder out of the house, and packed him off to Paris to study law on an allowance of twelve hundred francs for all resource, nor could any, cry of distress extract another penny from his purse. Emile Blondet would have gone under if it had not been for his real father

M Blondet's house was one of the prettiest in the town It stood almost opposite the prefecture, with a neat little court in front. A row of old-fashioned iron

railings between two brickwork piers enclosed it from the strest; and a low wall, also of brick, with a second row of railings along the top, connected the piers with the neighbouring house. The little court, a space about ten fathoms in width by twenty in length, was cut in two by a brick pathway which ran from the gate to the house door between a border on either side. Those borders were always renewed; at every season of the year they exhibited a successful show of blossom, to the admission of the public. All along the back of the garden beds a quantity of climbling plants grew up and covered the walls of the neighbouring houses with a magnificent mantle the brickwork piers were hidden in clusters of honeysuckle; and, to crown all, in a couple of terra-cotta vases at the summit, a pair of acclimatised exetuses displayed to the astonished eyes of the ignorant those thick leaves bristling with spiny defences which seem to be due to some plant disease

It was a plain-looking house, built of brick, with brickwork arches above the windows, and bright green Venetran shutters to make it gay. Through the glass door you could look straight across the house to the opposite glass door, at the end of a long passage, and down the central alley in the garden beyond; while through the windows of the dining room and drawing room, which extended, like the passage, from back to front of the house, you could often eatch further glimpses of the flower beds in a garden of about two acres in extent. Seen from the road, the brickwork harmonised with the fresh flowers and shrubs, for two centuries had overlaid it with mosses and green and russet tints. No one could pass through the town without falling in love with a house with such charming surroundings, so covered with flowers and mosses to the roof ridge, where two pigeons of glazed crockery ware were perched by way of ornament.

M. Blondet posses an income of about four thousand

livres derived from land, besides the old house in the

town. He meant to avenge his wrongs legitimately enough. He would leave his house, his lands, his seat on the bench to his son Joseph, and the whole town knew what he meant to do He had made a will in that son's favour, he had gone as far as the Code will permit a man to go in the way of disinheriting one child to benefit another, and what was more, he had been putting by money for the past fifteen years to enable his lout of a son to buy back from Emile that portion of his father's estate which could not legally be taken away from him.

Émile Blondet thus turned adrift had contrived to gain distinction in Paris, but so far it was rather a name than a practical result Emile's indolence, recklessness, and happy-go-lucky ways drove his real father to despair, and when that father died, a half-ruined man, turned out of office by one of the political reactions so frequent under the Restoration, it was with a mind uneasy as to the future of a man endowed with the most brilliant

qualities

Émile Blondet found support in a friendship with a Mlle. de Troisville, whom he had known before her marriage with the Comte de Montcornet His mother was living when the Troisvilles came back after the emigration, she was related to the family, distantly it is true, but the connection was close enough to allow her to introduce Emile to the house She, poor woman, foresaw the future She knew that when she died her son would lose both mother and father, a thought which made death doubly bitter, so she tried to interest others in him She encouraged the liking that sprang up between Emile and the eldest daughter of the house of Troisville, but while the liking was exceedingly strong on the young lady's part, a marriage was out of the question It was a romance on the pattern of Paul et Virginie Mme Blondet did what she could to teach her son to look to the Troisvilles, to found a lasting

attachment on a children's game of 'make believe' love, which was bound to end as boy and-girl romances usually do. When Mile de Troisville's marriage with General Montcornet was announced, Mme, Blondet, a dying woman, went to the hride and solemnly implored her never to abandon Emile, and to use her influence for him in society in Paris, whither the Geogral's fortune

summoned her to shine.

Luckily for Émile, he was able to make his own way He made his appearance, at the age of twenty as one of the masters of modern literature; and met with no less success in the society into which he was launched by the father who at first could afford to bear the expense of the young man's extravagance Perhaps Emiles pre cocious celebrity and the good figure that he made strengthened the bonds of his friendship with the Perhaps Mme. de Montcornet, with the Russian blood in her veins (her mother was the daughter of the Priocess Scherbelloff), might have east off the friend of her childhood if he had been a poor man struggling with all his might among the difficulties which beset a man of letters in Paris; but by the time that the real strain of Emile's adventurous life began, their attachment was unalterable oo either side was looked upon as one of the leading lights of journalism when young d Esgrignon met him at his first supper party in Parts; his acknowledged position to the world of letters was very high, and he towered above his reputation Goodman Blondet had not the funtest conception of the power which the Constitu tional Government had given to the press; nobody ventured to talk in his presence of the son of whom he refused to hear. And so it came to pass that he knew nothing of Fmile whom he had cursed and Emiles greatness,

Old Blandet s integrity was as deeply rooted in him as his passion for flowers; he knew nothing but law and botany. He would have interviews with litigants, listen to them, chat with them, and show them his flowers, he would accept rare seeds from them; but once on the bench, no judge on earth was more impartial. Indeed, his manner of proceeding was so well known, that litigants never went near him except to hand over some document which might enlighten him in the performance of his duty, and nobody tried to throw dust in his eyes. With his learning, his lights, and his way of holding his real talents cheap, he was so indispensable to President du Ronceret, that, matrimonial schemes apart, that functionary would have done all that he could, in an underhand way, to prevent the vice-president from retiring in favour of his son. If the learned old man left the bench, the President would be utterly unable to do without him.

Goodman Blondet did not know that it was in Émile's power to fulfil all his wishes in a few hours. The simplicity of his life was worthy of one of Plutarch's In the evening he looked over his cases, next morning he worked among his flowers; and all day long he gave decisions on the bench. The pretty maidservant, now of ripe age, and wrinkled like an Easter pippin, looked after the house, and they lived according to the established customs of the strictest parsimony Mlle. Cadot always carried the keys of her cupboards and fruit-loft about with her She was indefatigable. She went to market herself, she cooked and dusted and swept, and never missed mass of a morning. To give some idea of the domestic life of the household, it will be enough to remark that the father and son never ate fruit till it was beginning to spoil, because Mlle Cadot always brought out anything that would not keep one in the house ever tasted the luxury of new bread, and all the fast days in the calendar were punctually observed The gardener was put on rations like a soldier, the elderly Valideh always kept an eye upon

And she, for her part, was so deferentially treated, that she took her meals with the family, and in conse quence was continually trotting to and fro between the kitchen and the parlour at breakfast and dinner time.

Mile. Blandureau's parents had consented to her marriage with Joseph Blondet upon one condition-the penniless and briefless harrister must be an assistant judge. So, with the desire of fitting his son to fill the position, old M Blondet racked his brains to hammer the law into his son s head by dint of lessons, so as to make a cut and dried lawyer of him As for Blondet junior, he spent almost every evening at the Blandureaus house, to which also young Fahien du Ronceret had been admitted since his return, without raising the slightest suspicion in the minds of father or son

Everything in this life of theirs was measured with an accuracy worthy of Gerard Dow . Money Changer : not a grain of salt too much, not a single profit for gone but the economical principles by which it was regulated were relaxed in favour of the greenhouse and garden 'The garden was the master's craze, Mile, Cadot used to say The master's hind fondness for Joseph was not a craze in her eyes; she shared the father's predilection; she pampered Joseph she darned his stock ings; and would have been better pleased if the money spent on the garden had been put by for Joseph's benefit.

That garden was kept in marvellous order by a single man; the paths, covered with river sand, continually turned over with the rake, meandered among the borders full of the rarest flowers. Here were all kinds of colour and scent, here were lizards on the walls, legions of little flower pots standing out in the sun, regiments of forks and hoes, and a host of innocent things, a combination of pleas nt results to justify the gardener's charming hobby

At the end of the greenhouse the judge had set up a

grand stand, an amphitheatre of benches to hold some five or six thousand pelargoniums in pots a splendid and famous show People came to see his geraniums in flower, not only from the neighbourhood, but even from the departments round about. The Empress Marie Louise, passing through the town, had honoured the curiously kept greenhouse with a visit, so much was she impressed with the sight, that she spoke of it to Napoleon, and the old judge received the Cross of the Legion of Honour. But as the learned gardener never mingled in society at all, and went nowhere except to the Blandureaus, he had no suspicion of the President's underhand manœuvres, and others who could see the President's intentions were far too much afraid of him to interfere or to warn the inoffensive Blondets.

As for Michu, that young man with his powerful connections gave much more thought to making himself agreeable to the women in the upper social circles to which he was introduced by the Cinq-Cygnes, than to the extremely simple business of a provincial Tribunal. With his independent means (he had an income of twelve thousand livres), he was courted by mothers of daughters, and led a frivolous life He did just enough at the Tribunal to satisfy his conscience, much as a schoolboy does his exercises, saying ditto on all occasions, with a 'Yes, dear President' But underneath the appearance of indifference lurked the unusual powers of the Paris law student who had distinguished himself as one of the staff of prosecuting counsel before he came to the provinces He was accustomed to taking broad views of things, he could do rapidly what the President and Blondet could only do after much thinking, and very often solved knotty points for them In delicate conjunctures the President and Vice-President took counsel with their junior, confided thorny questions to him, and never failed to wonder at the readiness with which he brought back a task in which old Blondet found nothing

to criticise. Michu was sure of the influence of the most crabbed aristocrats, and he was young and rich; he lived, therefore, above the level of departmental intrigues and pettinesses. He was an indispensable man at picnics, he frisked with young ladies and paid court to their mothers, he danced at balls, he gambled like a capitalist. In short, he played his part of young lawyer of fashion to dmiration without, at the same time, compromising his dignity, which he knew how to assert, at the right moment like a man of spirit. He won golden opinions by the manner in which he threw himself into provincial ways, without criticising them and for these reasons, every one endeavoured to make his time of exile endurable.

The public prosecutor was a lawver of the highest ability; he had taken the plunge into political life, and was one of the most distinguished speakers on the ministerialist benches. The President stood in awe of him; if he had not been away in Paris at the time, no steps would have been t ken against Victurnien his dextenty, his experience of business, would have prevented the whole affair At that moment, however, he was in the Chamber of Deputies, and the President and du Croisier had taken advantage of his absence to weave their plot, calculating with a certain ingenuity that if once the law stepped in, and the matter was noised abroad, things would have gone too far to be remedied.

As a matter of fact, no staff of prosecuting counsel in any Tribunal, at that particular time, would have taken up a charge of forgery against the eldest son of one of the noblest houses in France without going into the case at great length, and a special reference, in all probability, to the Attorney General In such a case as this, the authorities and the Government would have tried endless ways of compromising and husbing up an affair which might send an imprudent young man to the hulks. They would very likely have done the same for

a Liberal family in a prominent position, so long as the Liberals were not too openly hostile to the throne and the altar. So du Croisier's charge and the young Count's arrest had not been very easy to manage. The President and du Croisier had compassed their ends in the following manner.

M Sauvager, a young Royalist barrister, had reached the position of deputy public prosecutor by dint of subservience to the Ministry. In the absence of his chief he was head of the staff of counsel for prosecution, and, consequently, it fell to him to take up the charge made by du Croisier. Sauvager was a self-made man, he had nothing but his stipend, and for that reason the authorities reckoned upon some one who had everything to gain by devotion. The President now exploited the position. No sooner was the document with the alleged forgery in du Croisier's hands, than Mme la Présidente du Ronceret, prompted by her spouse, had a long conversation with M Sauvager. In the course of it she pointed out the uncertainties of a career in the magistrature debout compared with the magistrature assise, and the advantages of the bench over the bar, she showed how a freak on the part of some official, or a single false step, might ruin a man's career.

'If you are conscientious and give your conclusions against the powers that be, you are lost,' continued she 'Now, at this moment, you might turn your position to account to make a fine match that would put you above unlucky chances for the rest of your life, you may marry a wife with fortune sufficient to land you on the bench, in the magistrature assise. There is a fine chance for you M du Croisier will never have any children, everybody knows why His money, and his wife's as well, will go to his niece, Mlle Duval. M Duval is an iron-master, his purse is tolerably filled, to begin with, and his father is still alive, and has a little property besides The father and son have a million of francs between them,

they will double it with du Croisier's help, for du Croisier has business connections among great capitalists and manufacturers in Paris. M and Mme Duval the younger would be certain to give their daughter to a suitor brought forward by du Croisier, for he is sure to leave two fortunes to his niece and, in all probability, he will settle the reversion of his wife's property upon Mile Duval in the marriage-contract, for Mme du Crosser has no kin. You know how du Crosser hates the d. Esgrignons. Do him a service, be his man, take up this charge of forgery which he is going to make against young d'Esgrignon, and follow up the proceed ings at once without consulting the public prosecutor at Paris. And, then, pray Heaven that the Ministry dis misses you for doing your office impartially, in spite of the powers that be; for if they do, your fortune is made! You will have a charming wife and thirty thousand france a year with her, to say nothing of four millions of expectations in ten years time.

In two evenings Sauvager was talked over Both he and the President kept the affair a secret from old Blondet, from Michu, and from the second member of the staff of prosecuting counsel. Feeling sure of Blonder's impartiality on a question of fact, the President made certain of a majority without counting Camusot And now Camusor's unexpected defection had thrown everything out. What the President wanted was a committal for trul before the public prosecutor got warning How if Camusot or the second counsel for

the prosecution should send word to Paris?

And here some portion of Camusot's private history may perhaps explain how it came to pass that Chesnel took it for granted that the examining magistrate would be on the d'Esgrignons side, and how he had the bold oess to tamper in the open street with that representative of justice.

Camusot's father, a well known silk mercer in the

Rue des Bourdonnais, was ambitious for the only son of his first marriage, and brought him up to the law. When Camusot junior took a wife, he gained with her the influence of an usher of the Royal cabinet, backstairs influence, it is true, but still sufficient, since it had brought him his first appointment as justice of the peace, and the second as examining magistrate. At the time of his marriage, his father only settled an income of six thousand francs upon him (the amount of his mother's fortune, which he could legally claim), and as Mlle. Thirion brought him no more than twenty thousand francs as her portion, the young couple knew the hardships of hidden poverty. The salary of a provincial justice of the peace does not exceed fifteen hundred francs, while an examining magistrate's stipend is augmented by something like a thousand francs, because his position entails expenses and extra work. The post, therefore, is much coveted, though it is not permanent, and the work is heavy, and that was why Mme Camusot had just scolded her husband for allowing the President to read his thoughts

Marie Cécile Amélie Thirion, after three years of marriage, perceived the blessing of Heaven upon it in the regularity of two auspicious events the births of a girl and a boy, but she prayed to be less blessed in future A few more of such blessings would turn straitened means into distress M Camusot's father's money was not likely to come to them for a long time, and, rich as he was, he would scarcely leave more than eight or ten thousand francs a year to each of his children, four in number, for he had been married twice. And besides, by the time that all 'expectations,' as matchmakers call them, were realised, would not the magistrate have children of his own to settle in life? Any one can imagine the situation for a little woman with plenty of sense and determination, and Mme Camusot was such a woman She did not refrain from meddling in matters

judicial. She had far too strong a sense of the gravity

of a false step in her husband's career

She was the only child of an old servant of Louis XVIII, a valet who had followed his master in his wanderings in Italy, Courland, and England, till after the Restora tion the King rewarded him with the one place that he could fill at Court, and made him usher by rotation to the royal cabinet. So in Amelie's home there had been, as it were, a sort of reflection of the Court Thirpon used to tell her about the lords, and ministers, and great men whom he announced and introduced and saw passing to and fro. The girl, brought up at the gates of the Tuilcries, had caught some tincture of the maxims practised there, and adopted the dogma of passive obedience to authority She had sagely judged that her husband, by ranging himself on the side of the d Esgrignons, would find favour with Mme. In Duchesse de Maufrigneuse, and with two powerful families on whose influence with the King the Sieur Thirton could depend at an opportune moment Camu sot might get an appointment at the first opportunity within the jurisdiction of Paris, and afterwards at Paris itself. That promotion, dreamed of and longed for at every moment, was certain to have a salary of six thousand francs attached to it, as well as the allevia tion of living in her own father's house, or under the Camusots roof, and all the advantages of a father's fortune on either side If the adage, Out of sight is out of mind, holds good of most women, it is parti cularly true where family feeling or royal or ministerial patronage is concerned. The personal attendants of kings prosper at all times, you take an interest in a man, be it only a man in livery, if you see him every

Mme. Camusot, regarding herself as a bird of passage, had taken a little house in the Rue du Cygne. Furnished lodgings there were none; the town was not enough of a thoroughfare, and the Camusots could not afford to live at an inn like M. Michu. So the fair Parisian had no choice for it but to take such furniture as she could find, and as she paid a very moderate rent, the house was remarkably ugly, albeit a certain quaintness of detail was not wanting It was built against a neighbouring house in such a fashion that the side, with only one window in each story, gave upon the street, and the front looked out upon a yard where rose-bushes and buckthorn were growing along the wall on either side. On the farther side, opposite the house, stood a shed, a roof over two brick arches A little wicket-gate gave entrance into the gloomy place (made gloomier still by the great walnut tree which grew in the yard), and a double flight of steps, with an elaborately-wrought but rust-eaten handrail, led to the house door. Inside the house there were two rooms on each floor The dining-room occupied that part of the ground floor nearest the street, and the kitchen lay on the other side of a narrow passage almost wholly taken up by the wooden staircase. Of the two first floor rooms, one did duty as the magistrate's study, the other as a bedroom, while the nursery and the servants' bedroom stood above in the attics There were no ceilings in the house, the cross-beams were simply whitewashed and the spaces plastered over Both rooms on the first floor and the dining-room below were wainscoted and adorned with the labyrinthine designs which taxed the patience of the eighteenth century joiner, but the carving had been painted a dingy grey most depressing to behold.

The magistrate's study looked as though it belonged to a provincial lawyer, it contained a big bureau, a mahogany armchair, a law student's books, and shabby belongings transported from Paris. Mme Camusot's room was more of a native product; it boasted a blueand-white scheme of decoration, a carpet, and that

anomalous kind of furniture which appears to be in the fashion, while it is simply some style that has failed in Paris. As to the dining room, it was nothing but an ordinary provincial dining room, bare and chilly, with a

damp, faded paper on the walls.

In this shahhy room, with nothing to see hut the walnut tree, the dark leaves growing against the walls, and the almost deserted road beyond them, a somewhat lively and frivolous woman, accustomed to the amuse ments and sur of Paris, used to sit all day long, day after day, and for the most part of the time alone, though she received tiresome and mane visits which led her to think her loneliness preferable to empty tittle tattle. If she permitted herself the slightest gleam of intelligence, it gave rise to interminable comment and embittered her condition. She occupied herself a good deal with her children, not so much from taste as for the sake of an interest in her almost solitary life, and exercised her mind on the only subjects which she could find; to wit, the intrigues which went on around her, the ways of provincials, and the ambitions shut in by their narrow horizons. So she very soon fathomed mysteries of which her husband had no idea As she sat at her window with a piece of intermittent em hroidery work in her fingers, she did not see her wood shed full of faggots nor the servant husy at the wash tub she was looking out upon Paris, Paris where every thing is pleasure, everything is full of life She dreamed of Paris gaieties, and shed tears because she must ahide in this dull prison of a country town She was disconsolate hecause she lived in a peaceful district, where no conspiracy, no great affair would ever occur. She saw herself doomed to sit under the shadow of the walnut tree for some time to come

Mme Camusot was a little, plump, fresh, fair haired woman with a very prominent forehead, a mouth which receded, and a turned up chin, a type of countenance which is passable in youth, but looks old before the time. Her bright, quick eyes expressed her innocent desire to get on in the world, and the envy born of her present inferior position, with rather too much candour, but still they lighted up her commonplace face and set it off with a certain energy of feeling, which success was certain to extinguish in later life. At that time she used to give a good deal of time and thought to her dresses inventing trimmings and embroidering them, she planned out her costumes with the maid whom she had brought with her from Paris, and so maintained the reputation of Parisiennes in the provinces Her caustic tongue was dreaded, she was not beloved. In that keen, investigating spirit peculiar to unoccupied women who are driven to find some occupation for empty days, she had pondered the President's private opinions, until at length she discovered what he meant to do, and for some time past she had advised Camusot to declare war. The young Count's affair was an excellent opportunity. Was it not obviously Camusot's part to make a stepping-stone of this criminal case by favouring the d'Esgrignons, a family with power of a very different kind from the power of the du Croisier party?

'Sauvager will never marry Mlle. Duval They are dangling her before him, but he will be the dupe of those Machiavels in the Val-Noble to whom he is going to sacrifice his position Camusot, this affair, so unfortunate as it is for the d'Esgrignons, so insidiously brought on by the President for du Croisier's benefit, will turn out well for nobody but you,' she had

said, as they went in

The shrewd Parisienne had likewise guessed the President's underhand manœuvres with the Blandureaus, and his object in baffling old Blondet's efforts, but she saw nothing to be gained by opening the eyes of father or son to the perils of the situation, she was enjoying the beginning of the comedy, she knew about

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the proposals made by Chesnel's successor on behalf of Fabien du Ronceret, but she did not suspect how important that secret might be to her. If she or her husband were threatened by the President, Mime. Camusot could threaten too, in her turn to call the amateur gardener's attention to a scheme for carrying off the flower which he meant to transplant into his home.

Chesnel had not penetrated, like Vime. Camusot, into the means by which Sauvager had been won over hut hy dint of looking into the various lives and interests of the men grouped about the Lilies of the Trihunal, he knew that he could count upon the public prosecutor, upon Camusot, and M Michu. Two judges for the d'Esgrignons would paralyse the rest And, finally, Chesnel knew old Blondet well enough to feel sure that if he ever swerved from impartiality, it would be for the sake of the work of his whole lifetime,-to secure his son s appointment. So Chesnel slept, full of confidence, on the resolve to go to M Bloodet and offer to realise his so long cherished hopes, while he opened his eyes to President du Ronceret's treachery Blondet won over, he would take a peremptory tooe with the examining magistrate, to whom he hoped to prove that if Victur nien was oot blameless, he had been merely imprudent; the whole thing should be shown in the light of a boy s thoughtless escapade.

But Chesnel slept ocither soundly nor for long Before dawn he was awakened by his housekeeper The most bewitching person in this history, the most adorable youth on the face of the globe, Mme. la Duchesse de Maufrigneuso herself, in man's attire, had dirven alone from Paris in a caleche, and was waiting to

see him.

'I have come to save him or to die with him, said she, addressing the notary, who thought that he was dreaming I have brought a hundred thousand francs, given me by His Majesty out of his private purse, to buy Victurnien's innocence, if his adversary can be bribed. If we fail utterly, I have brought poison to snatch him away before anything takes place, before even the indictment is drawn up But we shall not fail I have sent word to the public prosecutor, he is on the road behind me, he could not travel in my calèche, because he wished to take the instructions of the Keeper of the Seals.'

Chesnel rose to the occasion and played up to the Duchess, he wrapped himself in his dressing-gown, fell at her feet and kissed them, not without asking her

pardon for forgetting himself in his joy

We are saved ! 'cried he, and gave orders to Brigitte to see that Mme la Duchesse had all that she needed after travelling post all night He appealed to the fair Diane's spirit, by making her see that it was absolutely necessary that she should visit the examining magistrate before daylight, lest any one should discover the secret, or so much as imagine that the Duchesse de Maufrigneuse had come

'And have I not a passport in due form?' quoth she, displaying a sheet of paper, wherein she was described as M'le Vicomte Félix'de Vandenesse, Master of Requests, and His Majesty's private secretary. 'And do I not play my man's part well?' she added, running her fingers through her wig à la Titus, and twirling her riding

switch

'Oh! Mme la Duchesse, you are an angel!' cried Chesnel, with tears in his eyes. (She was destined always to be an angel, even in man's attire) 'Button up your greatcoat, mussle yourself up to the eyes in your travelling cloak, take my arm, and let us go as quickly as possible to Camusot's house before anybody can meet us 'Then am I going to see a man called Camusot?'

she asked

With a nose to match his name, 1 assented Chesnel

The old notary felt his heart dead within him, hut he thought it none the less necessary to humour the Duchess, to laugh when she laughed, and shed tears when she wept; groaning in spirit, all the same, over the feminine frivolity which could find matter for a jest while setting about a matter so serious What would he not have done to save the Count? While Chesnel dressed, Mme. de Maufrigneuse sipped the eup of coffee and cream which Brigitte brought her, and agreed with herself that provincial women cooks are superior to the Parman cheft, who despise the little details which make all the difference to an enicure. Thanks to Chesnel's taste for delicate fare, Brigitte was found prepared to set an excellent meal before the Duchess.

Chesnel and his charming companion set out for

M. and Mme. Camusot & house.

'Ah! so there is a Mme. Camusot? said the Duchess.

'Then the affair may be managed

And so much the more readily, because the lady is visibly tired enough of living among us provincials she comes from Paris, said Chesnel

Then we must have no secrets from her?

'You will judge how much to tell or to conceal, Chesnel replied humbly 'I am sure that she will be greatly flattered to be the Duchesse de Maufrigneuse s hostess; you will be obliged to stay in her house until nightfall, I expect, unless you find it inconvenient to геталь.

'Is this Mme. Camusot a good-looking woman? asked the Duchess, with a coxcomb s air

She is a bit of a queen in her own house. 'Then she is sure to meddle in court house affairs, returned the Duchess 'Nowhere but in France, my dear M Chesnel, do you see women so much wedded to their husbands that they are wedded to their husbands professions, work, or business as well England, and Germany, women make it a point of

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honour to leave men to fight their own battles, they shut their eyes to their husbands' work as perseveringly as our French citizens' wives do all that in them lies to understand the position of their joint-stock partnership, is not that what you call it in your legal language? Frenchwomen are so incredibly jealous in the conduct of their married life, that they insist on knowing everything, and that is how, in the least difficulty, you feel the wife's hand in the business, the Frenchwoman advises, guides, and warns her husband. And, truth to tell, the man is none the worse off. In England, if a married man is put in prison for debt for twenty-four hours, his wife will be jealous and make a scene when he comes back'

'Here we are, without meeting a soul on the way,' said Chesnel. 'You are the more sure of complete ascendency here, Mme. la Duchesse, since Mme. Camusot's father is one Thirion, usher of the royal cabinet'

'And the King never thought of that!' exclaimed the Duchess 'He thinks of nothing! Thirion introduced us, the Prince de Cadignan, M. de Vandenesse, and me! We shall have it all our own way in this house Settle everything with M Camusot while I talk to his wife'

The maid, who was washing and dressing the children, showed the visitors into the little fireless dining-room.

'Take that card to your mistress,' said the Duchess, lowering her voice for the woman's ear, 'nobody else is to see it. If you are discreet, child, you shall not lose by it'

At the sound of a woman's voice, and the sight of the handsome young man's face, the maid looked thunderstruck

'Wake M Camusot,' said Chesnel, 'and tell him that I am waiting to see him on important business,' and she departed upstairs forthwith.

A few minutes later Mme. Camusot, in her dressinggown, sprang downstairs and brought the handsome stranger into her room. She had pushed Camusot out of bed and into his study with all his clothes, hidding him dress himself at once and wait there. The trans formation scene had been brought about hy a hit of pasteboard with the words MADAME LA DUCHESSE DE MAUFRIGNAUSE engraved upon it. A daughter of the usher of the royal cahinet took in the whole situation at once.

'Well!' exclaimed the maid servant, left with Chesnel in the dining room, 'would not any one think that a thunderbolt had dropped in among us? The master is dressing in his study; you can go upstairs.

Not a word of all this mind, said Chesnel

Now that he was conscious of the support of a great lady who had the King s consent (hy word of mouth) to the measures about to be taken for rescuing the Comte d Esgrignon, he spoke with an air of authority, which served his cause much better with Camusor than the humility with which he would otherwise have approached

'Sir, said he, 'the words let fall last evening may have surprised you, but they are serious The house of d Esgrignon counts upon you for the proper conduct of investigations from which it must issue without 2 spot.

'I shall pass over anything in your remarks, sir, which must be offensive to me personally, and obnoxious to justice; for your position with regard to the d Esgri

gnons excuses you up to a certain point, but

'Pardon me, sir, if I interrupt you, said Chesnel I have just spoken aloud the things which your superiors are thinking and dare not avow; though what those things are any intelligent man can guess, and you are an intelligent man. - Grant that the young man had acted imprudently, can you suppose that the sight of a d Esgri guon dragged into an Assize Court can be gratifying to

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the King, the Court, or the Ministry? Is it to the interest of the kingdom, or of the country, that historic houses should fall? Is not the existence of a great aristocracy, consecrated by time, a guarantee of that Equality which is the catchword of the Opposition at this moment? Well and good, now not only has there not been the slightest imprudence, but we are innocent victims caught in a trap.

'I am curious to know how,' said the examining

magistrate.

'For the last two years, the Sieur du Croisier has regularly allowed M le Comte d'Esgrignon to draw upon him for very large sums,' said Chesnel 'We are going to produce drafts for more than a hundred thousand crowns, which he continually met, the amounts being remitted by me bear that well in mind either before or after the bills fell due M le Comte d'Esgrignon is in a position to produce a receipt for the sum paid by him, before this bill, this alleged forgery, was drawn Can you fail to see in that case that this charge is a piece of spite and party feeling? And a charge brought against the heir of a great house by one of the most dangerous enemies of the Throne and Altar, what is it but an odious slander? There has been no more forgery in this affair than there has been in my office Summon Mme du Croisier, who knows nothing as yet of the charge of forgery, she will declare to you that I brought the money and paid it over to her, so that in her husband's absence she might remit the amount for which he has not asked her Examine du Croisier on the point, he will tell you that he knows nothing of my payment to Mme du Croisier'

'You may make such assertions as these, sir, in M d'Esgrignon's salon, or in any other house where people know nothing of business, and they may be believed, but no examining magistrate, unless he is a drivelling idiot, can imagine that a woman like Mme du Croisier, so

submissive as she is to her husband, has a hundred thousand crowns lying in her deak at this moment, without saying a word to him; nor yet that an old notary would not have advised M du Croisier of the deposit on his return to town 1

The old notary, sir, had gone to Paris to put a stop to the young man's extravagance.

'I have not yet examined the Comte d'Esgrignon,' Camusot began; this answers will point out my dutv

'Is he in close custody?

'Sir,' said Cheanel, seeing danger ahead, 'the examina tion can be made in our interests or against them. But there are two courses open to you you can establish the fact on Mme, du Croisier's deposition that the amount was deposited with her hefore the hill was drawn; or you can examine the unfortuoate young man implicated in this affair, and he in his confusion may remember nothing and commit himself You will decide which is the more credible-a slip of memory on the part of a woman in her ignorance of business, or a forgery com mitted by a d Esgrignon

All this is beside the point, began Camusot 'the question is, whether M. le Comte d Esgrignon has or has not used the lower half of a letter addressed to him

hy du Croisier as a hill of exchange,

Eh l and so he might, a voice cried suddenly, as Mme. Camusot broke in, followed by the handsome stranger, 'so he might, when M. Chesnel had advanced the money to meet the hill

She leant over her husband

'You will have the first vacant appointment as assistant judge at Paris, you are serving the King himself in this affair; I have proof of it; you will not be forgotten, she said, lowering her voice for his ear This young man that you see here is the Duchesse de

Maufrigneuse, you must never have seen her, and do

all that you can for the young Count boldly.'
'Gentlemen,' said Camusot, 'even if the preliminary examination is conducted to prove the young Count's innocence, can I answer for the view the court may take? M Chesnel, and you also, my sweet, know what M. le Président wants.'

'Tut, tut, tut ' said Mme. Camusot, 'go yourself to M Michu this morning, and tell him that the Count has been arrested, you will be two against two in that case, I will be bound Michu comes from Paris, and you know that he is devoted to the noblesse blood cannot lie.'

At that very moment Mlle Cadot's voice was heard in the doorway. She had brought a note, and was waiting for an answer Camusot went out, and came back again to read the note aloud

'M le Vice-Président begs M Camusot to sit in audience to-day and for the next few days, so that there may be a quorum during M. le Président's absence.'

'Then there is an end of the preliminary examination!' cried Mme. Camusot 'Did I not tell you, dear, that they would play you some ugly trick? The President has gone off to slander you to the public prosecutor and the President of the Court-Royal You will be changed before you can make the examination Is that clear?

'You will stay, monsieur,' said the Duchess 'The

public prosecutor is coming, I hope, in time'

'When the public prosecutor arrives,' little Mme. Camusot said, with some heat, 'he must find all over Yes, my dear, yes,' she added, looking full at her amazed husband 'Ah old hypocrite of a President, you are setting your wits against us, you shall remember it! You have a mind to help us to a dish of your own making, you shall have two served up to you by your

humble servant Cecile Amélie Thirton !- Poor old Blondet! It is lucky for him that the President has taken this journey to turn us out for now that great oaf of a Joseph Blondet will marry Mile. Blandureau I will let Father Blonder have some seeds in return -As for you, Camusot, go to M Michu a, while Mme, la Duchesse and I will go to find old Blonder You must expect to hear it said all over the town to-morrow that I took a walk with a lover this morning

Mme Camusot took the Duchess s arm, and they went through the town by deserted streets to avoid any unpleasant adventure on the way to the old Vice-President s house. Chesnel meanwhile conferred with the young Count in prison; Camusot had arranged a stolen inter Cook maids, servants, and the other early risers of a country town, sceing Mme. Camusot and the Duchess raking their way through the back streets, took the young gentleman for an adorer from Paris That evening, as Cecile Amelie had said, the news of her behaviour was circulated about the town, and more than one scandalous rumour was occasioned thereby Mme Camusot and her supposed lover found old Blonder in his greenhouse He greeted his colleague s wife and her companion, and gave the charming young man a keen, uneasy glance.

'I have the honour to introduce one of my husband s cousins, said Mme. Camusot, bringing forward the Duchess 'he is one of the most distinguished horti culturists in Paris; and as he cannot spend more than the one day with us, on his way back from Brittany, and has heard of your flowers and plants, I have taken the

liberty of coming early

'Oh, the gentleman is a horticulturist, is he? said old Blonder.

The Duchess bowed

'This is my coffee plant, said Blondet, 'and here is a tea plant.

What can have taken M. le Président away from

home?' put in Mme Camusot 'I will wager that his absence concerns M Camusot'

'Exactly This, monsieur, is the queerest of all cactuses,' he continued, producing a flower-pot which appeared to contain a piece of mildewed rattan, 'it comes from Australia You are very young, sir, to be a horticulturist'

'Dear M. Blondet, never mind your flowers,' said Mme Camusot 'You are concerned, you and your hopes, and your son's marriage with Mlle Blandureau. You are duped by the President'

'Bah!' said old Blondet, with an incredulous air.

'Yes,' retorted she 'If you cultivated people a little more and your flowers a little less, you would know that the dowry and the hopes that you have sown, and watered, and tilled, and weeded are on the point of being gathered now by cunning hands'

'Madame!'

Oh, nobody in the town will have the courage to fly in the President's face and warn you I, however, do not belong to the town, and, thanks to this obliging young man, I shall soon be going back to Paris, so I can inform you that Chesnel's successor has made formal proposals for Mlle Claire Blandureau's hand on behalf of young du Ronceret, who is to have fifty thousand crowns from his parents. As for Fabien, he has made up his mind to receive a call to the bar, so as to gain an appointment as judge'

Old Blondet dropped the flower-pot which he had

brought out for the Duchess to see.

Oh, my cactus! Oh, my son! and Mlle Blandureau!. Look here! the cactus flower is broken

to pieces.'

No, Mme Camusot answered, laughing, 'everything can be put right. If you have a mind to see your son a judge in another month, we will tell you how you must set to work.'

'Step this way, sir, and you will see my pelargoniums, an enchanting sight while they are in flower. Then he added to Mine Camusot, 'Why did you speak of these matters while your cousin was present?'

'All depends upon him,' riposted Mme Camusot.
'Your son's appointment is lost for ever if you let fall a

word about this young man'

'Bah!'

'The young man is a flower

4 A h 1

'He is the Duchesse de Maufingneuse, sent here by His Majesty to save young d'Esgingnon, whom they arrested yesterday on a charge of forgery brought against him by du Croisier Mme la Duchesse has authority from the Keeper of the Seals; he will ratify any promises that she makes to us.

'My cactus is all right f exclaimed Blondet, peering

at his precious plant - Go on; I am listening

Take counsel with Camusot and Michu to hush up the affair as soon as possible, and your son will get the appointment. It will come in time enough to baffle du Ronceret's underhand dealings with the Blandureaus. Your son will be something better than assistant judge; he will have M Camusot's post within the year The public prosecutor will be here to-day M. Sauvager will be obliged to resign, I expect, after his conduct in this affair. At the court my husband will show you documents which completely exonerate the Count and prove that the forgery was a trap of du Croisier's own setting

Old Blondet went into the Olympie circus where his six thousand pelargoniums stood, and made his bow to

the Duchesse.

'Monsieur, sald he, 'if your wishes do not exceed the

law, this thing may be done.

'Monsieur,' returned the Duchess, 'send in your resignation to M Chesnel to-morrow, and I will

gather his best flowers for her

'Can you think of it? Give them to madame,' said the Duchess 'A young man would not have flowers about him when he had a pretty woman on his arm.

'Before you go down to the court,' added Mme Camusot, 'ask Chesnel's successor about those proposals that he made in the name of M. and Mme du Ronceret.'

Old Blondet, quite overcome by this revelation of the President's duplicity, stood planted on his feet by the wicket gate, looking after the two women as they hurried away through by-streets home again. The edifice raised so painfully during ten years for his beloved son was crumbling visibly before his eyes Was it possible? He suspected some trick, and hurried away to Chesnel's successor

At half-past nine, before the court was sitting, Vice-President Blondet, Camusot, and Michu met with remarkable punctuality in the council chamber Blondet locked the door with some precautions when Camusot

and Michu came in together.

'Well, Mr Vice-President,' began Michu, 'M Sauvager, without consulting the public prosecutor, has issued a warrant for the apprehension of one Comte d'Esgrignon, in order to serve a grudge borne against him by one du Croisier, an enemy of the King's government. It is a regular topsy-turvey affair. The President, for his part, goes away, and thereby puts a stop to the preliminary examination! And we know nothing of the matter Do they, by any chance, mean

to force our hand?"

'This is the first word I have heard of it, said the Vice President. He was furious with the President for stealing a march on him with the Blandureaus. Chesnel's successor, the du Roncerets man, had just fallen into a snare set by the old judge; the truth was out, he knew the secret.

'It is lucky that we spoke to you about that matter, my dear master, said Camusot, 'or you might have given up all hope of seating your son on the beneh

or of marrying him to Mile. Blandureau

But it is no question of my son, nor of his marriage, said the Vice President; we are talking of young Comte

d'Esgrignon Is he or is he not guilty ?

'It seems that Chesnel deposited the amount to meet the bill with Mme. du Croisier, said Michu, 'and a crime has been made of a mere irregularity. According to the charge, the Count made use of the lower half of a letter bearing du Croisier's signature as a draft which he cashed at the Kellers.

"An imprudent thing to do, was Camusot's comment.
"But why is du Croisier proceeding against him if the

But why is du Croisler proceeding against him if the amount was paid in beforehand? asked Vice President Blondet.

'He does not know that the money was deposited with his wife; or he pretends that he does not know, said Camusot

'It is a piece of provincial spite, said Michu

Still it looks like a forgery to me, said old Blandet. No passion could obscure judicial clear sightedness in him.

Do you think so? returned Camusot. Bury ag the outset, supposing that the Count had no bushess to draw upon du Crossier, there would still be no? forgery of the signature; and the Count believed that he had a right to draw on Crossier when Chesnel advised him that the money had been placed to his credit.

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'It is the intent to defraud which constitutes forgery in a civil action'

'Oh, it is clear, if you take du Croisier's version for truth, that the signature was diverted from its purpose to obtain a sum of money in spite of du Croisier's contrary

injunction to his bankers,' Camusot answered

'Gentlemen,' said Blondet, 'this seems to me to be a mere trifle, a quibble. Suppose you had the money, I ought perhaps to have waited until I had your authorition, but I, Comte d'Esgrignon, was pressed for money, Come, come, your prosecution is a piece of revengeful spite Forgery is defined by the law as an attempt to obtain any advantage which rightfully belongs to another. There is no forgery here, according to the letter of the Roman law, nor according to the spirit of modern jurisprudence (always from the point of view of a civil action, for we are not here concerned with the falsification of public or authentic documents) Between private individuals the essence of a forgery is the intent to defraud, where is it in this case? In what times are we living, gentlemen? Here is the President going away to balk a preliminary examination which ought to be over by this time! Until to-day I did know M le Président, but he shall have the benefit of arrears, from this time forth he shall draft his decisions himself You must set about this affair with all possible speed, M Camusot'

'Yes,' said Michu 'In my opinion, instead of letting the young man out on bail, we ought to pull him out of this mess at once Everything turns on the examination of du Croisier and his wife. You might summons them to appear while the court is sitting, M Camusot, take down their depositions before four o'clock, send in your report to-night, and we will give our decision in the morning before the court sits'

'We will settle what course to pursue while the

barristers are pleading, said Vice President Blondet, addressing Camusot.

And with that the three judges put on their robes and

went into court

At noon Mile. Armande and the Bishop reached the Hôtel d Esgrignon Chesnel and M. Couturer were there to meet them. There was a sufficiently short conference between the prelate and Mme du Crosser's director, and the latter set out at once to visit his

charge.

At eleven o clock that morning du Croisier received a summons to appear in the examining magistrate s office between one and two in the afternoon betook himself, consumed by well founded suspicions. It was impossible that the Prendent should have foreseen the arrival of the Duchesse de Maufrigneuse upon the scene, the return of the public prosecutor, and the hasty confahulation of his learned hrethren; so he had omitted to trace out a plan for du Crosser's guidance in the event of the prelimin ry examination taking place. Neither of the pair imagined that the proceedings would he hurned on in this way Du Croiner obeyed the summons at once he wanted to know how M. Camusot was disposed to act. So he was compelled to answer the questions put to him. Camusot addressed him in summary fashion with the six following inquiries -

'Was the signature on the hill alleged to be a forgery in your handwriting?—Had you previously done business with M. le Comte d Esgrignon?—Was not M le Comte d'Esgrignon in the habit of drawing upon you, with or without advice?—Did you not write a letter authoriung M. d'Esgrignon to rely upon you at any time?—Had not Chennel squared the account not once, but many times already?—Were you not away from

home when this took place?

All these questions the banker answered in the affir mative. In spite of wordy expl nations, the magnituate always brought him back to a 'Yes' or 'No.' When the questions and answers had been alike resumed in the proces-verbal, the examining magistrate brought out a final thunderbolt.

Was du Croisier aware that the money destined to meet the bill had been deposited with him, du Croisier, according to Chesnel's declaration, and a letter of advice sent by the said Chesnel to the Comte d'Esgrignon, five days before the date of the bill?"

That last question frightened du Croisier. He asked what was meant by it, and whether he was supposed to be the defendant and M le Comte d'Esgrignon the plaintiff? He called the magistrate's attention to the fact that if the money had been deposited with him, there was no ground for the action.

'Justice is seeking information,' said the magistrate, as he dismissed the witness, but not before he had taken

down du Croisier's last observation

But the money, sir

'The money is at your house'

Chesnel, likewise summoned, came forward to explain the matter. The truth of his assertions was borne out by Mme du Croisier's deposition. The Count had already been examined Prompted by Chesnel, he produced du Croisier's first letter, in which he begged the Count to draw upon him without the insulting formality of depositing the amount beforehand. The Comte d'Esgriguon next brought out a letter in Chesnel's handwriting, by which the notary advised him of the deposit of a hundred thousand crowns with M. du Crossier. With such primary facts as these to bring here and as evidence, the young Count's innocence was bound to emerge triumphantly from a court of law.

Du Croisier went home from the court, his face white with rage, ind the foam of repressed fury on his hips. His wife was setting by the fireside in the drawingroom at sort upon a pur of slippers for him. She The Jealousies of a Country Town 3-1

trembled when the looked into his face, but her mind was mide up.

"Mil me, he stammered out, "what deposition is this that you made before the manistrate! You have

dishanoured, ruined, and betrayed me ! "

I have saved you, monseur, answered the. If some day you will have the honour of connecting yourelf with the d Estitations by marrying your nicce to the Count, it will be entirely owing to my conduct to-try.

"A mitacle! cried he, "Balaam's ais has spoken, Nothing will astonish me after this. And where are the hundred thousand cruwns which (so M. Camusot

tells me) are bere in my house?

"Here they are, said she, pulling out a bundle of bank notes from beneath the cushions of her settee. "I have not committed mortal sin by declaring that M Chesnel gave them into my keeping."

While I was away !

You were not here.

"Will you swear that to me on your salvation?

11 swear it, she said composedly

Then why did you say nothing to me about it?

'I was wrong there,' said his wife, 'but my mistake was all for your good 't our niece will be Marquise de Eagrigoon some of these days, and you will perhaps be a deputy, if you behave well in this deplorable business. You have gone too far; you must find out how to get back again'

Du Croisier, under stress of painful agitation, strode up and down his drawing room; while his wife, in no less agitation, awaited the result of this exercise. Du

Crossier at length rang the beil.

'I am not at home to any one to-night,' he said, when the man appeared; 'shut the gates; and if any one calls, tell them that your mistress and I have gone into the country. We shall start directly after dinner, and dinner must be half an hour earlier than usual.'

The great news was discussed that evening in every drawing-room, little shopkeepers, working folk, beggars, the noblesse, the merchant class the whole town, in short, was talking of the Comte d'Esgrignon's arrest on a charge of forgery. The Comte d'Esgrignon would be tried in the Assize Court, he would be condemifed and branded. Most of those who cared for the honour of the family denied the fact. At nightfall Chesnel went to Mme Camusot and escorted the stranger to the Hôtel d'Esgrignon. Poor Mile. Armande was expecting him, she led the fair Duchess to her own room, which she had given up to her, for his lordship the Bishop occupied Victurnien's chamber, and, left alone with her guest, the noble woman glanced at the Duchess with most piteous eyes

'You owed help, indeed, madame, to the poor boy who ruined himself for your sake,' she said, 'the boy to

whom we are all of us sacrificing ourselves.'

The Duchess had already made a woman's survey of Mile d'Esgrignon's room, the cold, bare, comfortless chamber, that might have been a nun's cell, was like a picture of the life of the heroic woman before her. The Duchess saw it all past, present, and future with rising emotion, felt the incongruity of her presence, and could not keep back the falling tears that made answer for her

But in Mlle. Armande the Christian overcame Victurnien's aunt. 'Ah, I was wrong, forgive me, Mme. la Duchesse, you did not know how poor we were, and my nephew was incapable of the admission. And besides, now that I see you, I can understand all even the crime!'

And Mlle. Armande, withered and thin and white, but beautiful as those tall austere slender figures

which German art alone can paint, had tears too in her eyes.

'Dn not fear, dear angel,' the Duchess said at last;

he is safe.

'Yes, but honour?-and his career? Chesnel told me; the King knows the truth

We will think of a way of repairing the evil,' said the Duchess.

Mlle. Armande went downstairs to the salon, and found the Collection of Antiquities complete to a man Every one of them had enme, partly to dn hnnnur to the Bishop, partly in rally mund the Marquis; but Chesnel, posted in the antechamber, warned each new arrival to say no word of the affair, that the aged Marquis might never know that such a thing had been Frank was quite capable of killing his son or du Crosser; for either the one or the other must have been guilty of death in his eyes. It chanced, strangely enough, that he talked more of Victurnien than usual hn was glad that his son had gone back to Paris. The King would give Victurnien a place before very long; the King was interesting himself at last in the d Esgrignnis. And his friends, their hearts dead within them, praised Victurnien's conduct in the skies. Mile. Armande prepared the way for her nephew's sudden appearance among them by remarking to her hinther that Vieturnien would be sure to come to see them, and that he must be even then on his way

'Bah!' said the Marquis, standing with his back to the hearth, 'if he is dning well where he is, he ought to stay there, and nnt to be thinking if the yoy it would give his ald father to see him again. The King's

service has the first claim.

Scarcely nne of those present heard the words withnut a shudder Justice might give over a d'Esgagnon to the executioner's branding fron. There was a dreadful pause. The old Marquise de Castéran could not keep back a tear that stole down over her rouge, and turned

her head away to hide it.

Next day at noon, in the sunny weather, a whole excited population was dispersed in groups along the high street, which ran through the heart of the town, and nothing was talked of but the great affair. Was the Count in prison or was he not? All at once the Comte d'Esgrignon's well-known tilbury was seen driving down the Rue Saint-Blaise, it had evidently come from the Prefecture, the Count himself was on the box seat, and by his side sat a charming young man, whom nobody recognised. The pair were laughing and talking and in great spirits. They wore Bengal roses in their button-holes Altogether, it was a theatrical surprise which words fail to describe.

At ten o'clock the court had decided to dismiss the charge, stating their very sufficient reasons for setting the Count at liberty, in a document which contained a thunderbolt for du Croisier, in the shape of an *inasmuch* that gave the Count the right to institute proceedings for libel. Old Chesnel was walking up the Grande Rue, as if by accident, telling all who cared to hear him that du Croisier had set the most shameful snares for the d'Esgrignons' honour, and that it was entirely owing to the forbearance and magnanimity of the family that he was not prosecuted for slander.

On the evening of that famous day, after the Marquis d'Esgrignon had gone to bed, the Count, Mlle. Armande, and the Chevalier were left with the handsome young page, now about to return to Paris The charming cavalier's sex could not be hidden from the Chevalier, and he alone, besides the three officials and Mme. Camusot, knew that the Duchess had been

among them.

'The House is saved,' began Chesnel, 'but after this shock it will take a hundred years to rise again. The debts must be paid now, you must marry an heiress,

do.' And take her where you may find her,' said the

Duchess

'A second mésalliance l'exclaimed Mile. Armande.

The Duchess began to laugh.

'It is better to marry than to die,' said she. As she spoke she drew from her waistcoat pocket a tiny crystal phial that came from the court apothecary

Mile. Armande shrank away in horror Old Chesnel took the fair Maufrigneuse's hand, and kissed it without

permission.

'Are you all out of your minds here?' continued the Duchess. 'Do you really expect to live in the fifteenth century when the rest of the world has reached the nineteenth? My dear children, there is no nohlesse nowadays; there is no aristocracy left! Napoleons Code Civil made an end of the parchments, exactly as cannon made an end of feedal castles. When you have some money, you will be very much more of no less than you are now Marry anybody you please, Vieturnien, you will raise your wrife to your rank; that is the most substantial privilege left to the French nohlesse. Did not M de Talleyrand marry Mme Grandt without compromising his position? Remember that Louis XIV took the Widow Scarron for his wife.

'He dld not marry her for her money,' interposed

Mile. Armande.

'If the Comtesse d Esgrignon were one du Croisier's niece, for instance, would you receive her? asked Chesnel

'Perhaps,' replied the Duchess; 'but the King, beyond all doubt, would be very glad to see her—So you do not know what is going on in the world! continued she, seeing the amovement in their faces. 'Victuration has been in Paris; he know how things go there. We had more influence under Napoleon. Marry Mile.

Duval, Victurnien, she will be just as much Marquise d'Esgrignon as I am Duchesse de Maufrigneuse.',

'All is lost even honour!' said the Chevalier, with

a wave of the hand.

'Good-bye, Victurnien,' said the Duchess, kissing her lover on the forehead, 'we shall not see each other again. Live on your lands, that is the best thing for you to do; the air of Paris is not at all good for you.'

'Diane ' ' the young Count cried despairingly.

'Monsieur, you forget yourself strangely,' the Duchess retorted coolly, as she laid aside her rôle of man and mistress, and became not merely an angel again, but a duchess, and not only a duchess, but Molière's Célimène

The Duchesse de Maufrigneuse made a stately bow to these four personages, and drew from the Chevalier his last tear of admiration at the service of le beau sexe.

'How like she is to the Princess Goritza!' he

exclaimed in a low voice

Diane had disappeared. The crack of the postillion's whip told Victurnien that the fair romance of his first love was over. While the peril lasted, Diane could still see her lover in the young Count; but out of danger, she despised him for the weakling that he was.

Six months afterwards, Camusot received the appointment of assistant judge at Paris, and later he became an examining magistrate Goodman Blondet was made a councillor to the Court-Royal, he held the post just long enough to secure a retiring pension, and then went back to live in his pretty little house. Joseph Blondet sat in his father's seat at the court till the end of his days; there was not the faintest chance of promotion for him, but he became Mlle Blandureau's husband; and she, no doubt, is leading to-day, in the little flower-covered brick house, as dull a life as any carp in a marble basin. Michu and Camusot also received the

Cross of the Legion of Hooour, while Blondet hecame an Officer As for M. Sauvager, deputy public prosecutor, he was sent to Corsica to du Croisier's great relief; he had decidedly no mind to hestow his niece

upon that functionary

Du Croisier himself, urged by President du Ronceret, appealed from the finding of the Trihunal to the Court Royal, and lost his cause. The Liberals throughout the department held that little d'Esgrignon was guilty while the Royalists, on the other hand, told frightful stories of plots woven by that abominable du Croisier to compass his revenge. A duel was fought indeed; the harred of arms favoured du Croisier, the young Count was dangerously wounded, and his antagonist maintained his words. This affair embittered the strife between the two parties; the Liberals brought it forward on all occasions. Meanwhile du Croisier oever could carry his election, and saw no hope of marrying his niece to the Count, especially after the duel.

A mooth after the decision of the Trihunal was confirmed to the Court Royal, Chesnel died, exhausted by the dreadful strain, which had weakened and shaken him mentally and physically He died in the hour of victory, like some old faithful hound that has brought the boar to bay, and gets his death on the tusks died as happily as might be, seeing that he left the great House all but ruined, and the beir in penury, bored to death hy an idle life, and without a hope of establishing himself That bitter thought and his own exhaustion, no doubt, hastened the old man a end One great comfort came to him as he lay amid the wreck of so many hopes, sinking under the hurden of so many cares-the old Marquis at his sister's entreaty, gave bim back all the old friendship. The great lord came to the little house in the Rue du Bercail, and sat by his old servant's bedside, all unaware how much that servant had done and sacrificed for him. Chesnel sat upright, and repeated Simeon's cry. The Marquis allowed them to bury Chesnel in the castle chapel; they laid him cross-wise at the foot of the tomb which was waiting for the Marquis himself, the last, in a sense, of the d'Esgrignons.

And so died one of the last representatives of that great and beautiful thing, Service, giving to that often discredited word its original meaning, the relation between feudal lord and servitor. That relation, only to be found in some out-of-the-way province, or among a few old servants of the King, did honour alike to a noblesse that could call forth such affection, and to a bourgeoisie that could conceive it. Such noble and magnificent devotion is no longer possible among us. Noble houses have no servitors left; even as France has no longer a King, nor an hereditary peerage, nor lands that are bound irrevocably to an historic house, that the glorious names of a nation may be perpetuated. Chesnel was not merely one of the obscure great men of private life, he was something more he was a great fact. In his sustained self-devotion is there not something indefinably solemn and sublime, something that rises above the one beneficent deed, or the heroic height which is reached by a moment's supreme effort? Chesnel's virtues belong essentially to the classes which stand between the poverty of the people on the one hand, and the greatness of the aristocracy on the other; for these can combine homely burgher virtues with the heroic ideals of the noble, enlightening both by a solid education.

Victurnien was not well looked upon at Court; there was no more chance of a great match for him, nor a place His Majesty steadily refused to raise the d'Esgrignons to the peerage, the one royal favour which could rescue Victurnien from his wretched position was impossible that he should marry a bourgeoise heiress in his father's lifetime, so he was bound to live on shabbily under the paternal roof with memories of his

wo years of splendour in Paris, and the lost love of a great lady to bear him company He grew moody and depressed vegetating at home with a careworn aunt and a half broken hearted father, who attributed his son s condition to a wasting malady Chesnel was no longer there.

The Marquis died in 1830 The great d'Esgrignon, with a following of all the less infirm noblesse from the Concettion of Antiquities, went to wait upon Charles x. at Nonancourt; he paid his respects to his sovereign, and swelled the meagro train of the fallen king. It was an act of courago which seems simple enough to-day, but, in that time of enthusiastic revolt, it was herousm.

'The Gaul has conquered! These were the

Marquis s last words.

By that time du Croisier's victory was complete The new Marquis d Esgrignon accepted Mile. Duval as his wife a week after his old father's death His bride brought him three millions of francs, for du Croisier and his wife settled the reversion of their fortunes upon her in the marriage contract. Du Crossier took occasion to say during the ceremony that the d Esgrignon family was the most honourable of all the ancient houses in France

Some day the present Marquis d'Esgrignon will have an income of more than a hundred thousand crowns. You may see him in Paris, for he comes to town every winter and leads a jolly backelor life, while he treats his wife with something more than the indifference of the grand seigneur of olden times; he takes no thought

whatever for her

'As for Mile. d Esgrignon, said Emile Blondet, to whom all the detail of the story is due, 'if she is no longer like the divinely fair woman whom I saw by glimpses in my childhood, she is decidedly, at the age of sixty-seven, the most pathetic and interesting figure in the Collection of Antiquities She queens it among

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them still I saw her when I made my last journey to my native place in search of the necessary papers for my marriage. When my father knew who it was that I had married, he was struck dumb with amazement; he had not a word to say until I told him that I was a prefect.'

"" You were born to it," he said, with a smile.
As I took a walk round the town, I met Mlle. Armande She looked taller than ever. I looked at her, and thought of Marius among the ruins of Carthage Had she not outlived her creed, and the beliefs that had been destroyed? She is a sad and silent woman, with nothing of her old beauty left except the eyes, that shine with an unearthly light. I watched her on her way to mass, with her book in her hand, and could not help thinking that she prayed to God to take her out of the world?

LES JARDIES, July 1837

